

# VRV IV S-series heat pump

## The most compact VRV

Most compact unit on the market  
823mm high & 94kg



Control systems



Indoor units

VRV type indoor units  
Residential type indoor units  
(such as Daikin Emura)



Air curtain

Biddle Air curtain for VRV (CYV)



Ventilation

Heat Reclaim ventilation  
(VAM/VKM) AHU  
connection kit



RXYSQ4, 5TV1

RXYSQ4, 5, 6TV1/TY1

RXYSQ8, 10, 12TY1



### VRV IV standards:

### Variable refrigerant temperature

Customize your VRV for best seasonal efficiency & comfort

### VRV configurator

Software for simplified commissioning, configuration and customisation

- > Refrigerant containment check
- > Night quiet mode
- > Low noise function
- > Connectable to stylish indoor units (Daikin Emura, Nexura)
- > Full inverter compressors
- > Gas cooled PCB (not available on RXYSQ4,5,6,8TY1)
- > Reluctance brushless DC compressor
- > Sine wave DC inverter
- > DC fan motor
- > E-pass heat exchanger
- > I demand function
- > Manual demand function

For detailed explanation of these functions refer to vrv iv technologies tab

## Widest range of front blow units on the market



## Lowest height on the market

### Ideal for roof installations

> The low height mini VRV can be hidden in many places where a twin fan unit cannot due to its low height.

### Ideal to install below a window on a Balcony

> Daikin VRV IV S-series compact can be installed discretely on a balcony thanks to its compact dimensions, offering you air conditioning while being almost unnoticeable.



Unnoticeable for parapet installation

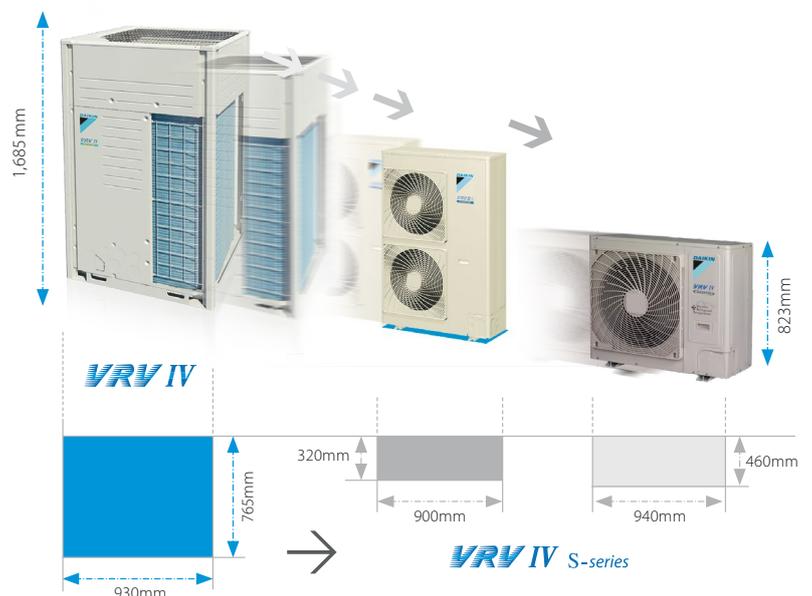


Low height make the unit invisible from inside and unnoticeable from the outside



## Space saving design

The VRV S-series is slimmer and more compact, resulting in significant savings in installation space.



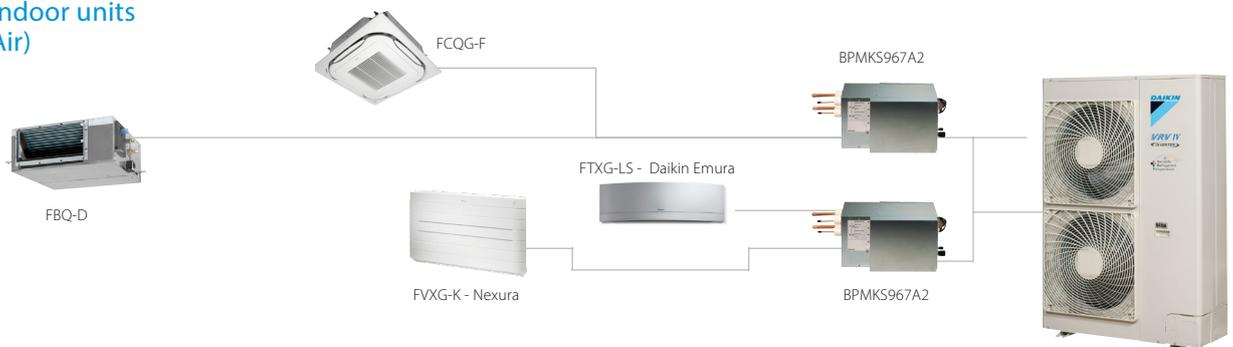


## Wide range of indoor units

Connect VRV units...



... or stylish indoor units (RA and Sky Air)



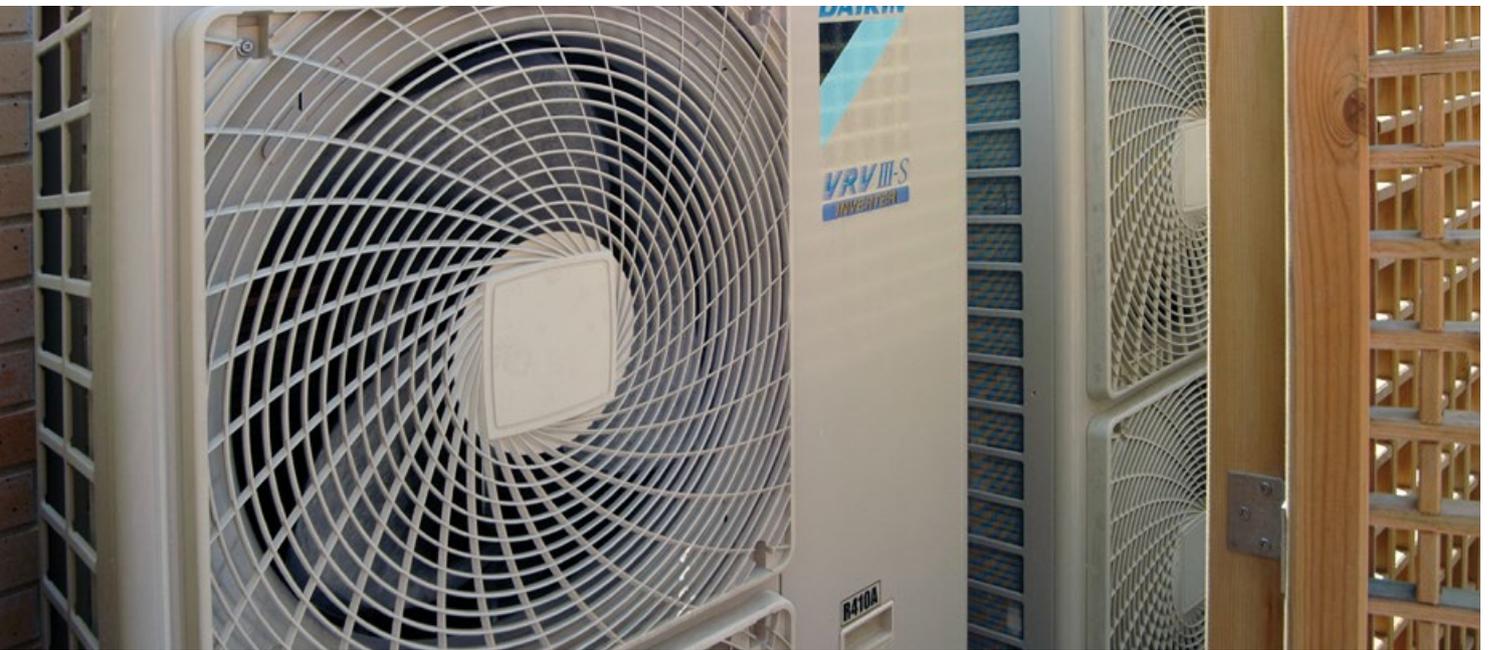
## Connectable stylish indoor units

		15 CLASS	20 CLASS	25 CLASS	35 CLASS	42 CLASS	50 CLASS	60 CLASS	71 CLASS
Round flow cassette	FCQG-F				●		●	●	●
Fully flat cassette	FFQ-C			●	●		●	●	
Slim concealed ceiling unit	FDXM-F3			●	●		●	●	
Concealed ceiling unit with inverter driven fan	FBQ-D			●	●			●	
Daikin Emura - Wall mounted unit	FTXG-LW/LS		●	●	●		●		
Wall mounted unit	CTXS-K	●			●				
Wall mounted unit	FTXS-K		●	●	●	●	●		
Wall mounted unit	FTXS-G							●	●
Ceiling suspended unit	FHQ-CB				●		●		
Nexura - Floor standing unit	FVXG-K			●	●		●		
Floor standing unit	FVXS-F			●	●		●		
Concealed floorstanding unit	FNQ-A			●	●		●	●	
Flexi type unit	FLXS-B(9)			●	●		●	●	

