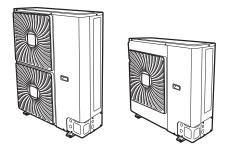


Installer reference guide

Split system air conditioners





AZQS100B8V1B AZQS125B8V1B AZQS140B8V1B

AZQS100B7Y1B AZQS125B7Y1B AZQS140B7Y1B

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1 General safety precautions

1.1 About the documentation

- The original documentation is written in English. All other languages are translations.
- The precautions described in this document cover very important topics, follow them carefully.
- The installation of the system, and all activities described in the installation manual and the installer reference guide must be performed by an authorized installer.

1.1.1 Meaning of warnings and symbols



DANGER

Indicates a situation that results in death or serious injury.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Indicates a situation that could result in electrocution.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

Indicates a situation that could result in burning because of extreme hot or cold temperatures.



WARNING

Indicates a situation that could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION

Indicates a situation that could result in minor or moderate injury.



NOTICE

Indicates a situation that could result in equipment or property damage.



INFORMATION

Indicates useful tips or additional information.

1.2 For the installer

1.2.1 General

If you are not sure how to install or operate the unit, contact your dealer.



NOTICE

Improper installation or attachment of equipment or accessories could result in electric shock, short-circuit, leaks, fire or other damage to the equipment. Only use accessories, optional equipment and spare parts made or approved by Daikin.



WARNING

Make sure installation, testing and applied materials comply with applicable legislation (on top of the instructions described in the Daikin documentation).



CAUTION

Wear adequate personal protective equipment (protective gloves, safety glasses,...) when installing, maintaining or servicing the system.

<u>\</u>

WARNING

Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that nobody, especially children, can play with them. Possible risk: suffocation.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

- Do NOT touch the refrigerant piping, water piping or internal parts during and immediately after operation. It could be too hot or too cold. Give it time to return to normal temperature. If you must touch it, wear protective gloves.
- Do NOT touch any accidental leaking refrigerant.



WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



CAUTION

Do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminum fins of the unit.



NOTICE

- Do NOT place any objects or equipment on top of the unit
- Do NOT sit, climb or stand on the unit.



NOTICE

Works executed on the outdoor unit are best done under dry weather conditions to avoid water ingress.

In accordance with the applicable legislation, it might be necessary to provide a logbook with the product containing at least: information on maintenance, repair work, results of tests, stand-by periods,...

Also, at least, following information must be provided at an accessible place at the product:

- Instructions for shutting down the system in case of an emergency
- · Name and address of fire department, police and hospital
- Name, address and day and night telephone numbers for obtaining service

In Europe, EN378 provides the necessary guidance for this logbook.

1.2.2 Installation site

- Provide sufficient space around the unit for servicing and air circulation.
- Make sure the installation site withstands the unit's weight and vibration
- Make sure the area is well ventilated.
- Make sure the unit is level.

Do NOT install the unit in the following places:

- In potentially explosive atmospheres.
- In places where there is machinery that emits electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the control system, and cause malfunction of the equipment.
- In places where there is a risk of fire due to the leakage of flammable gases (example: thinner or gasoline), carbon fibre, ignitable dust.
- In places where corrosive gas (example: sulphurous acid gas) is produced. Corrosion of copper pipes or soldered parts may cause the refrigerant to leak.

DAIKIN

1 General safety precautions

1.2.3 Refrigerant



NOTICE

Make sure refrigerant piping installation complies with applicable legislation. In Europe, EN378 is the applicable standard.



NOTICE

Make sure the field piping and connections are not subjected to stress.



WARNING

During tests, NEVER pressurize the product with a pressure higher than the maximum allowable pressure (as indicated on the nameplate of the unit).



WARNING

Take sufficient precautions in case of refrigerant leakage. If refrigerant gas leaks, ventilate the area immediately. Possible risks:

- Excessive refrigerant concentrations in a closed room can lead to oxygen deficiency.
- Toxic gas may be produced if refrigerant gas comes into contact with fire.



