

Installer reference guide

R32 split series

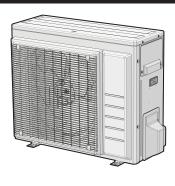


Table of contents 6.6.1 6.6.2 Precautions when charging refrigerant 17 6.6.3 664 To determine the additional refrigerant amount 17 **General safety precautions** 3 6.6.5 About the documentation 6.6.6 Meaning of warnings and symbols..... 6.6.7 To fix the fluorinated greenhouse gases label 17 For the installer..... 6.7 121 General 6.7.1 About connecting the electrical wiring...... 18 122 Installation site 6.7.2 Precautions when connecting the electrical wiring 18 1.2.3 Refrigerant Guidelines when connecting the electrical wiring 18 6.7.3 1.2.4 Brine..... 6.7.4 Specifications of standard wiring components................. 19 125 Water To connect the electrical wiring on the outdoor unit..... 19 1.2.6 Electrical 681 About the documentation 682 About this document..... 6.9 Installer reference guide at a glance Configuration 20 7 About the box Overview: About the box About the standby electricity saving function 20 Outdoor unit..... 32 To turn on standby electricity saving function 20 321 To unpack the outdoor unit 322 To remove the accessories from the outdoor unit...... Commissioning Overview: Commissioning 20 About the unit 8 Overview: About the unit 8.3 4.2 Identification 8 84 Identification label: Outdoor unit 8 8.5 **Preparation** 8 Overview: Preparation..... 8 Hand-over to the user 21 Preparing the installation site 5.2 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit 10 Maintenance and service 522 Additional installation site requirements of the outdoor unit in cold climates 10 Refrigerant piping length and height difference 10 523 5.3 Refrigerant piping requirements..... 22 11 Troubleshooting Refrigerant piping insulation 10 5.4 About preparing electrical wiring...... 11 Symptom: Indoor units fall, vibrate or make noise 22 Installation Symptom: The unit is NOT heating or cooling as 11.3.2 6 1 6.2 11.3.3 11.3.4 Symptom: Unit does NOT function or burn damage 22 11.3.5 Mounting the outdoor unit..... 11.3.6 Symptom: Indoor unit is running only with fixed fan 6.3.1 About mounting the outdoor unit..... Precautions when mounting the outdoor unit................... 11 632 Symptom: Unit goes to defrost operation even when 633 6.3.4 635 To provide drainage 12 12 Disposal 23 636 Overview: Disposal 23 Connecting the refrigerant piping 6.4.1 6.4.2 Precautions when connecting the refrigerant piping... 13 To start/stop forced cooling using the indoor unit ON/ 6.4.3 Guidelines when connecting the refrigerant piping 13 OFF switch 23 6.4.4 To start/stop forced cooling using the indoor unit 6.4.5 6.4.6 Using the stop valve and service port 14 6.4.7 Connections between outdoor and indoor unit using 13 Technical data 24 6.4.8 To connect the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit .. 15 6.5 6.5.1 About checking the refrigerant piping 15 14 Glossary 26 6.5.2 Precautions when checking the refrigerant piping 15

To check for leaks.....

6.5.3

6.5.4

1 General safety precautions

1.1 About the documentation

- The original documentation is written in English. All other languages are translations.
- The precautions described in this document cover very important topics, follow them carefully.
- The installation of the system, and all activities described in the installation manual and the installer reference guide MUST be performed by an authorised installer.

1.1.1 Meaning of warnings and symbols



DANGER

Indicates a situation that results in death or serious injury.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Indicates a situation that could result in electrocution.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

Indicates a situation that could result in burning because of extreme hot or cold temperatures.



DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

Indicates a situation that could result in explosion.



WARNING

Indicates a situation that could result in death or serious injury.



WARNING: FLAMMABLE MATERIAL



CAUTION

Indicates a situation that could result in minor or moderate injury.



NOTICE

Indicates a situation that could result in equipment or property damage.



INFORMATION

Indicates useful tips or additional information.

Symbol	Explanation
i	Before installation, read the installation and operation manual, and the wiring instruction sheet.
	Before performing maintenance and service tasks, read the service manual.
	For more information, see the installer and user reference guide.

1.2 For the installer

1.2.1 General

If you are NOT sure how to install or operate the unit, contact your dealer.



NOTICE

Improper installation or attachment of equipment or accessories could result in electric shock, short-circuit, leaks, fire or other damage to the equipment. Only use accessories, optional equipment and spare parts made or approved by Daikin.

<u>^</u>

WARNING

Make sure installation, testing and applied materials comply with applicable legislation (on top of the instructions described in the Daikin documentation).



CAUTION

Wear adequate personal protective equipment (protective gloves, safety glasses,...) when installing, maintaining or servicing the system.



WARNING

Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that nobody, especially children, can play with them. Possible risk: suffocation.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

- Do NOT touch the refrigerant piping, water piping or internal parts during and immediately after operation. It could be too hot or too cold. Give it time to return to normal temperature. If you must touch it, wear protective gloves.
- Do NOT touch any accidental leaking refrigerant.



WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



CAUTION

Do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.



NOTICE

- Do NOT place any objects or equipment on top of the unit.
- Do NOT sit, climb or stand on the unit.



NOTICE

Works executed on the outdoor unit are best done under dry weather conditions to avoid water ingress.

In accordance with the applicable legislation, it might be necessary to provide a logbook with the product containing at least: information on maintenance, repair work, results of tests, stand-by periods,...

Also, at least, following information MUST be provided at an accessible place at the product:

- Instructions for shutting down the system in case of an emergency
- · Name and address of fire department, police and hospital
- Name, address and day and night telephone numbers for obtaining service

In Europe, EN378 provides the necessary guidance for this logbook.

1.2.2 Installation site

- Provide sufficient space around the unit for servicing and air circulation.
- Make sure the installation site withstands the unit's weight and vibration.

DAIKIN

1 General safety precautions

- Make sure the area is well ventilated. Do NOT block any ventilation openings.
- Make sure the unit is level.

Do NOT install the unit in the following places:

- In potentially explosive atmospheres.
- In places where there is machinery that emits electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the control system, and cause malfunction of the equipment.
- In places where there is a risk of fire due to the leakage of flammable gases (example: thinner or gasoline), carbon fibre, ignitable dust.
- In places where corrosive gas (example: sulphurous acid gas) is produced. Corrosion of copper pipes or soldered parts may cause the refrigerant to leak.

Instructions for equipment using R32 refrigerant

If applicable.



WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn.
- Do NOT use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean the equipment, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that R32 refrigerant does NOT contain an odour.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage and in a well-ventilated room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater) and have a room size as specified below.



NOTICE

- Do NOT re-use joints which have been used already.
- Joints made in installation between parts of refrigerant system shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.



WARNING

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation (for example national gas regulation) and are executed only by authorised persons.

Installation space requirements



NOTICE

- Pipework shall be protected from physical damage.
- Installation of pipework shall be kept to a minimum.



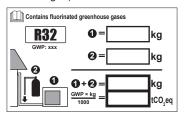
WARNING

If appliances contain R32 refrigerant, the floor area of the room in which the appliances are installed, operated and stored MUST be larger than the minimum floor area defined in table below A (m²). This applies to:

- Indoor units without a refrigerant leakage sensor; in case of indoor units with refrigerant leakage sensor, consult the installation manual
- Outdoor units installed or stored indoors (e.g. winter garden, garage, machinery room)
- · Pipework in unventilated spaces

To determine the minimum floor area

1 Determine the total refrigerant charge in the system (= factory refrigerant charge 1 + 2 additional refrigerant amount charged).



- 2 Determine which graph or table to use.
 - For indoor units: Is the unit ceiling-mounted, wall-mounted or floor-standing?
 - For outdoor units installed or stored indoors, and field piping in unventilated spaces, this depends on the installation height:

If the installation height is	Then use the graph or table for	
<1.8 m	Floor-standing units	
1.8≤x<2.2 m	Wall-mounted units	
≥2.2 m	Ceiling-mounted units	

3 Use the graph or table to determine the minimum floor area.

A_{min} (m²) 540 530 520 510 500 490 480 470 460 450 430 ____ 440 410 -----390 380 370 360 350 — 330 ____ 270 — 250 ____ 230 220 210 200 190 180 170 150 110 100 -90 80 70 Wall-mounted unit 60 50 40 30 20 3 3.4 3.8 4.2 4.6 5 5.4 5.8 6.2 6.6 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.6 6.8 8.0 m (kg) 1.843 7.956

Ceiling-mounted unit ^(a)	Wall-mounted unit ^(b)	Floor-standing unit ^(c)
m (kg)——A _{min} (m²	m (kg)——A _{min} (m²)	m (kg)——A _{min} (m²)
≤1.842	≤1.842	≤1.842
1.843 3.64	1.8434.45	1.84328.9
2.0 3.95	2.04.83	2.034.0
2.2 4.34	2.25.31	2.2——41.2
2.4 4.74	2.4 5.79	2.449.0
2.6 5.13	2.66.39	2.6——57.5
2.8 5.53	2.8——7.41	2.8——66.7
3.0 5.92	3.0 8.51	3.0—76.6
3.2 6.48	3.29.68	3.2—87.2
3.4 7.32	3.4 10.9	3.498.4
3.6 8.20	3.6 ——12.3	3.6——110
3.8 9.14	3.8——13.7	3.8——123
4.0 —— 10.1	4.0 15.1	4.0——136
4.2 — 11.2	4.2——16.7	4.2——150
4.4 —— 12.3	4.4 — 18.3	4.4——165
4.6 13.4	4.620.0	4.6180
4.8 —— 14.6	4.8——21.8	4.8——196
5.0 15.8	5.023.6	5.0——213
5.2 — 17.1	5.225.6	5.2——230
5.4 —— 18.5	5.427.6	5.4248
5.6 —— 19.9	5.6—29.7	5.6——267
5.8 —— 21.3	5.831.8	5.8——286
6.0 —— 22.8	6.0 34.0	6.0306
6.2—24.3	6.236.4	6.2—327
6.4 —— 25.9	6.438.7	6.4349
6.6——27.6	6.6——41.2	6.6——371
6.8—29.3	6.8——43.7	6.8——394
7.0-31.0	7.0—46.3	7.0—417
7.2-32.8	7.2—49.0	7.2—441
7.4 34.7	7.4——51.8	7.4——466
7.636.6	7.6——54.6	7.6——492
7.8 — 38.5	7.8——57.5	7.8——518
7.956 — 40.1	7.956 ——59.9	7.956——539

Total refrigerant charge in the system

Minimum floor area

- Ceiling-mounted unit (= Ceiling-mounted unit)
- Wall-mounted unit (= Wall-mounted unit)
 Floor-standing unit (= Floor-standing unit)

1.2.3 Refrigerant

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



NOTICE

Make sure refrigerant piping installation complies with applicable legislation. In Europe, EN378 is the applicable standard.