For more info about Daikins stylish indoor units, please check our indoor unit-portfolio

\* VRV indoor units and stylish indoor units cannot be combined.

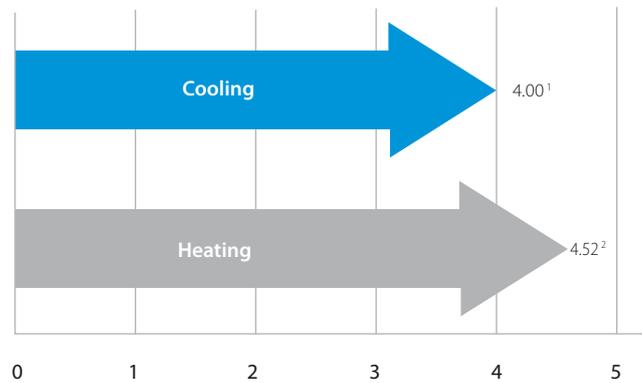
\* To connect stylish indoor units a BPMKS unit is needed



## High COP values

A major feature of VRV IV S-series is its exceptional energy efficiency. The system achieves high COPs during both cooling and heating operation by the use of refined components and functions.

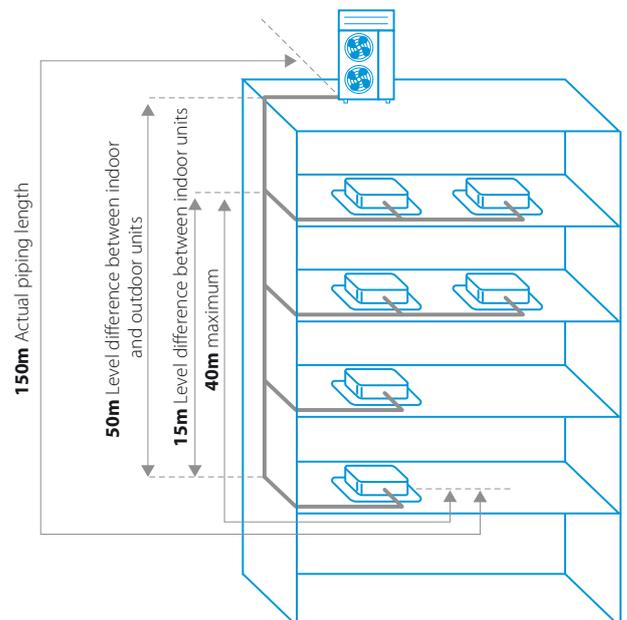
- <sup>1</sup> Nominal cooling capacities are based on: indoor temperature: 27°CDB, 19°CWB, outdoor temperature: 35°C, equivalent refrigerant piping: 5m, level difference: 0m.
- <sup>2</sup> Nominal heating capacities are based on: indoor temperature: 20°CDB, outdoor temperature: 7°CDB, 6°CWB, equivalent refrigerant piping: 5m, level difference: 0m



## Flexible piping design

	VRV indoors connected	Stylish indoors connected
Total piping length	300m	140m
Longest length actual	120m (4-8HP)/ 150m (10-12HP)	
Minimum length between outdoor unit and first branch	-	5m
Minimum piping length between BP and indoor unit	-	2m
Maximum piping length between BP and indoor unit	-	15m
Longest length after first branch	40m	40m
Level difference between indoor and outdoor units	50m (40m <sup>1</sup> )	30m
Level difference between indoor units	15m	15m

<sup>1</sup> Outdoor unit in lowest position



# VRV IV S-series

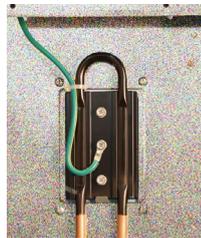
## technologies

### Super aero grille

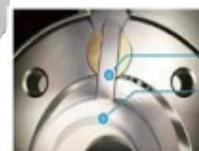
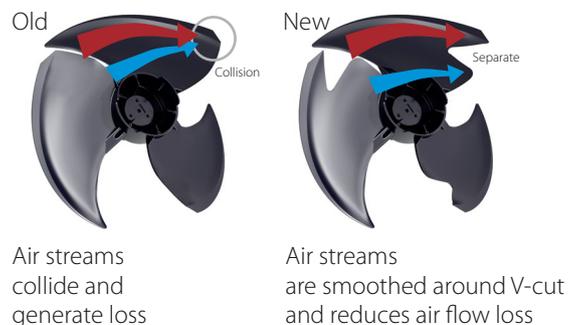
The spiral shaped ribs are aligned with the direction of discharge flow in order to minimise turbulence and reduce noise.

### Refrigerant-cooled PCB

- › Reliable cooling because it is not influenced by ambient air temperature
- › Smaller switchbox for smoother air flow through the heat exchanger increasing heat exchange efficiency with 5%



### Improved fan blades



Vane fixed to rotor  
Rotor

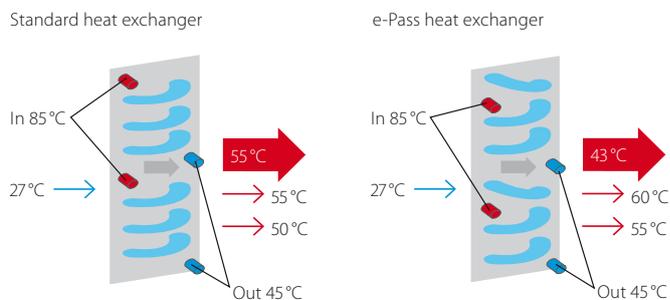
### Compressor

Swing type > **no oil separator**  
Vane & rotor are unified resulting in:

- › Reduced noise level
- › Longer compressor life
- › Higher efficiency thanks to the absence of internal refrigerant leakage between high and low pressure side