WARNING

Always recover the refrigerants. Do NOT release them directly into the environment. Use a vacuum pump to evacuate the installation.



NOTICE

After all the piping has been connected, make sure there is no gas leak. Use nitrogen to perform a gas leak detection.



NOTICE

- To avoid compressor breakdown, do NOT charge more than the specified amount of refrigerant.
- When the refrigerant system is to be opened, refrigerant must be treated according to the applicable legislation.



WARNING

Make sure there is no oxygen in the system. Refrigerant may only be charged after performing the leak test and the vacuum drying.

- In case re-charge is required, refer to the nameplate of the unit. It states the type of refrigerant and necessary amount.
- The unit is factory charged with refrigerant and depending on pipe sizes and pipe lengths some systems require additional charging of refrigerant.
- Only use tools exclusively for the refrigerant type used in the system, this to ensure pressure resistance and prevent foreign materials from entering into the system.
- Charge the liquid refrigerant as follows:

If	Then
A siphon tube is present	Charge with the cylinder upright.
(i.e., the cylinder is marked with "Liquid filling siphon attached")	

If	Then
1 '	Charge with the cylinder upside down.

- · Open refrigerant cylinders slowly.
- Charge the refrigerant in liquid form. Adding it in gas form may prevent normal operation.



CAUTION

When the refrigerant charging procedure is done or when pausing, close the valve of the refrigerant tank immediately. If the tank is left with the valve open, the amount of refrigerant which is properly charged may get off point. More refrigerant may be charged by any remaining pressure after the unit has stopped.

1.2.4 Brine

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



WARNING

The selection of the brine MUST be in accordance with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

Take sufficient precautions in case of brine leakage. If brine leaks, ventilate the area immediately and contact your local dealer.



WARNING

The ambient temperature inside the unit can get much higher than that of the room, e.g. 70°C. In case of a brine leak, hot parts inside the unit can create a hazardous situation.



WARNING

The use and installation of the application MUST comply with the safety and environmental precautions specified in the applicable legislation.

1.2.5 Water

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



NOTICE

Make sure water quality complies with EU directive 98/83 EC.

1.2.6 Electrical



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

- Turn OFF all power supply before removing the switch box cover, connecting electrical wiring or touching electrical parts.
- Disconnect the power supply for more than 1 minute, and measure the voltage at the terminals of main circuit capacitors or electrical components before servicing. The voltage MUST be less than 50 V DC before you can touch electrical components. For the location of the terminals, see the wiring diagram.
- Do NOT touch electrical components with wet hands.
- Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.



WARNING

If NOT factory installed, a main switch or other means for disconnection, having a contact separation in all poles providing full disconnection under overvoltage category III condition, shall be installed in the fixed wiring.



WARNING

- · ONLY use copper wires.
- Make sure the field wiring complies with the applicable legislation.
- All field wiring must be performed in accordance with the wiring diagram supplied with the product.
- NEVER squeeze bundled cables and make sure they do not come in contact with the piping and sharp edges. Make sure no external pressure is applied to the terminal connections.
- Make sure to install earth wiring. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earth may cause electrical shock.
- Make sure to use a dedicated power circuit. NEVER use a power supply shared by another appliance.
- Make sure to install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Make sure to install an earth leakage protector. Failure to do so may cause electric shock or fire.
- When installing the earth leakage protector, make sure it is compatible with the inverter (resistant to high frequency electric noise) to avoid unnecessary opening of the earth leakage protector.

Install power cables at least 1 meter away from televisions or radios to prevent interference. Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 1 meter may not be sufficient.



WARNING

- After finishing the electrical work, confirm that each electrical component and terminal inside the electrical components box is connected securely.
- Make sure all covers are closed before starting up the unit.



NOTICE

Only applicable if the power supply is three-phase, and the compressor has an ON/OFF starting method.

If there exists the possibility of reversed phase after a momentary black out and the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase can break the compressor and other parts.

2 About the documentation

2.1 About this document

Target audience

Authorised installers



INFORMATION

This appliance is intended to be used by expert or trained users in shops, in light industry and on farms, or for commercial use by lay persons.