NOTICE

Make sure the field piping and connections are NOT subjected to stress



WARNING

During tests, NEVER pressurize the product with a pressure higher than the maximum allowable pressure (as indicated on the nameplate of the unit).



WARNING

Take sufficient precautions in case of refrigerant leakage. If refrigerant gas leaks, ventilate the area immediately. Possible risks:

- Excessive refrigerant concentrations in a closed room can lead to oxygen deficiency.
- Toxic gas may be produced if refrigerant gas comes into contact with fire.



DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

Pump down - Refrigerant leakage. If you want to pump down the system, and there is a leak in the refrigerant circuit:

- Do NOT use the unit's automatic pump down function, with which you can collect all refrigerant from the system into the outdoor unit. Possible consequence: Self-combustion and explosion of the compressor because of air going into the operating compressor.
- Use a separate recovery system so that the unit's compressor does NOT have to operate.



WARNING

ALWAYS recover the refrigerant. Do NOT release them directly into the environment. Use a vacuum pump to evacuate the installation.



NOTICE

After all the piping has been connected, make sure there is no gas leak. Use nitrogen to perform a gas leak detection.



NOTICE

- To avoid compressor breakdown, do NOT charge more than the specified amount of refrigerant.
- When the refrigerant system is to be opened, refrigerant MUST be treated according to the applicable legislation.



WARNING

Make sure there is no oxygen in the system. Refrigerant may only be charged after performing the leak test and the vacuum drying.

- In case re-charge is required, refer to the nameplate of the unit. It states the type of refrigerant and necessary amount.
- The unit is factory charged with refrigerant and depending on pipe sizes and pipe lengths some systems require additional charging of refrigerant.
- · Only use tools exclusively for the refrigerant type used in the system, this to ensure pressure resistance and prevent foreign materials from entering into the system.
- Charge the liquid refrigerant as follows:

If	Then
A siphon tube is present	Charge with the cylinder upright.
(i.e., the cylinder is marked with "Liquid filling siphon attached")	
A siphon tube is NOT present	Charge with the cylinder upside down.

- Open refrigerant cylinders slowly.
- Charge the refrigerant in liquid form. Adding it in gas form may prevent normal operation.

1 General safety precautions



CAUTION

When the refrigerant charging procedure is done or when pausing, close the valve of the refrigerant tank immediately. If the valve is NOT closed immediately, remaining pressure might charge additional refrigerant. **Possible consequence:** Incorrect refrigerant amount.

1.2.4 Brine

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



WARNING

The selection of the brine MUST be in accordance with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

Take sufficient precautions in case of brine leakage. If brine leaks, ventilate the area immediately and contact your local dealer.



WARNING

The ambient temperature inside the unit can get much higher than that of the room, e.g. 70°C. In case of a brine leak, hot parts inside the unit can create a hazardous situation.



WARNING

The use and installation of the application MUST comply with the safety and environmental precautions specified in the applicable legislation.

1.2.5 Water

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



NOTICE

Make sure water quality complies with EU directive 98/83 EC.

1.2.6 Electrical



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

- Turn OFF all power supply before removing the switch box cover, connecting electrical wiring or touching electrical parts.
- Disconnect the power supply for more than 1 minute, and measure the voltage at the terminals of main circuit capacitors or electrical components before servicing. The voltage MUST be less than 50 V DC before you can touch electrical components. For the location of the terminals, see the wiring diagram.
- Do NOT touch electrical components with wet hands.
- Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.



WARNING

If NOT factory installed, a main switch or other means for disconnection, having a contact separation in all poles providing full disconnection under overvoltage category III condition, MUST be installed in the fixed wiring.



WARNING

- ONLY use copper wires.
- Make sure the field wiring complies with the applicable legislation.
- All field wiring MUST be performed in accordance with the wiring diagram supplied with the product.
- NEVER squeeze bundled cables and make sure they do NOT come in contact with the piping and sharp edges. Make sure no external pressure is applied to the terminal connections.
- Make sure to install earth wiring. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earth may cause electrical shock.
- Make sure to use a dedicated power circuit. NEVER use a power supply shared by another appliance.
- Make sure to install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Make sure to install an earth leakage protector. Failure to do so may cause electric shock or fire.
- When installing the earth leakage protector, make sure it is compatible with the inverter (resistant to high frequency electric noise) to avoid unnecessary opening of the earth leakage protector.



CAUTION

When connecting the power supply, the earth connection must be made before the current-carrying connections are established. When disconnecting the power supply, the current-carrying connections must be separated before the earth connection is. The length of the conductors between the power supply stress relief and the terminal block itself must be as such that the current-carrying wires are tautened before the earth wire is in case the power supply is pulled loose from the stress relief.



NOTICE

Precautions when laying power wiring:







- Do NOT connect wiring of different thicknesses to the power terminal block (slack in the power wiring may cause abnormal heat).
- When connecting wiring which is the same thickness, do as shown in the figure above.
- For wiring, use the designated power wire and connect firmly, then secure to prevent outside pressure being exerted on the terminal board.
- Use an appropriate screwdriver for tightening the terminal screws. A screwdriver with a small head will damage the head and make proper tightening impossible.
- Over-tightening the terminal screws may break them.



WARNING

- After finishing the electrical work, confirm that each electrical component and terminal inside the electrical components box is connected securely.
- Make sure all covers are closed before starting up the unit.



NOTICE

Only applicable if the power supply is three-phase, and the compressor has an ON/OFF starting method.

If there exists the possibility of reversed phase after a momentary black out and the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase can break the compressor and other parts.

2 About the documentation

2.1 About this document



INFORMATION

Make sure that the user has the printed documentation and ask him/her to keep it for future reference.

Target audience

Authorised installers

Documentation set

This document is part of a documentation set. The complete set consists of:

· General safety precautions:

- Safety instructions that you MUST read before installing
- Format: Paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)

Outdoor unit installation manual:

- Installation instructions
- Format: Paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)

Installer reference guide:

- Preparation of the installation, reference data,...
- Format: Digital files on http://www.daikineurope.com/supportand-manuals/product-information/

Latest revisions of the supplied documentation may be available on the regional Daikin website or via your dealer.

The original documentation is written in English. All other languages are translations.

Technical engineering data

- A subset of the latest technical data is available on the regional Daikin website (publicly accessible).
- The full set of latest technical data is available on the Daikin extranet (authentication required).

2.2 Installer reference guide at a glance

Chapter	Description
General safety precautions	Safety instructions that you MUST read before installing
About the documentation	What documentation exists for the installer
About the box	How to unpack the units and remove their accessories
About the unit	How to identify the unit
Preparation	What to do and know before going on-site
Installation	What to do and know to install the system

Chapter	Description
Configuration	What to do and know to configure the system after it is installed
Commissioning	What to do and know to commission the system after it is configured
Hand-over to the user	What to give and explain to the user
Maintenance and service	How to maintain and service the units
Troubleshooting	What to do in case of problems
Disposal	How to dispose of the system
Technical data	Specifications of the system
Glossary	Definition of terms

3 About the box

3.1 Overview: About the box

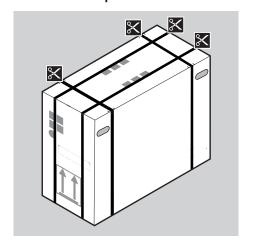
This chapter describes what you have to do after the box with the outdoor unit is delivered on-site.

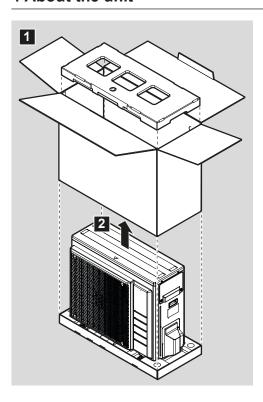
Keep the following in mind:

- At delivery, the unit MUST be checked for damage. Any damage MUST be reported immediately to the carrier's claims agent.
- Bring the packed unit as close as possible to its final installation position to prevent damage during transport.
- Prepare the path along which you want to bring the unit inside in advance.
- When handling the unit, take into account the following:
 - Fragile, handle the unit with care.
 - T Keep the unit upright in order to avoid damage.
 - Keep the unit away from rain or damp conditions.
 - At least 2 persons MUST handle the box with the unit.