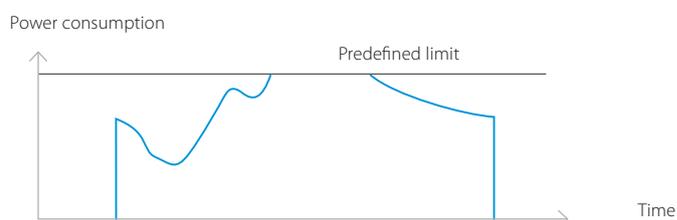
### E-Pass heat exchanger

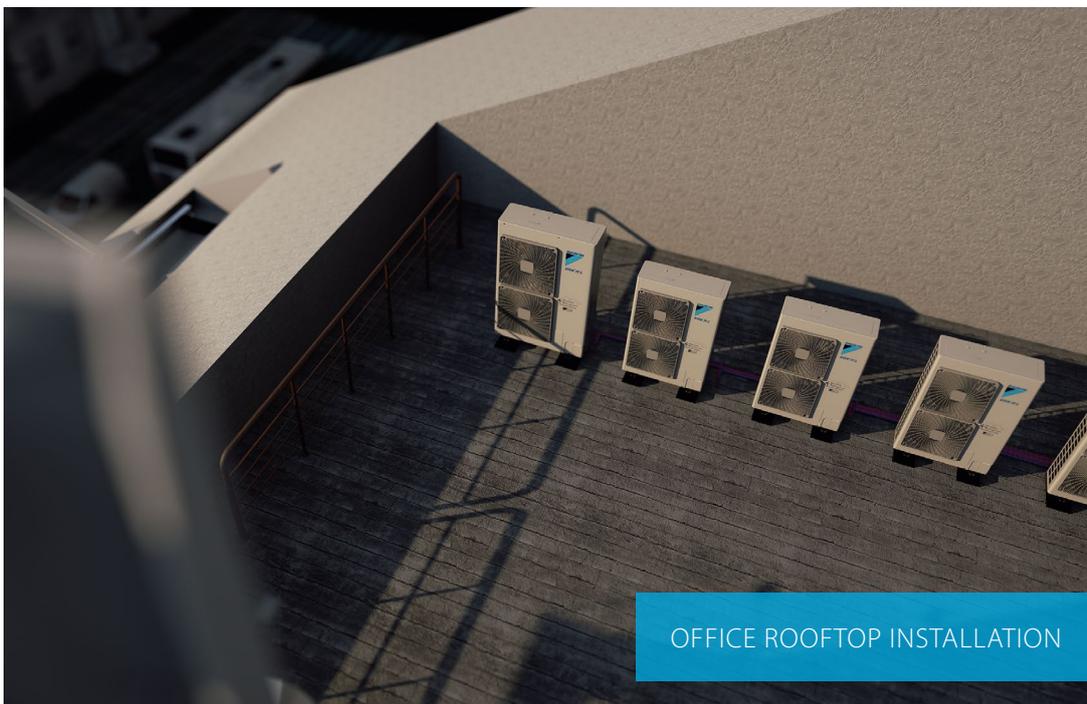
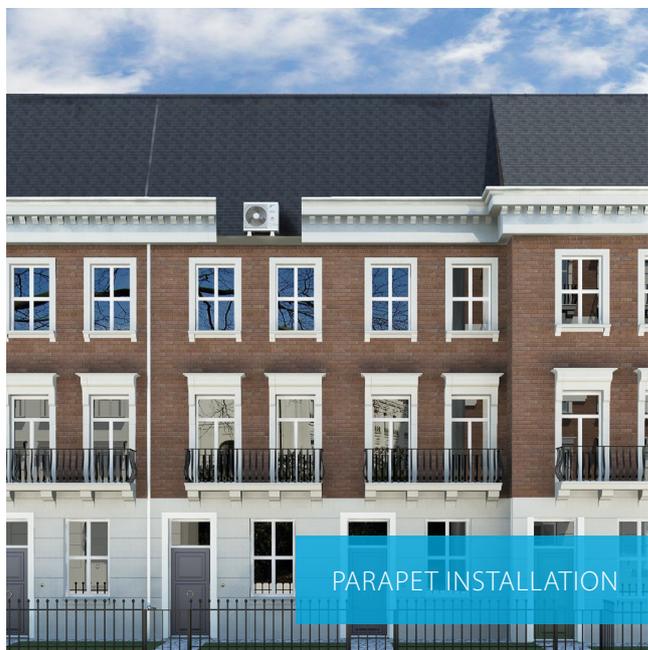
Optimising the heat exchanger's path layout prevents heat being transferred from the overheated gas section to the sub-cooled liquid section which is a more efficient way to use the heat exchanger.



### I-demand function

Limit maximum power consumption. The newly introduced current sensor minimizes the difference between the actual power consumption and the predefined power consumption.





# VRV IV S-series compact heat pump

## The most compact VRV

- › Compact & lightweight single fan design makes the unit almost unnoticeable
- › Covers all thermal needs of a building via a single point of contact: accurate temperature control, ventilation, air handling units and Biddle air cutains
- › Wide range of indoor units: either connect VRV or stylish indoor units such as Daikin Emura, Nexura ...
- › Incorporates VRV IV standards & technologies: Variable Refrigerant Temperature, VRV configurator and full inverter compressors, refrigerant cooled PCB, new DC fan motor
- › Possibility to limit peak power consumption between 30 and 80%, for example during periods with high power demand
- › Contains all standard VRV features



RXYSCQ-TV1

Outdoor unit				RXYSCQ	4TV1	5TV1
Capacity range				HP	4	5
Cooling capacity	Nom.	35°CDB		kW	12.1	14.0
	Max.	6°CWB		kW	14.2	16.0
Heating capacity	Nom.	6°CWB		kW	12.1	14.0
	Max.	6°CWB		kW	14.2	16.0
Power input - 50Hz	Cooling	Nom.	35°CDB	kW	3.43	4.26
	Heating	Nom.	6°CWB	kW	3.18	3.19
		Max.	6°CWB	kW	4.14	5.00
COP at nom. capacity	6°CWB			kW/kW	3.81	3.58
COP at max. capacity	6°CWB			kW/kW	3.43	3.20
ESEER - Automatic					6.93	6.57
Maximum number of connectable indoor units					64	
Indoor index connection	Min.				50	62.5
	Nom.					-
	Max.				130	162.5
Dimensions	Unit	HeightxWidthxDepth		mm	823x940x460	
Weight	Unit			kg	94	
Fan	Air flow rate	Cooling	Nom.	m <sup>3</sup> /min	91	
Sound power level	Cooling	Nom.		dB(A)	68	69
Sound pressure level	Cooling	Nom.		dB(A)	51	52
Operation range	Cooling	Min.~Max.		°CDB	-5~46	
	Heating	Min.~Max.		°CWB	-20~15.5	
Refrigerant	Type				R-410A	
	GWP				2,087.5	
	Charge			TCO <sub>2</sub> eq	7.7	3.7
Piping connections	Liquid	OD		mm	9.52	
	Gas	OD		mm	15.9	
Power supply	Phase/Frequency/Voltage			Hz/V	1~/50/220-240	
Current - 50Hz	Maximum fuse amps (MFA)			A	32	

(1) Actual number of units depends on the indoor unit type (VRV DX indoor, RA DX indoor, etc.) and the connection ratio restriction for the system (being; 50% ≤ CR ≤ 130%).

# VRV IV S-series heat pump

Space saving solution without compromising on efficiency

- › Space saving trunk design for flexible installation
- › Covers all thermal needs of a building via a single point of contact: accurate temperature control, ventilation, air handling units and Biddle air curtains
- › Wide range of indoor units: either connect VRV or stylish indoor units such as Daikin Emura, Nexura ...
- › Incorporates VRV IV standards & technologies: Variable Refrigerant Temperature and full inverter compressors
- › Possibility to limit peak power consumption between 30 and 80%, for example during periods with high power demand
- › Contains all standard VRV features