Documentation set

This document is part of a documentation set. The complete set consists of:

Document	Contains	Format
General safety precautions	Safety instructions that you must read before installing	Paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)
Outdoor unit installation manual	Installation instructions	
Installer reference guide	Preparation of the installation, technical specifications, reference data,	Digital files on http:// www.daikineurope.com/ support-and-manuals/ product-information/.

Latest revisions of the supplied documentation may be available on the regional Daikin website or via your dealer.

2.2 Installer reference guide at a glance

Chantar	Decarintian
Chapter	Description
General safety	Safety instructions that you must read
precautions	before installing
About the documentation	What documentation exists for the installer
About the box	How to unpack the units and remove their accessories
About the units and	How to identify the units
options	 Possible combinations of units and options
Preparation	What to do and know before going on-site
Installation	What to do and know to install the system
Commissioning	What to do and know to commission the system after it is installed
Hand-over to the user	What to give and explain to the user
Maintenance and service	How to maintain and service the units
Troubleshooting	What to do in case of problems
Disposal	How to dispose of the system
Technical data	Specifications of the system
Glossary	Definition of terms

3 About the box

3.1 Overview: About the box

This chapter describes what you have to do after the box with the outdoor unit is delivered on-site.

It contains information about:

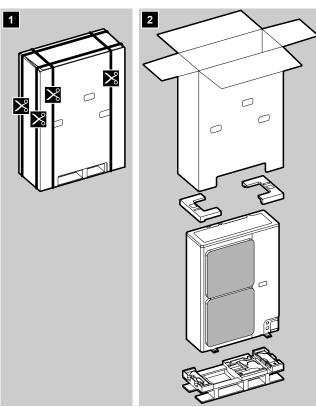
- Unpacking and handling the units
- · Removing the accessories from the units

Keep the following in mind:

- At delivery, the unit must be checked for damage. Any damage must be reported immediately to the carrier's claims agent.
- Bring the packed unit as close as possible to its final installation position to prevent damage during transport.

3.2 Outdoor unit

3.2.1 To unpack the outdoor unit



3.2.2 To handle the outdoor unit

Carry the unit slowly as shown:

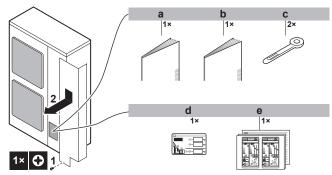




CAUTION

To avoid injury, do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminum fins of the unit.

3.2.3 To remove the accessories from the outdoor unit



- a General safety precautions
- **b** Outdoor unit installation manual
- c Cable tie
- d Fluorinated greenhouse gases label
- e Energy label

4 About the units and options

4.1 Overview: About the units and options

This chapter contains information about:

- · Identifying the outdoor unit
- · Combining the outdoor unit with options

4.2 Identification

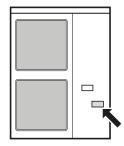


NOTICE

When installing or servicing several units at the same time, make sure NOT to switch the service panels between different models

4.2.1 Identification label: Outdoor unit

Location



4.3 Combining units and options

4.3.1 Possible options for the outdoor unit

Demand adaptor kit

Can be used for the following:

- · Low noise: To lower the operation sound of the outdoor unit.
- I-demand function: To limit the power consumption from the system (example: budget control, limit power consumption during peak moments...).

Model	Demand adaptor kit	
AZQS_Y1	KRP58M51	
AZQS_V1	KRP58M51MK	

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the demand adaptor kit.

5 Preparation

5.1 Overview: Preparation

This chapter describes what you have to do and know before going on-site.

It contains information about:

- · Preparing the installation site
- Preparing the refrigerant piping
- · Preparing the electrical wiring

5.2 Preparing installation site

Do NOT install the unit in places often used as work place. In case of construction works (e.g. grinding works) where a lot of dust is created, the unit must be covered.

Choose the installation location with sufficient place for carrying the unit in and out of the site.