3.2 Outdoor unit

3.2.1 To unpack the outdoor unit





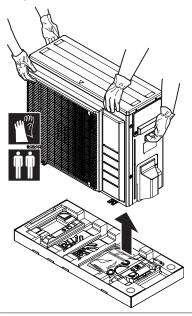
3.2.2 To remove the accessories from the outdoor unit

1 Lift the outdoor unit.

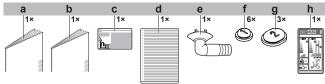


CAUTION

Only handle the outdoor unit as follows:



Remove the accessories at the bottom of the package.



- General safety precautions
- Outdoor unit installation manual
- Fluorinated greenhouse gases label
 Multilingual fluorinated greenhouse gases label
 Drain plug (located on the bottom of the packing case)
- Drain cap (1)

Drain cap (2) Energy label

About the unit



WARNING: FLAMMABLE MATERIAL

The refrigerant inside this unit is mildly flammable.

Overview: About the unit 4.1

This chapter contains information about:

· Identification of the outdoor unit

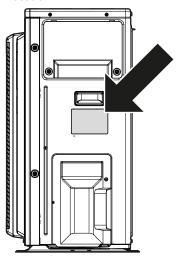
4.2 Identification



When installing or servicing several units at the same time, make sure NOT to switch the service panels between different models.

4.2.1 Identification label: Outdoor unit

Location



5 **Preparation**

Overview: Preparation 5.1

This chapter describes what you have to do and know before going

It contains information about:

- · Preparing the installation site
- Preparing the refrigerant piping
- Preparing the electrical wiring

5.2 Preparing the installation site

Do NOT install the unit in places often used as work place. In case of construction works (e.g. grinding works) where a lot of dust is created, the unit MUST be covered.

Choose an installation location with sufficient space for carrying the unit in and out of the site.



CAUTION

- Check if the installation location can support the unit's weight. Poor installation is hazardous. It can also cause vibrations or unusual operating noise.
- Provide sufficient service space.
- Do NOT install the unit so that it is in contact with a ceiling or a wall, as this may cause vibrations.
- Choose a location where the hot/cold air discharged from the unit or the operation noise, will NOT disturb anyone.
- Provide sufficient space around the unit for servicing and air circulation.
- Avoid areas where flammable gas or product might leak.

Install power cables at least 1 metre away from televisions or radios to prevent interference. Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 3 metres may NOT be sufficient.



WARNING

Do NOT place objects below the indoor and/or outdoor unit that may get wet. Otherwise condensation on the unit or refrigerant pipes, air filter dirt or drain blockage may cause dripping, and objects under the unit may get dirty or damaged.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).

5.2.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit

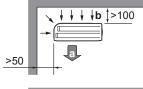


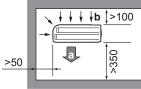
INFORMATION

Also read the following requirements:

- General installation site requirements. See the "General safety precautions" chapter.
- Refrigerant piping requirements (length, height difference). See further in this "Preparation" chapter.

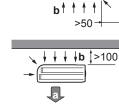
Mind the following spacing guidelines:



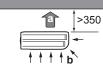








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NOTICE

The height of the wall on the outlet side of the outdoor unit MUST be \leq 1200 mm.



NOTICE

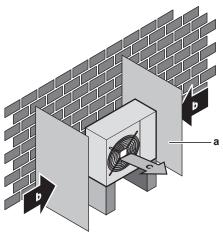
- Do NOT stack the units on each other.
- Do NOT hang the unit on a ceiling.

Strong winds (≥18 km/h) blowing against the outdoor unit's air outlet causes short circuit (suction of discharge air). This may result in:

- · deterioration of the operational capacity;
- frequent frost acceleration in heating operation;
- disruption of operation due to decrease of low pressure or increase of high pressure;
- a broken fan (if a strong wind blows continuously on the fan, it may start rotating very fast, until it breaks).

It is recommended to install a baffle plate when the air outlet is exposed to wind.

It is recommended to install the outdoor unit with the air inlet facing the wall and NOT directly exposed to the wind.



- a Baffle plate
- b Prevailing wind direction
- c Air outlet

Do NOT install the unit in the following places:

 Sound sensitive areas (e.g. near a bedroom), so that the operation noise will cause no trouble.

Note: If the sound is measured under actual installation conditions, the measured value might be higher than the sound pressure level mentioned in Sound spectrum in the data book due to environmental noise and sound reflections.



INFORMATION

The sound pressure level is less than 70 dBA

 In places where a mineral oil mist, spray or vapour may be present in the atmosphere. Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off or cause water leakage.

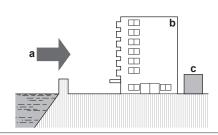
It is NOT recommended to install the unit in the following places because it may shorten the life of the unit:

- Where the voltage fluctuates a lot
- In vehicles or vessels
- Where acidic or alkaline vapour is present

Seaside installation. Make sure the outdoor unit is NOT directly exposed to sea winds. This is to prevent corrosion caused by high levels of salt in the air, which might shorten the life of the unit.

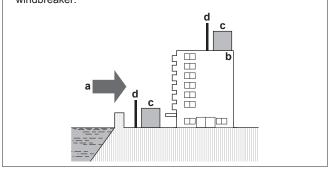
Install the outdoor unit away from direct sea winds.

Example: Behind the building.



If the outdoor unit is exposed to direct sea winds, install a windbreaker.

- Height of windbreaker≥1.5×height of outdoor unit
- Mind the service space requirements when installing the windbreaker.

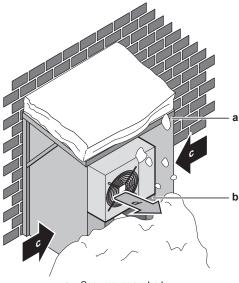


- a Sea wind
- **b** Building
- c Outdoor unit
- d Windbreaker

The outdoor unit is designed for outdoor installation only, and for ambient temperatures ranging from –20 to 52°C in cooling mode and from –20 to 24°C in heating mode.

5.2.2 Additional installation site requirements of the outdoor unit in cold climates

Protect the outdoor unit against direct snowfall and take care that the outdoor unit is NEVER snowed up.



- a Snow cover or shed
- **b** Pedestal
- c Prevailing wind direction
- d Air outlet

In any case, provide at least 300 mm of free space below the unit. Additionally, make sure the unit is positioned at least 100 mm above the maximum expected level of snow. See "6.3 Mounting the outdoor unit" on page 11 for more details.

In heavy snowfall areas it is very important to select an installation site where the snow will NOT affect the unit. If lateral snowfall is possible, make sure that the heat exchanger coil is NOT affected by the snow. If necessary, install a snow cover or shed and a pedestal.

5.2.3 Refrigerant piping length and height difference

What?	Distance
Maximum allowable pipe length	50 m
Minimum allowable pipe length	3 m
Maximum allowable height difference	30 m

5.3 Preparing refrigerant piping

5.3.1 Refrigerant piping requirements



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the "General safety precautions" chapter.

- Piping material: Phosphoric acid deoxidised seamless copper.
- Piping diameter:

Use the same diameters as the connections on the outdoor units:

Class	Liquid piping	Gas piping
35	Ø6.4	Ø9.5
50+60	Ø6.4	Ø12.7

· Piping temper grade and thickness:

Outer diameter (Ø)	Temper grade	Thickness (t) ^(a)	
6.4 mm (1/4")	Annealed (O)	≥0.8 mm	Ø
9.5 mm (3/8")			<u>t</u>
12.7 mm (1/2")			

(a) Depending on the applicable legislation and the unit's maximum working pressure (see "PS High" on the unit name plate), larger piping thickness might be required.

5.3.2 Refrigerant piping insulation

- Use polyethylene foam as insulation material:
 - with a heat transfer rate between 0.041 and 0.052 W/mK (0.035 and 0.045 kcal/mh°C)
 - with a heat resistance of at least 120°C
- Insulation thickness

Pipe outer diameter (Ø _p)	Insulation inner diameter (Ø _i)	Insulation thickness (t)
6.4 mm (1/4")	8~10 mm	≥10 mm
9.5 mm (3/8")	12~15 mm	
12.7 mm (1/2")	14~16 mm	



If the temperature is higher than 30°C and the humidity is higher than RH 80%, the thickness of the insulation materials should be at least 20 mm to prevent condensation on the surface of the insulation.

5.4 Preparing electrical wiring

5.4.1 About preparing electrical wiring



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the "General safety precautions" chapter.



INFORMATION

Also read "6.7.4 Specifications of standard wiring components" on page 19.



WARNING

- If the power supply has a missing or wrong N-phase, equipment might break down.
- Establish proper earthing. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earthing may cause electrical shock.
- Install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties so that the cables do NOT come in contact with sharp edges or piping, particularly on the high-pressure side.
- Do NOT use taped wires, stranded conductor wires, extension cords, or connections from a star system.
 They can cause overheating, electrical shock or fire.
- Do NOT install a phase advancing capacitor, because this unit is equipped with an inverter. A phase advancing capacitor will reduce performance and may cause accidents.



WARNING

- All wiring MUST be performed by an authorised electrician and MUST comply with the applicable legislation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on-site and all electrical construction MUST comply with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.

6 Installation

6.1 Overview: Installation

This chapter describes what you have to do and know on-site to install the system.