RXYSQ4-6TV1\_TY1

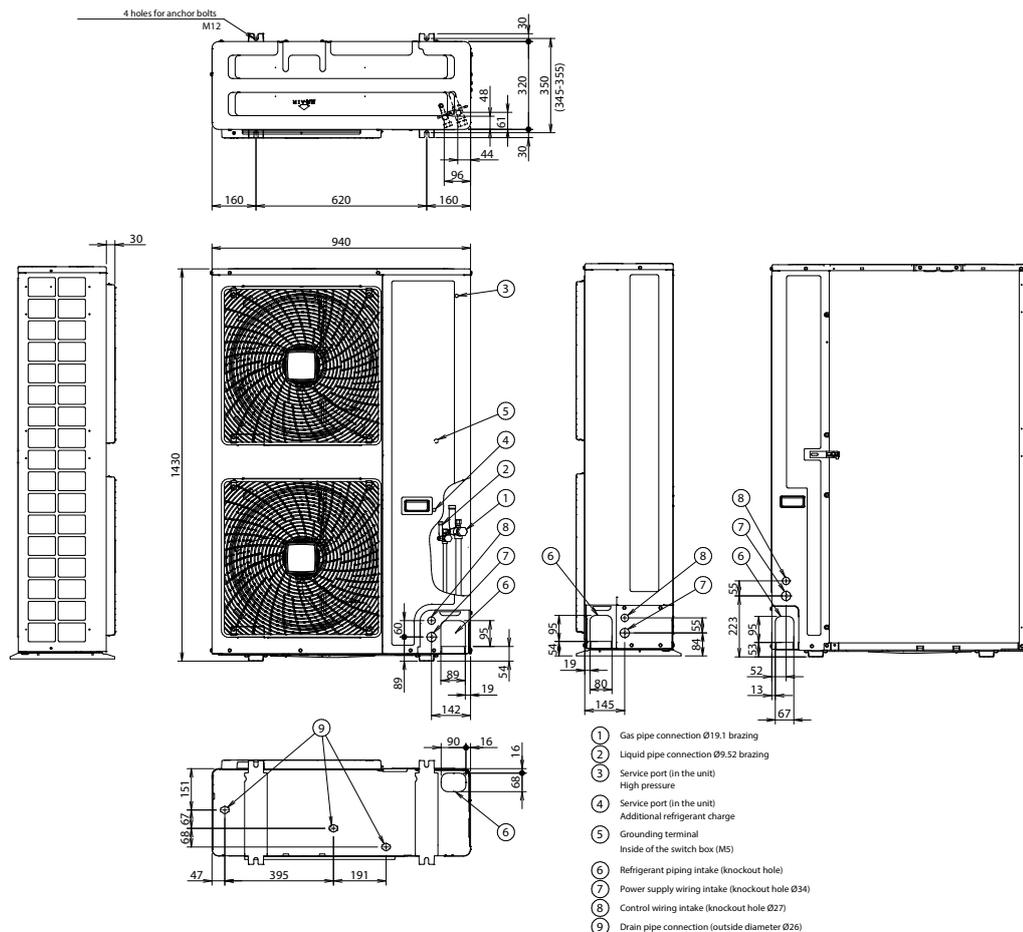
Outdoor unit				RXYSQ-TV1/RXYSQ-TY1	4TV1	5TV1	6TV1	4TY1	5TY1	6TY1	8TY1	10TY1	12TY1	
Capacity range			HP		4	5	6	4	5	6	8	10	12	
Cooling capacity	Nom.	35°CDB	kW		12.1	14.0	15.5	12.1	14.0	15.5	-			
		Eurovent	kW		-						22.4	28.0	33.5	
Heating capacity	Nom.	6°CWB	kW		12.1	14.0	15.5	12.1	14.0	15.5	22.4	28.0	33.5	
		Max.	6°CWB	kW		14.2	16.0	18.0	14.2	16.0	18.0	25.0	31.5	37.5
Power input - 50Hz	Cooling	Nom.	35°CDB	kW		3.03	3.73	4.56	3.03	3.73	4.56	-		
			Eurovent	kW		-						6.12	8.24	10.2
	Heating	Nom.	6°CWB	kW		2.68	3.27	3.97	2.68	3.27	3.97	5.20	6.60	8.19
			Max.	6°CWB	kW		3.43	4.09	5.25	3.43	4.09	5.25	6.22	8.33
EER at nom. capacity	Eurovent		kW/kW		-						3.66	3.40	3.30	
COP at nom. capacity	6°CWB		kW/kW		4.52	4.28	3.90	4.52	4.28	3.90	4.31	4.24	4.09	
COP at max. capacity	6°CWB		kW/kW		4.14	3.91	3.43	4.14	3.91	3.43	4.02	3.78	3.66	
ESEER - Automatic					7.89	7.49	6.73	7.89	7.49	6.73	6.72	6.41	6.18	
Maximum number of connectable indoor units					64 (1)									
Indoor index connection	Min.				50	62.5	70	50	62.5	70	100	125	150	
	Nom.				-									
	Max.				130	162.5	182	130	162.5	182	260	325	390	
Dimensions	Unit	HeightxWidthxDepth	mm		1,345x900x320						1,430x940x320		1,615x940x460	
Weight	Unit		kg		104						144	175	180	
Fan	Air flow rate	Cooling	Nom.	m <sup>3</sup> /min	106						140	182		
Sound power level	Cooling	Nom.		dBA	68	69	70	68	69	70	73	74	76	
Sound pressure level	Cooling	Nom.		dBA	50	51		50	51		55			
Operation range	Cooling	Min.~Max.		°CDB	-5~46						-5~52			
	Heating	Min.~Max.		°CWB	-20~15.5									
Refrigerant	Type				R-410A									
	GWP				2,087.5									
	Charge		TCO <sub>2eq</sub>	kg	7.5						9.4	14.6	16.7	
Piping connections	Liquid	OD		mm	9.52						5.5	7	8	
		Gas	OD	mm	15.9	19.1		15.9		19.1		22.2	25.4	
	Total piping length	System	Actual	m	300						-			
						1N~/50/220-240						3N~/50/380-415		
Power supply	Phase/Frequency/Voltage		Hz/V	1N~/50/220-240						3N~/50/380-415				
Current - 50Hz	Maximum fuse amps (MFA)		A	32						16	25	32		

(1) Actual number of units depends on the indoor unit type (VRV DX indoor, RA DX indoor, etc.) and the connection ratio restriction for the system (being; 50% ≤ CR ≤ 130%).



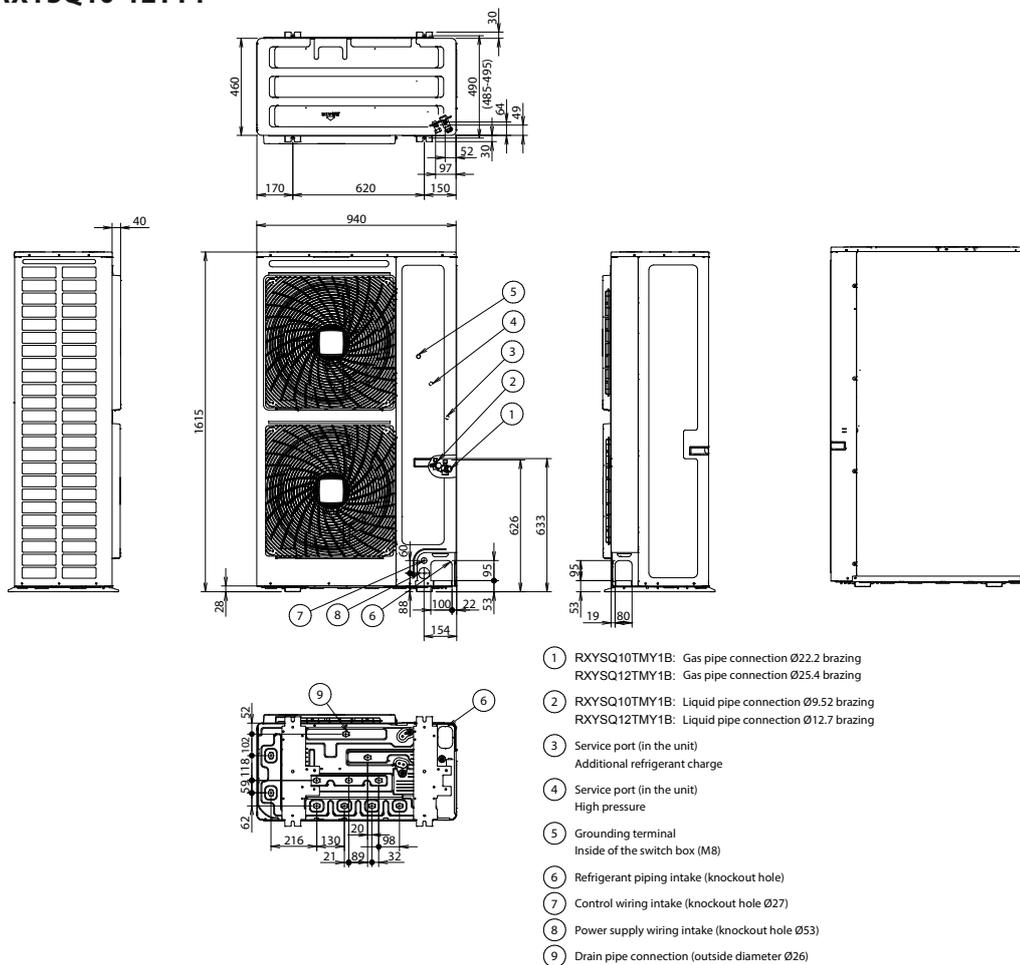


### RXYSQ-TY1



3D098108

### RXYSQ10-12TY1



3D098109

**RXYSCQ-TV1**

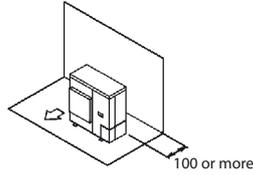
**Required instalation space**

The unit of values is mm.