5.2.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit



INFORMATION

Also read the following requirements:

- General installation site requirements. See the "General safety precautions" chapter.
- Service space requirements. See the "Technical data" chapter.
- Refrigerant piping requirements (length, height difference). See further in this "Preparation" chapter.

Mind the following:

- · Select a place where rain can be avoided as much as possible.
- Take care that in the event of a water leak, water cannot cause any damage to the installation space and surroundings.
- Choose a location where the hot/cold air discharged from the unit or the operation noise, will NOT disturb anyone.
- Heat exchanger fins are sharp and injury is possible. Choose an installation location where there is no risk for injury (especially in areas where children play).

Do NOT install the unit in the following places:

 Sound sensitive areas (e.g. near a bedroom and the like), so that the operation noise will cause no trouble.

Note: If the sound is measured under actual installation conditions, the measured value might be higher than the sound pressure level mentioned in Sound spectrum in the data book due to environmental noise and sound reflections.



INFORMATION

The sound pressure level is less than 70 dB(A).

 In places where a mineral oil mist, spray or vapour may be present in the atmosphere. Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off or cause water leakage.

It is NOT recommended to install the unit in the following places because it may shorten the life of the unit:

- in coastal areas or other places where the air contains high levels of salt. Corrosion may occur,
- · where the voltage fluctuates a lot,
- in vehicles or vessels,
- · where acidic or alkaline vapour is present.

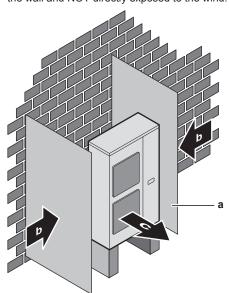
When the outdoor unit is subject to windy and/or low ambient temperatures, mind the following guidelines:

Strong winds (≥18 km/h) blowing against the outdoor unit's air outlet causes short circuit (suction of discharge air). This may result in:

- deterioration of the operational capacity;
- frequent frost acceleration in heating operation;
- disruption of operation due to decrease of low pressure or increase of high pressure;
- a broken fan (if a strong wind blows continuously on the fan, it may start rotating very fast, until it breaks).

It is recommended to install a baffle plate when the air outlet is exposed to wind.

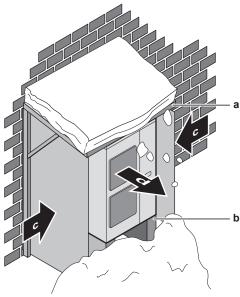
It is recommended to install the outdoor unit with the air inlet facing the wall and NOT directly exposed to the wind.



- a Baffle plate
- **b** Prevailing wind direction
- c Air outlet

5.2.2 Additional installation site requirements of the outdoor unit in cold climates

Protect the outdoor unit against direct snowfall and take care that the outdoor unit is NEVER snowed up.



- a Snow cover or shed
- **b** Pedestal (minimum height = 150 mm)
- c Prevailing wind direction
- d Air outlet

5.3 Preparing refrigerant piping

5.3.1 Refrigerant piping requirements



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the "General safety precautions" chapter.

Refrigerant piping material

- Piping material: Phosphoric acid deoxidised seamless copper.
- Piping temper grade and thickness:

Outer diameter (Ø)	Temper grade	Thickness (t) ^(a)	
6.4 mm (1/4")	Annealed	≥0.8 mm	Ø
9.5 mm (3/8")			
12.7 mm (1/2")			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
15.9 mm (5/8")	Annealed	≥1.0 mm	
19.1 mm (3/4")	Half hard		

- (a) Depending on the applicable legislation and the unit's maximum working pressure (see "PS High" on the unit name plate), larger piping thickness might be required.
- Flare connections: Only use annealed material.

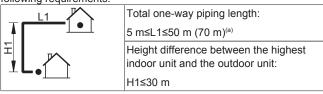
Refrigerant piping diameter

Use the same diameters as the connections on the outdoor units:

L1 liquid piping	Ø9.5 mm
L1 gas piping	Ø15.9 mm

Refrigerant piping length and height difference

The piping length and height difference must comply with the following requirements:



(a) Parenthesised figure represents the equivalent length.