Typical workflow

Installation typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Opening the units
- 2 Mounting the outdoor unit
- 3 Connecting the refrigerant piping
- 4 Checking the refrigerant piping
- 5 Charging refrigerant
- 6 Connecting the electrical wiring
- 7 Finishing the outdoor unit installation

6.2 Opening the unit

6.2.1 About opening the units

At certain times, you have to open the unit. Example:

- · When connecting the refrigerant piping
- When connecting the electrical wiring
- When maintaining or servicing the unit



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed

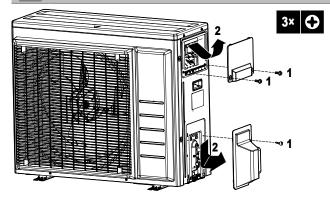
6.2.2 To open the outdoor unit



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING



6.3 Mounting the outdoor unit

6.3.1 About mounting the outdoor unit

When

The outdoor and indoor unit must be mounted before the refrigerant piping can be connected.

Typical workflow

Mounting the outdoor unit typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Providing the installation structure.
- 2 Installing the outdoor unit.
- 3 Providing drainage.
- 4 Preventing the unit from falling over.
- 5 Protecting the unit against snow and wind by installing a snow cover and baffle plates. See "Preparing installation site" in "5 Preparation" on page 8.

6.3.2 Precautions when mounting the outdoor unit



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- · General safety precautions
- Preparation

6.3.3 To provide the installation structure

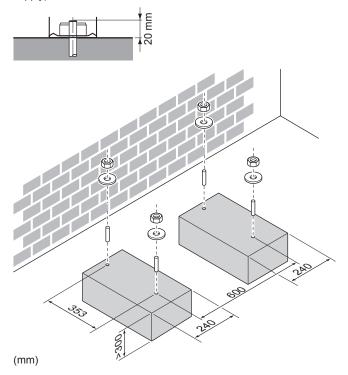
Check the strength and level of the installation ground so that the unit will not cause any operating vibration or noise.

6 Installation

Use a vibration-proof rubber (field supply) in cases where vibrations may be transmitted to the building.

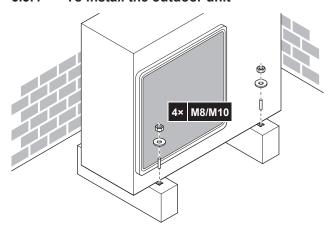
Fix the unit securely by means of foundation bolts in accordance with the foundation drawing.

Prepare 4 sets of M8 or M10 anchor bolts, nuts and washers (field supply).



In any case, provide at least 300 mm of free space below the unit. Additionally, make sure the unit is positioned at least 100 mm above the maximum expected level of snow. In this case, it is recommended to construct a pedestal.

6.3.4 To install the outdoor unit



6.3.5 To provide drainage

- Make sure that condensation water can be evacuated properly.
- Install the unit on a base to make sure that there is proper drainage in order to avoid ice accumulation.
- Prepare a water drainage channel around the foundation to drain waste water away from the unit.
- Avoid drain water flowing over the footpath, so that it does NOT become slippery in case of ambient freezing temperatures.

 If you install the unit on a frame, install a waterproof plate within 150 mm of the bottom side of the unit in order to prevent water from getting into the unit and to avoid drain water dripping (see the following figure).





NOTICE

If the unit is installed in a cold climate, take adequate measures so that the evacuated condensate CANNOT freeze



INFORMATION

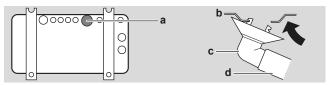
For information on the available options, contact your dealer.



NOTICE

Provide at least 300 mm of free space below the unit. Additionally, make sure the unit is positioned at least 100 mm above the expected level of snow.

- 1 Use a drain plug for drainage.
- 2 Use a Ø16 mm hose (field supply).



- a Drain port
- **b** Bottom frame
- c Drain plug
- d Hose (field supply)

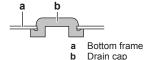
To close the drain holes and attach the drain socket



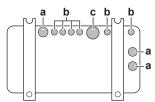
NOTICE

In cold areas, do NOT use a drain socket, hose and caps (1, 2) with the outdoor unit. Take adequate measures so that the evacuated condensate CANNOT freeze.

1 Install drain caps 1 and 2 (accessory). Make sure the edges of the drain caps close off the holes completely.



2 Install the drain socket.

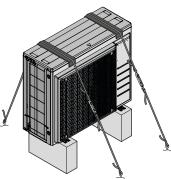


- a Drain hole. Install a drain cap (2).
- **b** Drain hole. Install a drain cap (1).
- c Drain hole for drain socket

6.3.6 To prevent the outdoor unit from falling over

In case the unit is installed in places where strong wind can tilt the unit, take following measure:

- 1 Prepare 2 cables as indicated in the following illustration (field supply).
- 2 Place the 2 cables over the outdoor unit.
- 3 Insert a rubber sheet between the cables and the outdoor unit to prevent the cables from scratching the paint (field supply).
- 4 Attach the ends of the cables and tighten them.



6.4 Connecting the refrigerant piping

6.4.1 About connecting the refrigerant piping

Before connecting the refrigerant piping

Make sure the outdoor and indoor unit are mounted.

Typical workflow

Connecting the refrigerant piping involves:

- · Connecting the refrigerant piping to the indoor unit
- · Connecting the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit
- · Insulating the refrigerant piping
- Keeping in mind the guidelines for:
 - Pipe bending
 - · Flaring pipe ends
 - Using the stop valves

6.4.2 Precautions when connecting the refrigerant piping



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- · General safety precautions
- Preparation



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING



CAUTION

- Use the flare nut fixed to the unit.
- To prevent gas leakage, apply refrigeration oil only to the inside of the flare. Use refrigeration oil for R32.
- Do NOT reuse joints



CAUTION

- Do NOT use mineral oil on flared part.
- Do NOT reuse piping from previous installations.
- NEVER install a drier to this R32 unit to guarantee its lifetime. The drying material may dissolve and damage the system.



NOTICE

Take the following precautions on refrigerant piping into account:

- Avoid anything but the designated refrigerant to get mixed into the refrigerant cycle (e.g. air).
- · Only use R32 when adding refrigerant.
- Only use installation tools (e.g. manifold gauge set) that are exclusively used for R32 installations to withstand the pressure and to prevent foreign materials (e.g. mineral oils and moisture) from mixing into the system.
- Install the piping so that the flare is NOT subjected to mechanical stress.
- Protect the piping as described in the following table to prevent dirt, liquid or dust from entering the piping.
- Use caution when passing copper tubes through walls (see figure below).









Unit	Installation period	Protection method
Outdoor unit	>1 month	Pinch the pipe
	<1 month	Pinch or tape the pipe
Indoor unit	Regardless of the period	



INFORMATION

Do NOT open the refrigerant stop valve before checking the refrigerant piping. When you need to charge additional refrigerant it is recommended to open the refrigerant stop valve after charging.



WARNING

Connect the refrigerant piping securely before running the compressor. If the refrigerant piping is NOT connected and the stop valve is open when the compressor is run, air will be sucked in. This will cause abnormal pressure in the refrigeration cycle, which may result in equipment damage and even injury.

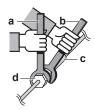
6.4.3 Guidelines when connecting the refrigerant piping

Take the following guidelines into account when connecting pipes:

 Coat the flare inner surface with ether oil or ester oil when connecting a flare nut. Tighten 3 or 4 turns by hand, before tightening firmly.



- · ALWAYS use 2 wrenches together when loosening a flare nut.
- ALWAYS use a spanner and torque wrench together to tighten the flare nut when connecting the piping. This to prevent nut cracking and leaks



- Torque wrench
- b Spanner
- Piping union Flare nut

Piping size (mm)	Tightening torque (N•m)	Flare dimensions (A) (mm)	Flare shape (mm)
Ø6.4	15~17	8.7~9.1	90°±2
Ø9.5	33~39	12.8~13.2	A
Ø12.7	50~60	16.2~16.6	R=0.4~0.8

6.4.4 Pipe bending guidelines

Use a pipe bender for bending. All pipe bends should be as gentle as possible (bending radius should be 30~40 mm or larger).

To flare the pipe end 6.4.5



CAUTION

- Incomplete flaring may cause refrigerant gas leakage.
- Do NOT re-use flares. Use new flares to prevent refrigerant gas leakage.
- Use flare nuts that are included with the unit. Using different flare nuts may cause refrigerant gas leakage.
- Cut the pipe end with a pipe cutter.
- Remove burrs with the cut surface facing down so that the chips do NOT enter the pipe.



- Cut exactly at right angles.
- Remove burrs
- Remove the flare nut from the stop valve and put the flare nut on the pipe.
- Flare the pipe. Set exactly at the position as shown in the following figure.



	Flare tool for R32	Convention	al flare tool
	(clutch type)	Clutch type	Wing nut type
		(Ridgid-type)	(Imperial-type)
Α	0~0.5 mm	1.0~1.5 mm	1.5~2.0 mm

Check that the flaring is properly made.



- Flare's inner surface MUST be flawless.
- b The pipe end MUST be evenly flared in a perfect circle.
- С Make sure the flare nut is fitted.

6.4.6 Using the stop valve and service port

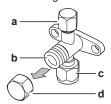
CAUTION

Do NOT open the valves before flaring is complete. This would cause refrigerant gas leakage.

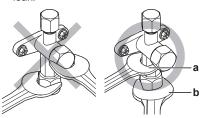
To handle the stop valve

Take the following guidelines into account:

- The stop valves are factory closed.
- The following figure shows the stop valve parts required when handling the valve.



- Service port and service port cap
- Valve stem
- Field piping connection
- Stem cap
- · Keep both stop valves open during operation.
- Do NOT apply excessive force to the valve stem. Doing so may break the valve body.
- ALWAYS make sure to secure the stop valve with a spanner, then loosen or tighten the flare nut with a torque wrench. Do NOT place the spanner on the stem cap, as this could cause a refrigerant leak.