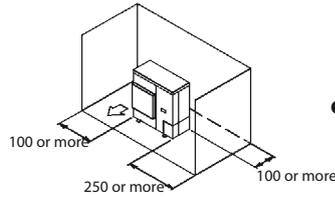
**(A) When there are obstacles on suction sides**

● **No obstacle above**

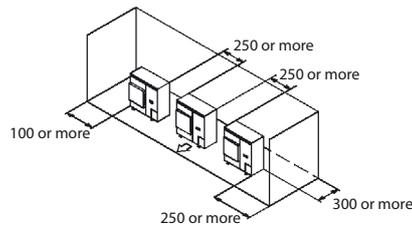
- ① Stand-alone installation
  - Obstacle on the suction side only



- Obstacle on both sides

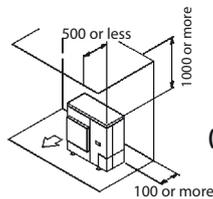


- ② Series installation (2 or more)
  - Obstacle on both sides

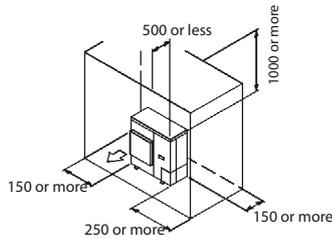


- **Obstacle above, too**

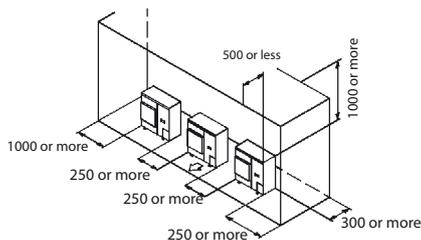
- ① Stand-alone installation
  - Obstacle on the suction side, too



- Obstacle on the suction side, and both sides



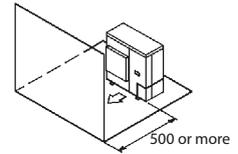
- ② Series installation (2 or more)
  - Obstacle on the suction side, and both sides



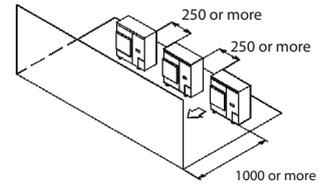
**(B) When there are obstacles on discharge sides.**

- **No obstacle above**

- ① Stand-alone installation

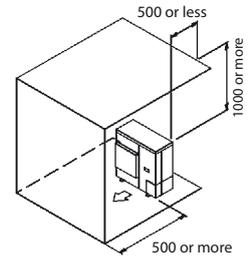


- ② Series installation (2 or more)

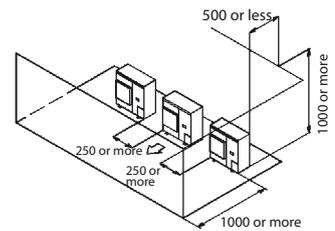


- **Obstacle above, too**

- ① Stand-alone installation



- ② Series installation (2 or more)



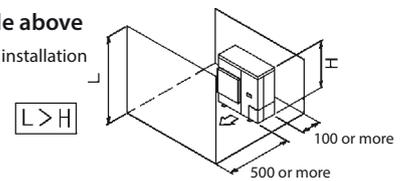
**(C) When there are obstacles on both suction and discharge sides.**

**Pattern 1**

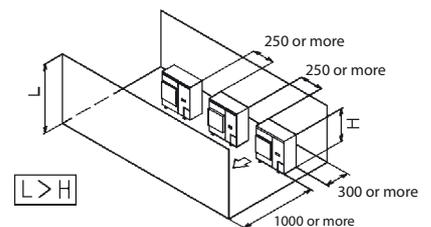
When the obstacles on the discharge side is higher than the unit.  
(There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side.)

- **No obstacle above**

- ① Stand-alone installation



- ② Series installation (2 or more)



3D089310A



## RXYSQ-TV1

### ● Obstacle above, too

#### ① Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	750
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1000
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

#### ② Series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

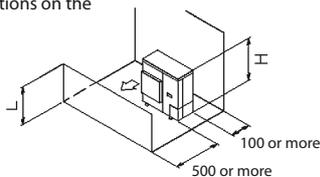
	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	1000
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1250
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

Only two units can be installed for this series.

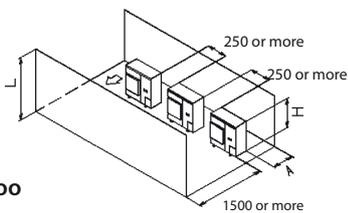
#### Pattern 2

When the obstacle on the discharge side is lower than the unit:  
(There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side.)



### ● No obstacle above

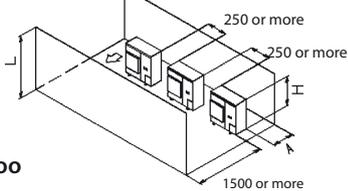
#### ① Stand-alone installation $L > H$



#### ② Series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L > H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300



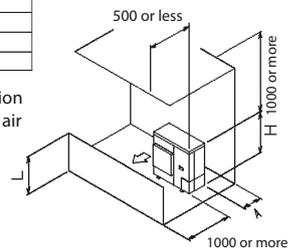
### ● Obstacle above, too

#### ① Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	100
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	200
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.



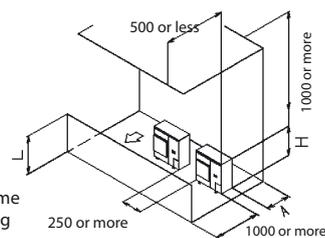
#### ② Series installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

Only two units can be installed for this series.

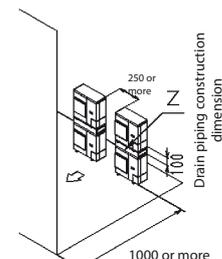


### (D) Double-decker installation

#### ① Obstacle on the discharge side

Close the gap Z (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

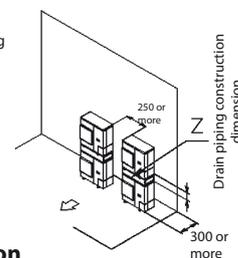
Don't stack more than two units.



#### ② Obstacle on the suction side

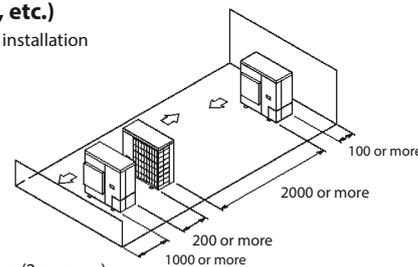
Close the gap Z (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

Don't stack more than two units.



### (E) Multiple rows of series installation (on the rooftop, etc.)

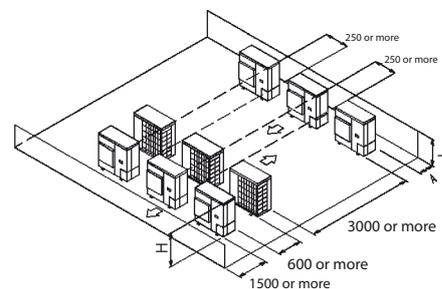
#### ① One row of Stand-alone installation



#### ② Rows of series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Can not be installed	



**RXYSQ-TV1 // RXYSQ4-6TY1**

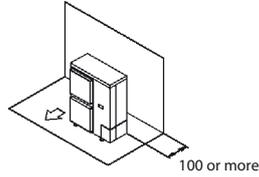
**Required installation space**

The unit of values is mm.