5.3.2 Refrigerant piping insulation

- Use polyethylene foam as insulation material:
 - with a heat transfer rate between 0.041 and 0.052 W/mK (0.035 and 0.045 kcal/mh°C)
 - with a heat resistance of at least 120°C
- Insulation thickness

Ambient temperature	Humidity	Minimum thickness	
≤30°C	75% to 80% RH	15 mm	
>30°C	≥80% RH	20 mm	

5.4 Preparing electrical wiring

5.4.1 About preparing electrical wiring



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the "General safety precautions" chapter.



INFORMATION

Also read "6.7.5 Specifications of standard wiring components" on page 18.



WARNING

- If the power supply has a missing or wrong N-phase, equipment might break down.
- Establish proper earthing. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earthing may cause electrical shock.
- Install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties so that the cables do NOT come in contact with sharp edges or piping, particularly on the high-pressure side.
- Do NOT use taped wires, stranded conductor wires, extension cords, or connections from a star system.
 They can cause overheating, electrical shock or fire.
- Do NOT install a phase advancing capacitor, because this unit is equipped with an inverter. A phase advancing capacitor will reduce performance and may cause accidents.



WARNING

- All wiring must be performed by an authorized electrician and must comply with the applicable legislation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on the site and all electrical construction must comply with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.

6 Installation

6.1 Overview: Installation

This chapter describes what you have to do and know on-site to install the system.

Typical workflow

Installation typically consists of the following stages:

- · Mounting the outdoor unit.
- Mounting the indoor units.
- · Connecting the refrigerant piping.
- · Checking the refrigerant piping.
- · Charging refrigerant.
- · Connecting the electrical wiring.
- · Finishing the outdoor installation.
- · Finishing the indoor installation.



INFORMATION

For installation of the indoor unit (mounting the indoor unit, connecting the refrigerant piping to the indoor unit, connecting the electrical wiring to the indoor unit ...), see the installation manual of the indoor unit.

6.2 Opening the units

6.2.1 About opening the units

At certain times, you have to open the unit. Example:

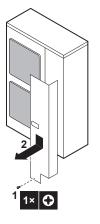
- · When connecting the refrigerant piping
- When connecting the electrical wiring
- When maintaining or servicing the unit



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.

6.2.2 To open the outdoor unit



6.3 Mounting the outdoor unit

6.3.1 About mounting the outdoor unit

Typical workflow

Mounting the outdoor unit typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Providing the installation structure.
- 2 Installing the outdoor unit.
- 3 Providing drainage.
- 4 Preventing the outdoor unit from falling over.
- 5 Protecting the unit against snow and wind by installing a snow cover and baffle plates. See "Preparing installation site" in "5 Preparation" on page 7.

6.3.2 Precautions when mounting the outdoor unit



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

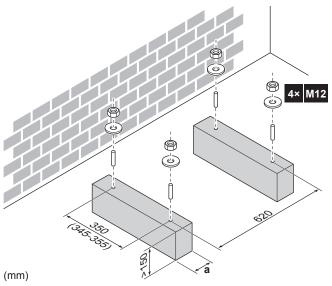
- · General safety precautions
- Preparation

6.3.3 To provide the installation structure

Check the strength and level of the installation ground so that the unit will not cause any operating vibration or noise.

Fix the unit securely by means of foundation bolts in accordance with the foundation drawing.

Prepare 4 sets of anchor bolts, nuts and washers (field supply) as follows:

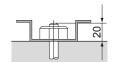


a Make sure not to cover the drain holes.



INFORMATION

The recommended height of the upper protruding part of the bolts is 20 mm.



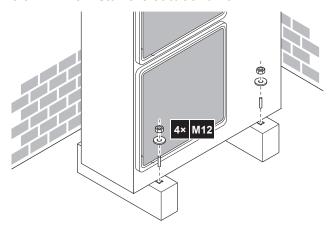


NOTICE

Fix the outdoor unit to the foundation bolts using nuts with resin washers (a). If the coating on the fastening area is stripped off, the nuts rust easily.