- Spanner
- Torque wrench
- When it is expected that the operating pressure will be low (e.g. when cooling will be performed while the outside air temperature is low), sufficiently seal the flare nut in the stop valve on the gas line with silicon sealant to prevent freezing.

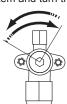


Silicon sealant; make sure there is no gap.

To open/close the stop valve

- 1 Remove the stop valve cover.
- Insert a hexagon wrench (liquid side: 4 mm, gas side: 4 mm) into the valve stem and turn the valve stem:



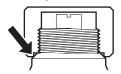


Counterclockwise to open. Clockwise to close

When the stop valve CANNOT be turned any further, stop turning. The valve is now open/closed.

To handle the stem cap

 The stem cap is sealed where indicated with the arrow. Do NOT damage it.



 After handling the stop valve, tighten the stem cap, and check for refrigerant leaks.

Item	Tightening torque (N·m)
Stem cap, liquid side	21~28
Stem cap, gas side	21~28 ^(a)
	49~59 ^(b)

- (a) For class 35 (b) For class 50+60

To handle the service cap

- ALWAYS use a charge hose equipped with a valve depressor pin, since the service port is a Schrader type valve.
- After handling the service port, tighten the service port cap, and check for refrigerant leaks.

Item	Tightening torque (N·m)
Service port cap	11~14

6.4.7 Connections between outdoor and indoor unit using reducers



INFORMATION

- Use reducers in case the indoor unit refrigerant piping diameter does NOT match the outdoor unit refrigerant piping diameter.
- Apply the reducers on the indoor unit side.
- ALWAYS use the same piping diameters as the connections on the outdoor unit.
- See the installation manual of the reducers option.

Coat the threaded connection port of the outdoor unit where the flare nut comes in with refrigeration oil.



NOTICE

Use an appropriate wrench to avoid damaging the connection thread by overtightening the flare nut. Be careful NOT to overtighten the nut, or the smaller pipe may be damaged (about 2/3-1× the normal torque).

6.4.8 To connect the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit

- · Piping length. Keep field piping as short as possible.
- Piping protection. Protect the field piping against physical damage.
- 1 Connect the liquid refrigerant connection from the indoor unit to the liquid stop valve of the outdoor unit.



- a Liquid stop valve
- **b** Gas stop valve
- c Service port

2 Connect the gas refrigerant connection from the indoor unit to the gas stop valve of the outdoor unit.



NOTICE

It is recommended that the refrigerant piping between indoor and outdoor unit is installed in a ducting or the refrigerant piping is wrapped with finishing tape.

6.5 Checking the refrigerant piping

6.5.1 About checking the refrigerant piping

The outdoor unit's **internal** refrigerant piping has been factory tested for leaks. You only have to check the outdoor unit's **external** refrigerant piping.

Before checking the refrigerant piping

Make sure the refrigerant piping is connected between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit.

Typical workflow

Checking the refrigerant piping typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Checking for leaks in the refrigerant piping.
- 2 Performing vacuum drying to remove all moisture, air or nitrogen from the refrigerant piping.

If there is a possibility of moisture being present in the refrigerant piping (for example, water may have entered the piping), first carry out the vacuum drying procedure below until all moisture has been removed.

6.5.2 Precautions when checking the refrigerant piping



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- · General safety precautions
- Preparation



NOTICE

Use a 2-stage vacuum pump with a non-return valve that can evacuate to a gauge pressure of -100.7 kPa (-1.007 bar)(5 Torr absolute). Make sure the pump oil does not flow oppositely into the system while the pump is not working.



NOTICE

Use this vacuum pump for R32 exclusively. Using the same pump for other refrigerants may damage the pump and the unit.



NOTICE

- Connect the vacuum pump to the service port of the gas stop valve.
- Make sure that the gas stop valve and liquid stop valve are firmly closed before performing the leak test or vacuum drying.

6.5.3 To check for leaks



NOTICE

Do NOT exceed the unit's maximum working pressure (see "PS High" on the unit name plate).



NOTICE

Make sure to use a recommended bubble test solution from your wholesaler. Do not use soap water, which may cause cracking of flare nuts (soap water may contain salt, which absorbs moisture that will freeze when the piping gets cold), and/or lead to corrosion of flared joints (soap water may contain ammonia which causes a corrosive effect between the brass flare nut and the copper flare).

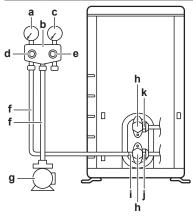
- 1 Charge the system with nitrogen gas up to a gauge pressure of at least 200 kPa (2 bar). It is recommended to pressurize to 3000 kPa (30 bar) in order to detect small leaks.
- 2 Check for leaks by applying the bubble test solution to all connections.
- 3 Discharge all nitrogen gas.

6.5.4 To perform vacuum drying



DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

Do NOT start the unit if it is vacuumed



- a Low pressure gauge
- b Gauge manifold
- c High pressure gauge
- d Low-pressure valve (Lo)
- High-pressure valve (Hi)
- f Charging hoses
- g Vacuum pump h Valve caps
- i Service port
- j Gas stop valve
- k Liquid stop valve
- 1 Vacuum the system until the pressure on the manifold indicates -0.1 MPa (-1 bar).
- 2 Leave as is for 4-5 minutes and check the pressure:

If the pressure	Then
Does not change	There is no moisture in the system. This procedure is finished.
Increases	There is moisture in the system. Go to the next step.

- 3 Vacuum the system for at least 2 hours to a manifold pressure of -0.1 MPa (-1 bar).
- 4 After turning the pump OFF, check the pressure for at least 1 hour.
- 5 If you do NOT reach the target vacuum or CANNOT maintain the vacuum for 1 hour, do the following:
 - Check for leaks again.
 - Perform vacuum drying again.



NOTICE

Make sure to open the stop valves after installing the refrigerant piping and performing vacuum drying. Running the system with the stop valves closed may break the compressor.



INFORMATION

After opening the stop valve, it is possible that the pressure in the refrigerant piping does NOT increase. This might be caused by e.g. the closed state of the expansion valve in the outdoor unit circuit, but does NOT present any problem for correct operation of the unit.

6.6 Charging refrigerant

6.6.1 About charging refrigerant

The outdoor unit is factory charged with refrigerant, but in some cases the following might be necessary:

What	When
Charging additional refrigerant	When the total liquid piping length is more than specified (see later).
Completely recharging refrigerant	Example:
	When relocating the system.
	After a leak.

Charging additional refrigerant

Before charging additional refrigerant, make sure the outdoor unit's **external** refrigerant piping is checked (leak test, vacuum drying).



INFORMATION

Depending on the units and/or the installation conditions, it might be necessary to connect electrical wiring before you can charge refrigerant.

Typical workflow – Charging additional refrigerant typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Determining if and how much you have to charge additionally.
- 2 If necessary, charging additional refrigerant.
- 3 Filling in the fluorinated greenhouse gases label, and fixing it to the inside of the outdoor unit.

Completely recharging refrigerant

Before completely recharging refrigerant, make sure the following is done:

- 1 All refrigerant is recovered from the system.
- 2 The outdoor unit's external refrigerant piping is checked (leak test, vacuum drying).
- 3 Vacuum drying on the outdoor unit's internal refrigerant piping is performed.



NOTICE

Before completely recharging, perform vacuum drying on the outdoor unit's **internal** refrigerant piping as well.

Typical workflow – Completely recharging refrigerant typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Determining how much refrigerant to charge.
- 2 Charging refrigerant.
- 3 Filling in the fluorinated greenhouse gases label, and fixing it to the inside of the outdoor unit.

6.6.2 About the refrigerant

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Do NOT vent gases into the atmosphere.

Refrigerant type: R32

Global warming potential (GWP) value: 675



WARNING: FLAMMABLE MATERIAL

The refrigerant inside this unit is mildly flammable.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn refrigerant cycle parts.
- Do NOT use cleaning materials or means to accelerate the defrosting process other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that the refrigerant inside the system is odourless.



WARNING

The refrigerant inside the unit is mildly flammable, but normally does NOT leak. If the refrigerant leaks in the room and comes in contact with fire from a burner, a heater, or a cooker, this may result in fire, or the formation of a harmful gas.

Turn off any combustible heating devices, ventilate the room, and contact the dealer where you purchased the unit

Do NOT use the unit until a service person confirms that the part from which the refrigerant leaked has been repaired.

6.6.3 Precautions when charging refrigerant



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- General safety precautions
- Preparation

6.6.4 To determine the additional refrigerant amount

If the total liquid piping length is	Then
≤30 m	Do NOT add additional refrigerant.
>30 m	R=(total length (m) of liquid piping– 30 m)×0.020
	R=Additional charge (kg) (rounded in units of 0.1 kg)



INFORMATION

Piping length is the one-way length of liquid piping.

6.6.5 To determine the complete recharge amount



INFORMATION

If a complete recharge is necessary, the total refrigerant charge is: the factory refrigerant charge (see unit name plate) + the determined additional amount.

6.6.6 To charge additional refrigerant

<u>/</u>!\

WARNING

- Only use R32 as refrigerant. Other substances may cause explosions and accidents.
- R32 contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Its global warming potential (GWP) value is 675. Do NOT vent these gases into the atmosphere.
- When charging refrigerant, ALWAYS use protective gloves and safety glasses.



CAUTION

To avoid compressor breakdown, do NOT charge more than the specified amount of refrigerant.