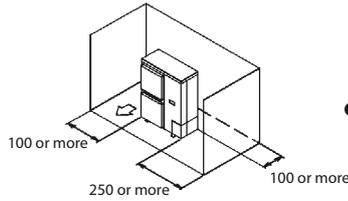
**(A) When there are obstacles on suction sides**

● No obstacle above

- ① Stand-alone installation
  - Obstacle on the suction side only

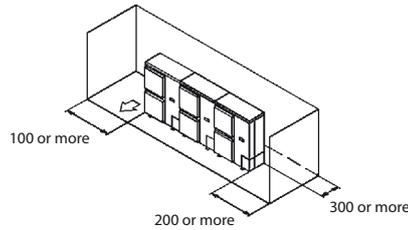


● Obstacle on both sides



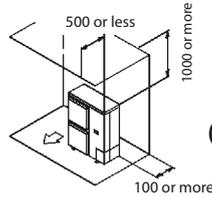
- ② Series installation (2 or more)

● Obstacle on both sides

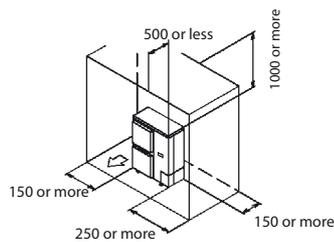


● Obstacle above, too

- ① Stand-alone installation
  - Obstacle on the suction side, too

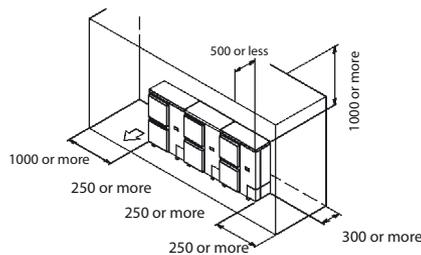


● Obstacle on the suction side, and both sides



- ② Series installation (2 or more)

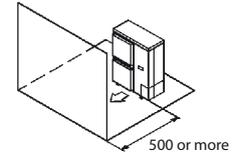
● Obstacle on the suction side, and both sides



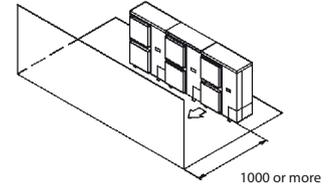
**(B) When there are obstacles on discharge sides.**

● No obstacle above

- ① Stand-alone installation

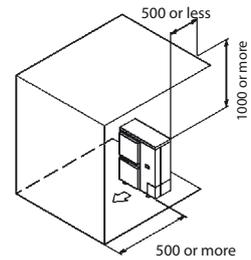


- ② Series installation (2 or more)

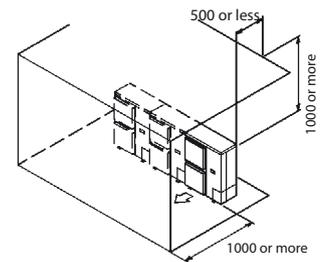


● Obstacle above, too

- ① Stand-alone installation



- ② Series installation (2 or more)



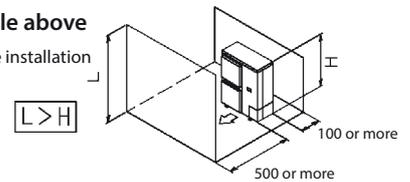
**(C) When there are obstacles on both suction and discharge sides.**

Pattern 1

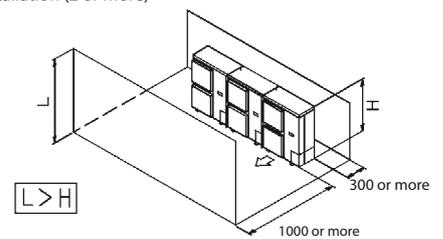
When the obstacles on the discharge side is higher than the unit.  
(There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side.)

● No obstacle above

- ① Stand-alone installation



- ② Series installation (2 or more)



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## RXYSQ-TV1 // RXYSQ4-6TY1

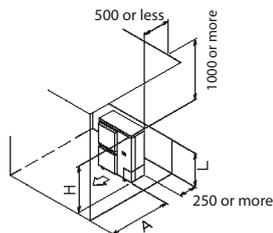
### ● Obstacle above, too

#### ① Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	750
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1000
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

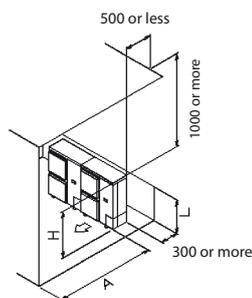


#### ② Series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

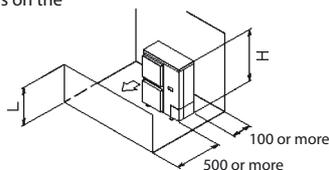
	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	1000
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1250
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Only two units can be installed for this series.



Pattern 2

When the obstacle on the discharge side is lower than the unit: (There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side.)



### ● No obstacle above

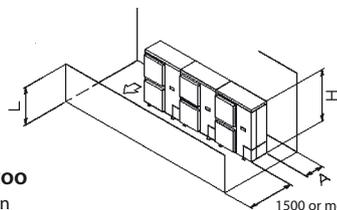
#### ① Stand-alone installation

$L \leq H$

#### ② Series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300



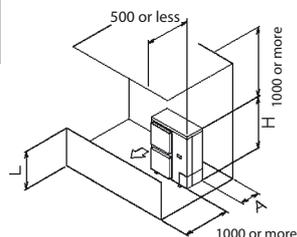
### ● Obstacle above, too

#### ① Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	100
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	200
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

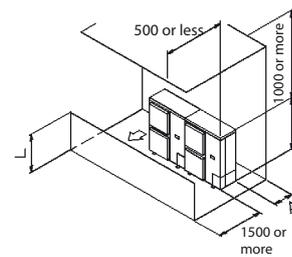


### ② Series installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

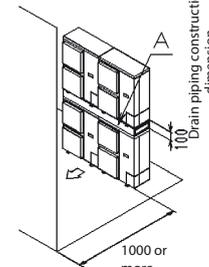
Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Only two units can be installed for this series.



### (D) Double-decker installation

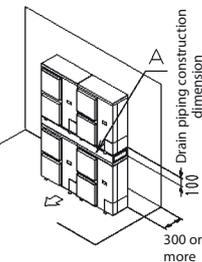
#### ① Obstacle on the discharge side

Close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Do not stack more than two units.



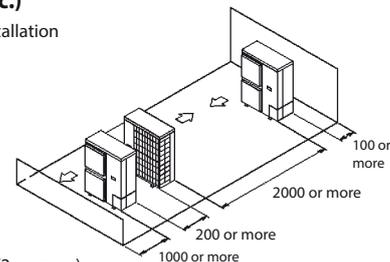
#### ② Obstacle on the suction side

Close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Do not stack more than two units.



### (E) Multiple rows of series installation (on the rooftop, etc.)

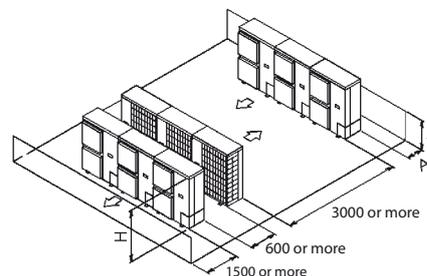
#### ① One row of Stand-alone installation



#### ② Rows of series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Can not be installed	



**RXYSQ-8TY1**

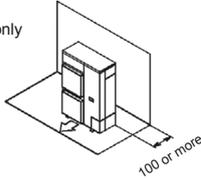
**Required installation space**

The unit of these values is mm.

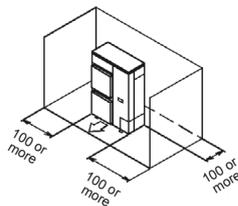
1. Where there is an obstacle on the suction side:

(a) No obstacle above

- (1) Stand-alone installation
- Obstacle on the suction side only

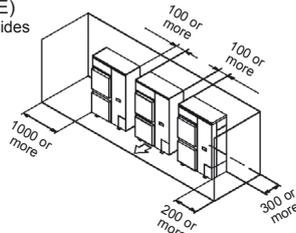


- Obstacle on both sides



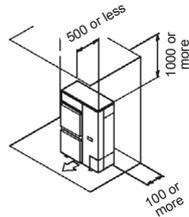
(2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

- Obstacle on both sides

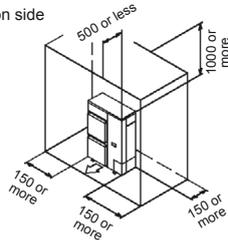


(b) Obstacle above, too

- (1) Stand-alone installation
- Obstacle on the suction side, too

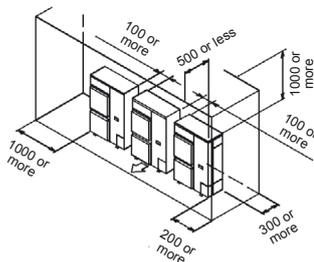


- Obstacle on the suction side and both sides



(2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

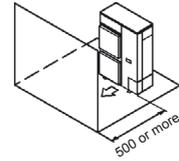
- Obstacle on the suction side and both sides



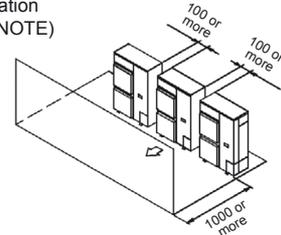
2. Where there is an obstacle on the discharge side:

(a) No obstacle above

- (1) Stand-alone installation

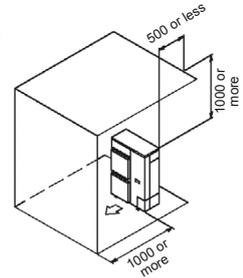


- (2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

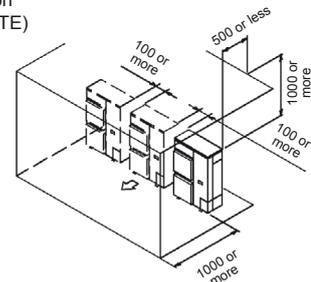


(b) Obstacle above, too

- (1) Stand-alone installation



- (2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)



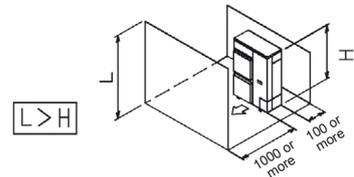
3. Where there are obstacles on both suction and discharge sides:

**Pattern 1**

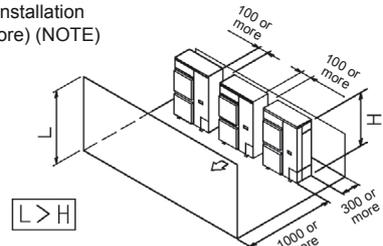
Where the obstacle on the discharge side is higher than the unit: (There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side)

(a) No obstacle above

- (1) Stand-alone installation



- (2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)



**NOTE**

When install the units in a line, have to leave the distance over 100 mm between the two units.



## RXYSQ-8TY1

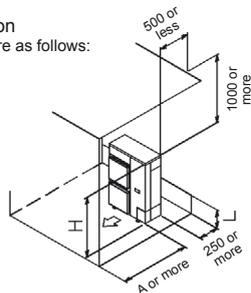
### (b) Obstacle above, too

#### (1) Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	1000
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1250
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

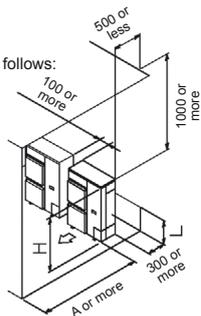


#### (2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	1000
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1250
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Only two units can be installed for this series.



### Pattern 2

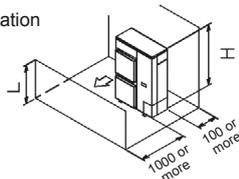
Where the obstacle on the discharge side is lower than the unit:

(There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side)

#### (a) No obstacle above

##### (1) Stand-alone installation

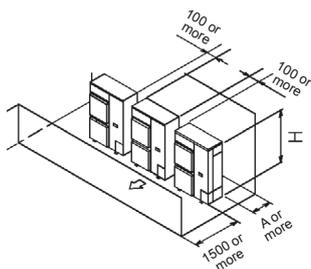
$$L \leq H$$



##### (2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300



### (b) Obstacle above, too

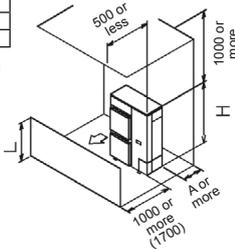
#### (1) Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	100
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	200
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

If the distance exceeds the figure in the ( ), then it's no need to set the stand.



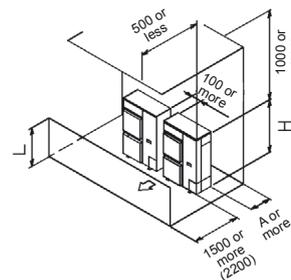
### (2) Series installation (NOTE)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Only two units can be installed for this series.

If the distance exceeds the figure in the ( ), then it's no need to set the stand.



### 4. Double-decker installation

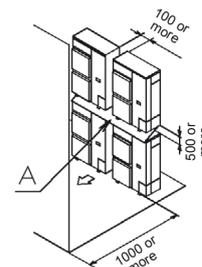
#### (a) Obstacle on the discharge side (NOTE)

Close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed:

Do not stack more than two units.

Set the board (field supply) as the detail A between two units to prevent the drainage from freezing.

Leave the enough space between the layer one and the board.



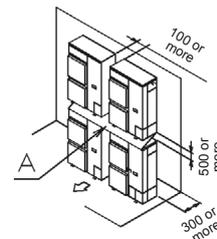
#### (b) Obstacle on the suction side (NOTE)

Close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed:

Do not stack more than two units.

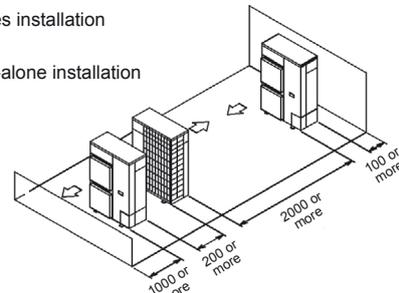
Set the board (field supply) as the detail A between two units to prevent the drainage from freezing.

Leave the enough space between the layer one and the board.



### 5. Multiple rows of series installation (on the rooftop, etc.)

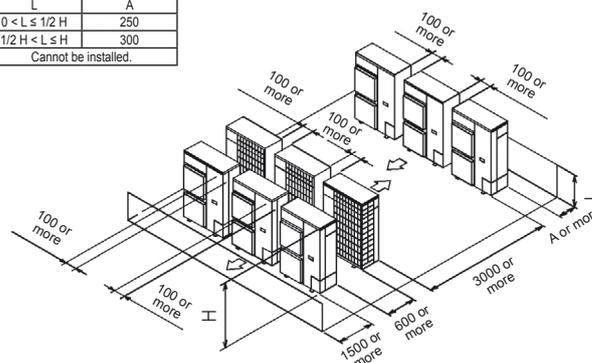
#### (a) One row of stand-alone installation



#### (b) Rows of series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Cannot be installed.	



### NOTE

When install the units in a line, have to leave the distance over 100 mm between the two units.

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**RXYSQ10-12TY1**

Required installation space

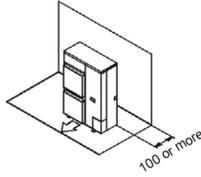
The unit of these values is mm.