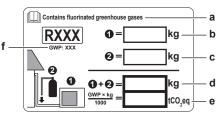
Prerequisite: Before charging refrigerant, make sure the refrigerant piping is connected and checked (leak test and vacuum drying).

- 1 Connect the refrigerant cylinder to the service port.
- 2 Charge the additional refrigerant amount.
- 3 Open the gas stop valve.

If pump down is needed in case of dismantling or relocating the system, see "12.2 To pump down" on page 23 for more details.

6.6.7 To fix the fluorinated greenhouse gases label

1 Fill in the label as follows:



- a If a multilingual fluorinated greenhouse gases label is delivered with the unit (see accessories), peel off the applicable language and stick it on top of a.
- **b** Factory refrigerant charge: see unit name plate
- c Additional refrigerant amount charged
- d Total refrigerant charge
- Greenhouse gas emissions of the total refrigerant charge expressed as tonnes CO₂ equivalent
- f GWP = Global warming potential



NOTICE

In Europe, the **greenhouse gas emissions** of the total refrigerant charge in the system (expressed as tonnes ${\rm CO_2}$ equivalent) is used to determine the maintenance intervals. Follow the applicable legislation.

Formula to calculate the greenhouse gas emissions: GWP value of the refrigerant × Total refrigerant charge [in kg] / 1000

2 Fix the label on the inside of the outdoor unit near the gas and liquid stop valves.

6.7 Connecting the electrical wiring

6.7.1 About connecting the electrical wiring

Before connecting the electrical wiring

Make sure:

- The refrigerant piping is connected and checked
- The water piping is connected

Typical workflow

Connecting the electrical wiring typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Making sure the power supply system complies with the electrical specifications of the units.
- 2 Connecting the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit.
- 3 Connecting the electrical wiring to the indoor unit.
- 4 Connecting the main power supply.

6.7.2 Precautions when connecting the electrical wiring



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- · General safety precautions
- Preparation



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



WARNING

Use an all-pole disconnection type breaker with at least 3 mm between the contact point gaps that provide full disconnection under overvoltage category III.



WARNING

If the supply cord is damaged, it MUST be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.



WARNING

Do NOT connect the power supply to the indoor unit. This could result in electrical shock or fire.



WARNING

- Do NOT use locally purchased electrical parts inside the product.
- Do NOT branch the power supply for the drain pump, etc. from the terminal block. This could result in electrical shock or fire.



WARNING

Keep the interconnection wiring away from copper pipes without thermal insulation as such pipes will be very hot.



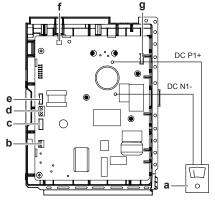
DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

All electrical parts (including thermistors) are powered by the power supply. Do not touch them with bare hands.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Disconnect the power supply for more than 10 minutes, and measure the voltage at the terminals of main circuit capacitors or electrical components before servicing. The voltage MUST be less than 50 V DC before you can touch electrical components. For the location of the terminals, see the wiring diagram.

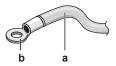


- a Multimeter (DC voltage range)
- b S80 reversing solenoid valve lead wire
- c S20 electronic expansion valve lead wire
- d S40 thermal overload relay lead wiree S90 thermistor lead wire
- f LFD
- g S70 fan motor lead wire

6.7.3 Guidelines when connecting the electrical wiring

Keep the following in mind:

 If stranded conductor wires are used, install a round crimp-style terminal on the end of the wire. Place the round crimp-style terminal on the wire up to the covered part and fasten the terminal with the appropriate tool.



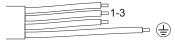
- a Stranded conductor wire
- b Round crimp-style terminal
- Use the following methods for installing wires:

Wire type	Installation method
Single-core wire	tA A' c AA' a
	a Curled single-core wire
	b Screw
	c Flat washer
Stranded conductor wire with round crimp-style terminal	cb B B bc
	a Terminal
	b Screw
	c Flat washer
	O Allowed
	X NOT allowed

Tightening torques

Item	Tightening torque (N•m)
M4 (X1M)	1.5~1.6
M4 (earth)	

- If single-core wires are used, be sure to curl the end of the lead.
 Improper work may cause heat or fire.
- The earth wire between the wire retainer and the terminal must be longer than the other wires.



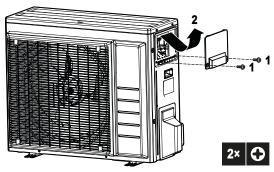
6.7.4 Specifications of standard wiring components

Component		RZAG35A, RZAG50A	RZAG60A ^(a)
Power supply	Voltage	220~240 V	
cable	Phase	1~	
	Frequency	50 Hz	
	Wire sizes	3-core cable	
		2.5 mm ² ~4.0 mm ²	
		H05RN-F (60	0245 IEC 57)
Interconnection cable (indoor↔outdoor)		4-core	cable
		1.5 mm ² ~2.5 mn for 220	n² and applicable ~240 V
		H05RN-F (60	0245 IEC 57)
Recommended field fuse		16 A	20 A
Earth leakage circuit breaker			with applicable ation

 (a) Electrical equipment comply with EN/IEC 61000-3-12.
 (European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.)

6.7.5 To connect the electrical wiring on the outdoor unit

1 Remove the switch box cover.

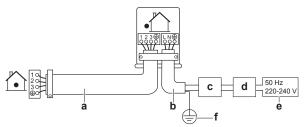


2 Strip insulation (20 mm) from the wires.

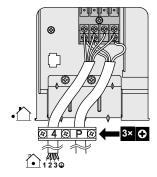




- a Strip wire end to this point
- b Excessive strip length may cause electrical shock or leakage.
- 3 Open the wire clamp.
- 4 Connect the interconnection cable and power supply as follows:



- a Interconnection cable
- **b** Power supply cable
- c Field fuse
- d Earth leakage circuit breaker
- e Power supply
- f Earth



- 5 Tighten the terminal screws securely. We recommend using a Phillips screwdriver.
- 6 Install the switch box cover.

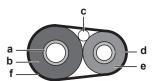
6.8 Finishing the outdoor unit installation

6.8.1 To finish the outdoor unit installation



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

- Make sure that the system is earthed properly.
- Turn off the power supply before servicing.
- Install the switch box cover before turning on the power supply.
- 1 Insulate and fix the refrigerant piping and interconnection cable as follows:



- a Gas pipe
- **b** Gas pipe insulation
- c Interconnection cable
- d Liquid pipe
- e Liquid pipe insulation
- f Finishing tape
- 2 Install the service cover.

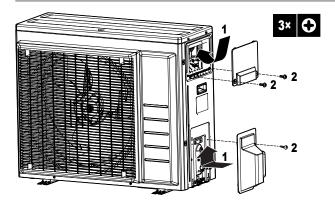
6.8.2 To close the outdoor unit



NOTICE

When closing the outdoor unit cover, make sure that the tightening torque does NOT exceed 1.3 N•m.

7 Configuration



6.9 About the compressor



DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

- Use a pipe cutter to remove the compressor.
- Do NOT use the brazing torch.
- · Use approved refrigerants and lubricants only.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

Do NOT touch the compressor with bare hands.

7 Configuration

7.1 Standby electricity saving function

7.1.1 About the standby electricity saving function

This mode turns OFF the power supply of the outdoor unit and sets the indoor unit into the standby saving mode to reduce the power consumption of the unit.

This mode is only applicable for outdoor units: RZAG35A, RZAG50A, RZAG60A and indoor units: FTXM.



INFORMATION

The standby electricity saving can ONLY be used for the units described above.



WARNING

Before connecting or disconnecting the connector, make sure the power supply is turned off.



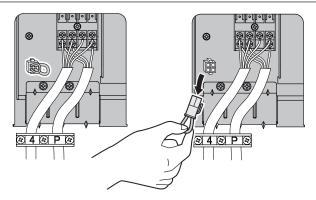
INFORMATION

Selective connector for standby electricity saving is required if other than applicable indoor unit is connected.

7.1.2 To turn on standby electricity saving function

Prerequisite: The main power supply MUST be turned off.

- 1 Remove the service cover.
- 2 Disconnect the selective standby electricity saving connector.



3 Turn on the main power supply.

8 Commissioning

8.1 Overview: Commissioning

This chapter describes what you have to do and know to commission the system after it is configured.

Typical workflow

Commissioning typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Checking the "Checklist before commissioning".
- 2 Performing a test run for the system.

8.2 Precautions when commissioning



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING



CAUTION

Do NOT perform the test operation while working on the indoor units.

When performing the test operation, NOT only the outdoor unit, but the connected indoor unit will operate as well. Working on an indoor unit while performing a test operation is dangerous.



CAUTION

Do NOT insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. Do NOT remove the fan guard. When the fan is rotating at high speed, it will cause injury.

During test operation, the outdoor unit and the indoor units will start up. Make sure that the preparations of all indoor units are finished (field piping, electrical wiring, air purge, ...). See installation manual of the indoor units for details.

8.3 Checklist before commissioning

After the installation of the unit, first check the following items. Once all below checks are fulfilled, the unit MUST be closed, ONLY then can the unit be powered up.

The indoor unit is properly mounted.
The outdoor unit is properly mounted.
The system is properly earthed and the earth terminals are tightened.
The fuses or locally installed protection devices are installed according to this document, and have NOT been bypassed.

	The power supply voltage matches the voltage on the identification label of the unit.
	There are NO loose connections or damaged electrical components in the switch box.
	There are NO damaged components or squeezed pipes on the inside of the indoor and outdoor units.
	There are NO refrigerant leaks.
	The refrigerant pipes (gas and liquid) are thermally insulated.
	The correct pipe size is installed and the pipes are properly insulated.
	The stop valves (gas and liquid) on the outdoor unit are fully open.
	The following field wiring has been carried out according to this document and the applicable legislation between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit.
П	Drainage
	Make sure drainage flows smoothly.
	Possible consequence: Condensate water might drip.
	The indoor unit receives the signals of the user interface.

8.4 Checklist during commissioning

To perform an air purge .
To perform a test run .

8.5 To perform a test run

Prerequisite: Power supply MUST be in the specified range.

Prerequisite: Test run may be performed in cooling or heating mode.

Prerequisite: Test run should be performed in accordance with the operation manual of the indoor unit to make sure that all functions and parts are working properly.

- 1 In cooling mode, select the lowest programmable temperature. In heating mode, select the highest programmable temperature. Test run can be disabled if necessary.
- 2 When the test run is finished, set the temperature to a normal level. In cooling mode: 26~28°C, in heating mode: 20~24°C.
- 3 The system stops operating 3 minutes after the unit is turned OFF.



INFORMATION

- · Even if the unit is turned OFF, it consumes electricity.
- When the power turns back on after a power break, the previously selected mode will be resumed.

8.6 Starting up the outdoor unit

See the indoor unit installation manual for configuration and commissioning of the system.

9 Hand-over to the user

Once the test run is finished and the unit operates properly, please make sure the following is clear for the user:

- Make sure that the user has the printed documentation and ask him/her to keep it for future reference. Inform the user that he can find the complete documentation at the URL mentioned earlier in this manual.
- Explain the user how to properly operate the system and what to do in case of problems.
- . Show the user what to do for the maintenance of the unit.
- Explain the user about energy saving tips as described in the operation manual.

10 Maintenance and service



NOTICE

Maintenance MUST be done by an authorized installer or service agent.

We recommend performing maintenance at least once a year. However, applicable legislation might require shorter maintenance intervals.



NOTICE

In Europe, the **greenhouse gas emissions** of the total refrigerant charge in the system (expressed as tonnes ${\rm CO_2}$ equivalent) is used to determine the maintenance intervals. Follow the applicable legislation.

Formula to calculate the greenhouse gas emissions: GWP value of the refrigerant × Total refrigerant charge [in kg] / 1000

10.1 Overview: Maintenance and service

This chapter contains information about:

· The yearly maintenance of the outdoor unit

10.2 Maintenance safety precautions



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING



NOTICE: Risk of electrostatic discharge

Before performing any maintenance or service work, touch a metal part of the unit in order to eliminate static electricity and to protect the PCB.



WARNING

- Before carrying out any maintenance or repair activity, ALWAYS switch off the circuit breaker on the supply panel, remove the fuses or open the protection devices of the unit.
- Do NOT touch live parts for 10 minutes after the power supply is turned off because of high voltage risk.
- Please note that some sections of the electric component box are hot.
- Make sure you do NOT touch a conductive section.
- Do NOT rinse the unit. This may cause electric shocks or fire.

10.3 Checklist for yearly maintenance of the outdoor unit

Check the following at least once a year:

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11 Troubleshooting

Heat exchanger

The heat exchanger of the outdoor unit can get blocked up due to dust, dirt, leaves, etc. It is recommended to clean the heat exchanger yearly. A blocked heat exchanger can lead to too low pressure or too high pressure leading to worse performance.

11 **Troubleshooting**

11.1 **Overview: Troubleshooting**

This chapter describes what you have to do in case of problems.

It contains information about solving problems based on symptoms.

Before troubleshooting

Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the unit and look for obvious defects such as loose connections or defective wiring.

11.2 Precautions when troubleshooting



WARNING

- When carrying out an inspection on the switch box of the unit, ALWAYS make sure that the unit is disconnected from the mains. Turn off the respective circuit breaker.
- When a safety device was activated, stop the unit and find out why the safety device was activated before resetting it. NEVER shunt safety devices or change their values to a value other than the factory default setting. If you are unable to find the cause of the problem, call your dealer.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



WARNING

Prevent hazards due to inadvertent resetting of the thermal cut-out: power to this appliance MUST NOT be supplied through an external switching device, such as a timer, or connected to a circuit that is regularly turned ON and OFF by the utility.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

11.3 Solving problems based on symptoms

11.3.1 Symptom: Indoor units fall, vibrate or make noise

Possible causes	Corrective action		
The indoor units are not installed securely	Install the indoor units securely.		

11.3.2 Symptom: The unit is NOT heating or cooling as expected

Possible causes	Corrective action	
Wrong connection of the electrical wires	Connect the electrical wires correctly.	
Gas leakage	Check for gas leakage.	

11.3.3 Symptom: Water leakage

Possible causes	Corrective action
Incomplete thermal insulation (gas and liquid piping, indoor portions of the drain hose extension)	Make sure the thermal insulation of the piping and the drain hose is complete.
Improperly connected drainage	Secure the drainage.

11.3.4 Symptom: Electrical leakage

Corrective action	
neck and correct the nnection of the earth wiring.	

11.3.5 Symptom: Unit does NOT function or burn damage

Possible causes	Corrective action		
The wiring was NOT performed in accordance with the specifications	Correct the wiring.		

11.3.6 Symptom: Indoor unit is running only with fixed fan speed, not possible to change fan speed

Possible causes	Corrective action	
Indoor unit has fixed fan speed in	It is normal behaviour. All fan	
cooling mode when outdoor	speeds will become available	
ambient temperature drops	when outdoor ambient	
below -10°C.	temperature rises again.	

11.3.7 Symptom: Unit goes to defrost operation even when the heat exchanger is not frozen

Possible causes	Corrective action
It is normal behaviour related to reliability of the system.	In case the piping length is <30 m and the level difference between the indoor and the outdoor unit is <20 m, you can turn off this function by cutting the jumper J6 on the outdoor unit PCB. The main power supply MUST be turned off when cutting the jumper.

11.4 Fault diagnosis using LED on outdoor unit PCB

LED is.		Diagnosis	
-)	flashing	Normal.	
		Check the indoor unit.	
\	ON	Turn the power OFF and back ON, and check the LED within approximately 3 minutes. If the LED is ON again, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.	

LED is		Diagnosis	
•	OFF	1 Supply voltage (for power saving).	
		2	Power supply fault.
		3	Turn the power OFF and back ON, and check the LED within approximately 3 minutes. If the LED is ON again, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

- When the unit is not operating, the LEDs on the PCB are turned off in order to save power.
- Even when the LEDs are off, the terminal block and the PCB may be powered.

12 Disposal



NOTICE

Do NOT try to dismantle the system yourself: dismantling of the system, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and other parts MUST comply with applicable legislation. Units MUST be treated at a specialised treatment facility for reuse, recycling and recovery.

12.1 Overview: Disposal

Typical workflow

Disposing of the system typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Pumping down the system.
- 2 Bringing the system to a specialized treatment facility.



INFORMATION

For more details, see the service manual.

12.2 To pump down

Example: To protect the environment, pump down when relocating the unit or when disposing of the unit.



NOTICE

Remove the additional refrigerant from the system before starting the pump down operation.



DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

Pump down – Refrigerant leakage. If you want to pump down the system, and there is a leak in the refrigerant circuit:

- Do NOT use the unit's automatic pump down function, with which you can collect all refrigerant from the system into the outdoor unit. Possible consequence: Self-combustion and explosion of the compressor because of air going into the operating compressor.
- Use a separate recovery system so that the unit's compressor does NOT have to operate.

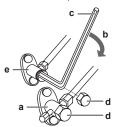


NOTICE

During pump down operation, stop the compressor before removing the refrigerant piping. If the compressor is still running and the stop valve is open during pump down, air will be sucked into the system. Compressor breakdown or damage to the system can result due to abnormal pressure in the refrigerant cycle.

Pump down operation will extract all refrigerant from the system into the outdoor unit.

- 1 Remove the valve cap from the liquid stop valve and the gas stop valve.
- 2 Carry out forced cooling. See "12.3 To start and stop forced cooling" on page 23.
- 3 After 5-10 minutes (in case of wall mounted unit after 5-8 minutes), close the liquid stop valve with a hexagonal wrench. In case of very low ambient temperatures (<-10°C), close the liquid stop valve after only 1 or 2 minutes.</p>
- 4 Check on the manifold if the vacuum is reached.
- **5** After 3-4 minutes (in case of wall mounted unit after 6-7 minutes), close the gas stop valve and stop forced cooling.



- a Gas stop valve
- **b** Closing direction
- c Hexagonal wrench
- d Valve cap
- e Liquid stop valve

12.3 To start and stop forced cooling

There are 2 methods to perform forced cooling.

- Method 1. Using the indoor unit ON/OFF switch (if present on the indoor unit).
- Method 2. Using the indoor unit user interface.

12.3.1 To start/stop forced cooling using the indoor unit ON/OFF switch

1 Press the ON/OFF switch for at least 5 seconds.

Result: Operation will start.



INFORMATION

Forced cooling stops automatically after 15 minutes.

2 To stop operation sooner, press the ON/OFF switch.

12.3.2 To start/stop forced cooling using the indoor unit user interface

1 Set the operation mode to cooling.

For the procedure, refer to "To perform a test run" in the installation manual of the indoor unit.

Note: Forced cooling will stop automatically after around 30 minutes.

2 To stop operation sooner, press the ON/OFF switch.



INFORMATION

If forced cooling is used and the outside temperature is < -10° C, the safety device may prevent operation. Warm the outside temperature thermistor on the outdoor unit to $\geq -10^{\circ}$ C. **Result:** Operation will start.