1. Where there is an obstacle on the suction side:

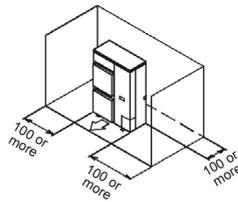
(a) No obstacle above

(1) Stand-alone installation

- Obstacle on the suction side only

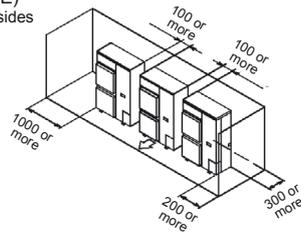


- Obstacle on both sides



(2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

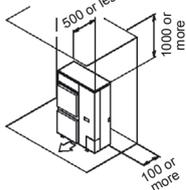
- Obstacle on both sides



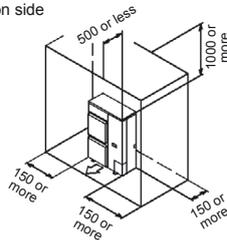
(b) Obstacle above, too

(1) Stand-alone installation

- Obstacle on the suction side, too

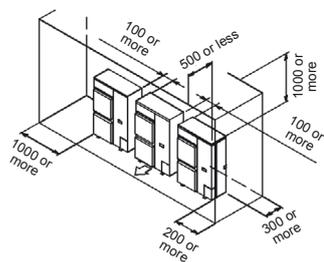


- Obstacle on the suction side and both sides



(2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

- Obstacle on the suction side and both sides



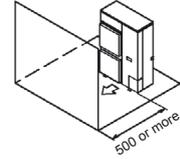
**NOTE**

When install the units in a line, have to leave the distance over 100 mm between the two units.

2. Where there is an obstacle on the discharge side:

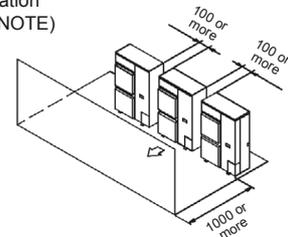
(a) No obstacle above

(1) Stand-alone installation



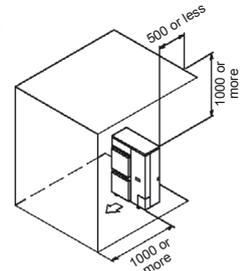
(2) Series installation

(2 or more) (NOTE)



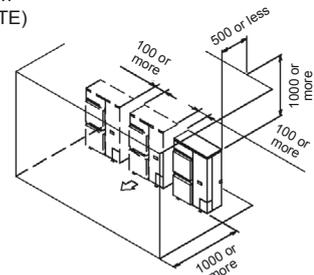
(b) Obstacle above, too

(1) Stand-alone installation



(2) Series installation

(2 or more) (NOTE)



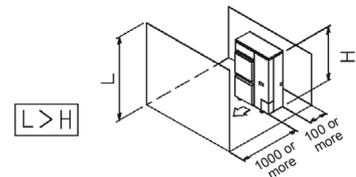
3. Where there are obstacles on both suction and discharge sides:

**Pattern 1**

Where the obstacle on the discharge side is higher than the unit: (There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side)

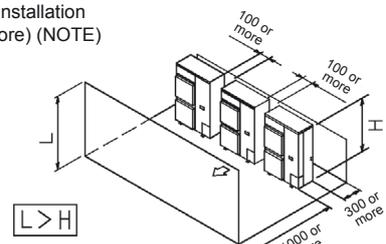
(a) No obstacle above

(1) Stand-alone installation



(2) Series installation

(2 or more) (NOTE)





**RXYSQ10-12TY1**

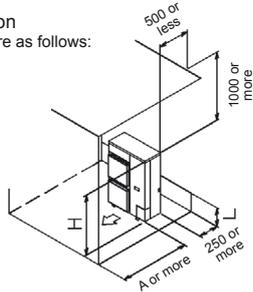
(b) Obstacle above, too

(1) Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	1000
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1250
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

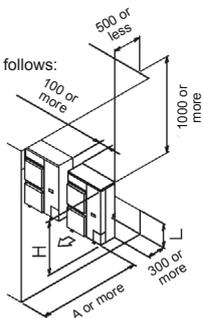


(2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	1000
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1250
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Only two units can be installed for this series



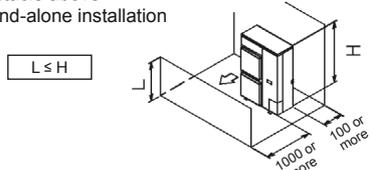
**Pattern 2**

Where the obstacle on the discharge side is lower than the unit:

(There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side)

(a) No obstacle above

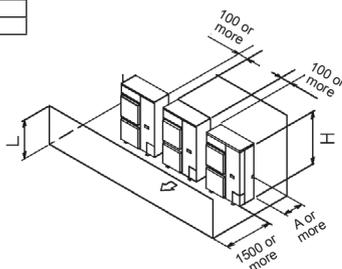
(1) Stand-alone installation



(2) Series installation (2 or more) (NOTE)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300



(b) Obstacle above, too

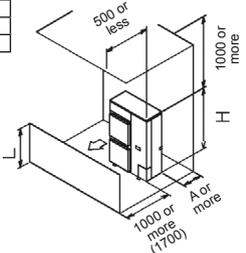
(1) Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	100
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	200
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

If the distance exceeds the figure in the ( ), then it's no need to set the stand.



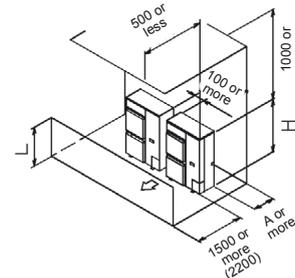
(2) Series installation (NOTE)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Set the stand as: $L \leq H$ .	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed. Only two units can be installed for this series.

If the distance exceeds the figure in the ( ), then it's no need to set the stand.



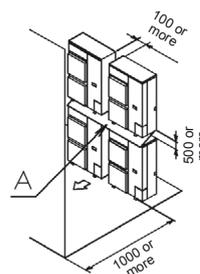
4. Double-decker installation

(a) Obstacle on the discharge side (NOTE). Close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed:

Do not stack more than two units.

Set the board (field supply) as the detail A between two units to prevent the drainage from freezing.

Leave the enough space between the layer

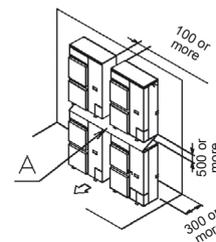


(b) Obstacle on the suction side (NOTE). Close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed:

Do not stack more than two units.

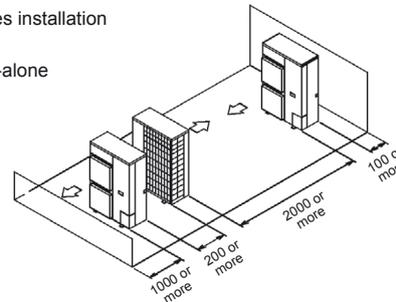
Set the board (field supply) as the detail A between two units to prevent the drainage from freezing.

Leave the enough space between the layer



5. Multiple rows of series installation (on the rooftop, etc.)

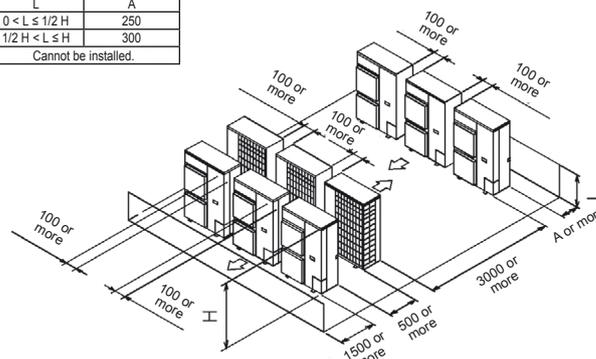
(a) One row of stand-alone installation



(b) Rows of series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
	$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300
$H < L$	Cannot be installed.	



**NOTE**

When install the units in a line, have to leave the distance over 100 mm between the two units.