13 **Technical data**

A **subset** of the latest technical data is available on the regional Daikin website (publicly accessible). The **full set** of latest technical data is available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

Wiring diagram 13.1

The wiring diagram is delivered with the unit, located inside of the outdoor unit (bottom side of the top plate).

	Unified Wiring Di	agram Legend	
For applied parts and numbering, refer to the wiring diagram on the unit. Part numbering is by Arabic numbers in ascending order for each part and is represented in the overview below by symbol "*" in the part code.			
	CIRCUIT BREAKER	(b)	: PROTECTIVE EARTH
· ·	CONNECTION		: PROTECTIVE EARTH (SCREW)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CONNECTOR	A	: RECTIFIER
<u> </u>	EARTH	—)—	: RELAY CONNECTOR
:::	FIELD WIRING	9	: SHORT-CIRCUIT CONNECTOR
:	FUSE	_	: TERMINAL
<u></u>	INDOOR UNIT		: TERMINAL STRIP
NDOOR :	OUTDOOR UNIT	O •	: WIRE CLAMP
UTDOOR			
BLK : BLACK		PNK : PINK	WHT : WHITE
BLU : BLUE		PRP, PPL: PURPLE	YLW : YELLOW
BRN : BROWN	ORG : ORANGE	RED : RED	
.*P :	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	PS	: SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY
S* :	PUSHBUTTON ON/OFF, OPERATION SWITCH	PTC*	: THERMISTOR PTC
Z, H*O :	BUZZER	Q*	: INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR
**	CAPACITOR		(IGBT)
C*, CN*, E*, HA*, HE*, HL*, HN*, :	CONNECTION, CONNECTOR	Q*DI	: EARTH LEAK CIRCUIT BREAKER
HR*, MR*_A, MR*_B, S*, U, V,		Q*L	: OVERLOAD PROTECTOR
v, x*A, K*R_*		Q*M	: THERMO SWITCH
)*, V*D :	DIODE	R*	: RESISTOR
)B* :	DIODE BRIDGE	R*T	: THERMISTOR
)S* :	DIP SWITCH	RC	: RECEIVER
: !*H :	HEATER	S*C	: LIMIT SWITCH
U, FU (FOR CHARACTERISTICS, :	FUSE	S*L	: FLOAT SWITCH
REFER TO PCB INSIDE YOUR UNIT)	1 002		: PRESSURE SENSOR (HIGH)
G* :	CONNECTOR (FRAME GROUND)		: PRESSURE SENSOR (LOW)
d	HARNESS		: PRESSURE SWITCH (HIGH)
· . 	PILOT LAMP, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE	S*PL	: PRESSURE SWITCH (LOW)
HAP :	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (SERVICE MONITOR G		: THERMOSTAT
HIGH VOLTAGE :	HIGH VOLTAGE	S*RH	: HUMIDITY SENSOR
ES :	INTELLIGENT EYE SENSOR	: OPERATION SWITCH	
PM* :		: SURGE ARRESTOR	
(*R, KCR, KFR, KHuR, K*M :	INTELLIGENT POWER MODULE MAGNETIC RELAY	: SIGNAL RECEIVER	
	LIVE	SR*, WLU SS*	: SELECTOR SWITCH
<u>.</u>	COIL	SHEET METAL	
- _*R :	REACTOR		: TRANSFORMER
л* :	STEPPER MOTOR		: TRANSMITTER
и*C :	COMPRESSOR MOTOR		: VARISTOR
м*F :	FAN MOTOR	V*R	: DIODE BRIDGE
м [*] Р :	DRAIN PUMP MOTOR		: WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROLLER
M*S :	SWING MOTOR	X*	: TERMINAL
MR*, MRCW*, MRM*, MRN* :	MAGNETIC RELAY		: TERMINAL STRIP (BLOCK)
VII. , IVII.COV , IVII.CIVI , IVII.CIVI	NEUTRAL		: ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE COIL
n=*, N=*	NUMBER OF PASSES THROUGH FERRITE COF		: REVERSING SOLENOID VALVE COIL
PAM :	PULSE-AMPLITUDE MODULATION		: FERRITE CORE
PCB* :	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD		: NOISE FILTER
	LIMITED OUTOOTT DOWND	∠ı, ∠ Γ	. NOIDETILIEN

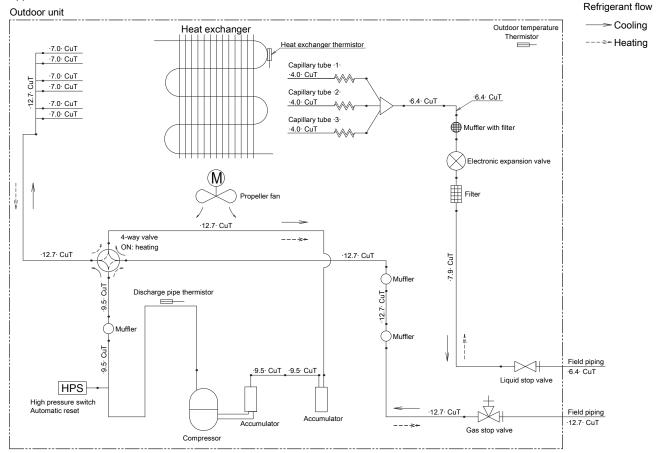
13.2 Piping diagram

13.2.1 Piping diagram: Outdoor unit

Applicable for: RZAG35A Refrigerant flow Outdoor unit Cooling Outdoor temperature Thermistor Heat exchanger ---≥- Heating Heat exchanger thermistor ·7.0· CuT ·7.0· CuT Capillary tube ·1· ·7.0· CuT ·4.0· CuT -7.0· CuT Capillary tube ·2· ·6.4· CuT ·6.4· CuT ·7.0· CuT ·4.0· CuT ·7.0· CuT Capillary tube ·3· Muffler with filter -4.0· CuT Electronic expansion valve Propeller fan ·12.7· CuT 4-way valve ON: heating .12.7. CuT ·12.7· CuT 7.9 CuT ·9.5· CuT Discharge pipe thermistor ·9.5· CuT CuT Field piping ·9.5· CuT ·9.5· CuT Liquid stop valve HPS High pressure switch Automatic reset Field piping ·9.5· CuT Accumulator Accumulator Gas stop valve Compressor

PED categories of equipment - High pressure switch: category IV; Compressor: category II; Other equipment: art. 4§3.

Applicable for: RZAG50A, RZAG60A



PED categories of equipment - High pressure switch: category IV; Compressor: category II; Other equipment: art. 4§3.

14 Glossary

Dealer

Sales distributor for the product.

Authorized installer

Technical skilled person who is qualified to install the product.

User

Person who is owner of the product and/or operates the product.

Applicable legislation

All international, European, national and local directives, laws, regulations and/or codes that are relevant and applicable for a certain product or domain.

Service company

Qualified company which can perform or coordinate the required service to the product.

Installation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to install, configure and maintain it.

Operation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to operate it.

Maintenance instructions

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, which explains (if relevant) how to install, configure, operate and/or maintain the product or application.

Accessories

Labels, manuals, information sheets and equipment that are delivered with the product and that need to be installed according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

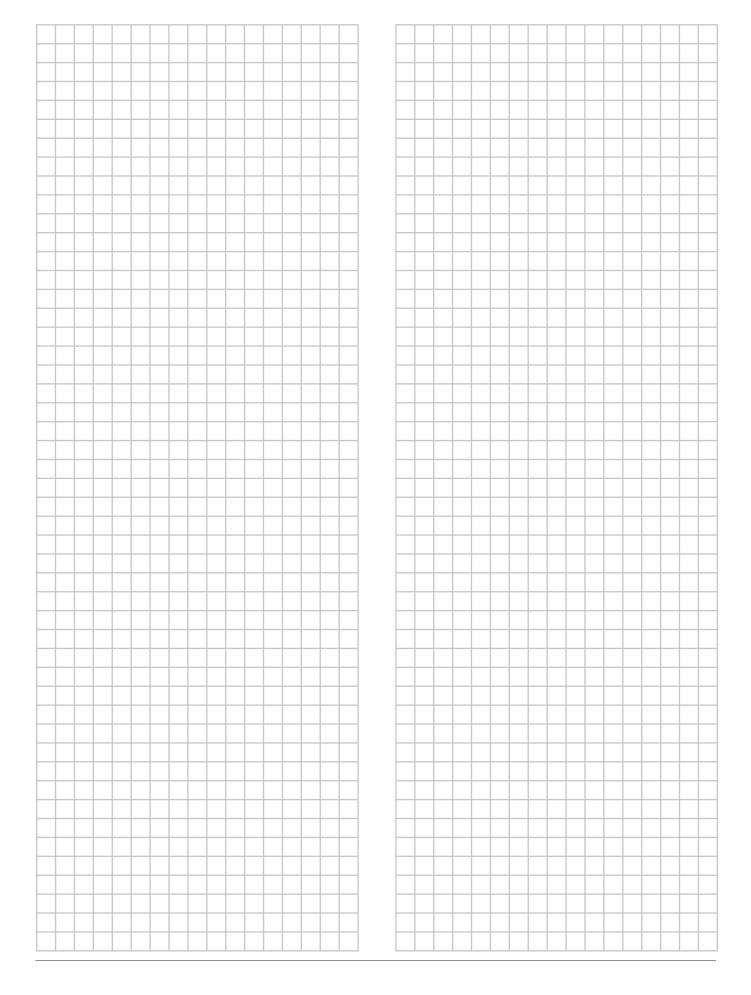
Optional equipment

Equipment made or approved by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Field supply

Equipment NOT made by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.





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