6.3.4 To install the outdoor unit



6.3.5 To provide drainage

- Make sure that condensation water can be evacuated properly.
- Install the unit on a base to make sure that there is a proper drainage in order to avoid ice accumulation.
- Prepare a water drainage channel around the foundation to drain waste water surrounding the unit.
- Avoid drain water flowing over the footpath, so that it does not become slippery in case of ambient freezing temperatures.
- If you install the unit on a frame, install a waterproof plate within 150 mm of the underside of the unit in order to prevent the invasion of water in the unit and to avoid the drain water dripping (see the following illustration).





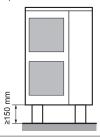
INFORMATION

If necessary, you can use a drain plug kit (field supply) to prevent drain water from dripping.

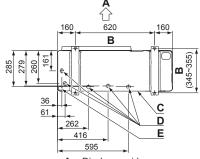


NOTICE

If drain holes of the outdoor unit are covered by a mounting base or by floor surface, raise the unit to provide a free space of more than 150 mm under the outdoor unit.



Drain holes (dimensions in mm)



- A Discharge side
- B Distance between anchor points
- C Bottom frame
- D Drain holes
- Knockout hole for snow

Snow

In regions with snowfall, snow might build up and freeze between the heat exchanger and the external plate. This might decrease the operating efficiency. To prevent this:

1 Drill (a, 4×) and remove the knockout hole (b).

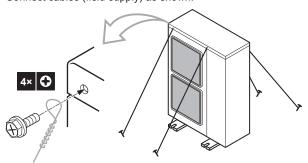


2 Remove the burrs, and paint the edges and areas around the edges using repair paint to prevent rusting.

6.3.6 To prevent the outdoor unit from falling over

In case the unit is installed in places where strong wind can tilt the unit, take following measure:

Connect cables (field supply) as shown:



6.4 Connecting the refrigerant piping

6.4.1 About connecting the refrigerant piping

Before connecting the refrigerant piping

Make sure the outdoor and indoor unit are mounted.

Typical workflow

Connecting the refrigerant piping involves:

- · Connecting the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit
- Connecting the refrigerant piping to the indoor unit
- Installing oil traps
- · Insulating the refrigerant piping

- · Keeping in mind the guidelines for:
 - · Pipe bending
 - · Flaring pipe ends
 - Brazing
 - Using the stop valves

6.4.2 Precautions when connecting the refrigerant piping



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- · General safety precautions
- Preparation



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING



CAUTION

- Do NOT use mineral oil on flared part.
- NEVER install a drier to this R410A unit to guarantee its lifetime. The drying material may dissolve and damage the system.



NOTICE

Take the following precautions on refrigerant piping into account:

- Avoid anything but the designated refrigerant to get mixed into the refrigerant cycle (e.g. air).
- Only use R410A when adding refrigerant.
- Only use installation tools (e.g. manifold gauge set) that are exclusively used for R410A installations to withstand the pressure and to prevent foreign materials (e.g. mineral oils and moisture) from mixing into the system.
- Install the piping so that the flare is NOT subjected to mechanical stress
- Protect the piping as described in the following table to prevent dirt, liquid or dust from entering the piping.
- Use caution when passing copper tubes through walls (see figure below).









Unit	Installation period	Protection method
Outdoor unit	>1 month	Pinch the pipe
	<1 month	Pinch or tape the pipe
Indoor unit	Regardless of the period	



INFORMATION

Do NOT open the refrigerant stop valve before checking the refrigerant piping. When you need to charge additional refrigerant it is recommended to open the refrigerant stop valve after charging.

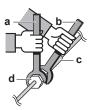
6.4.3 Guidelines when connecting the refrigerant piping

Take the following guidelines into account when connecting pipes:

 Coat the flare inner surface with ether oil or ester oil when connecting a flare nut. Tighten 3 or 4 turns by hand, before tightening firmly.



- Always use two wrenches together when loosening a flare nut.
- Always use a spanner and torque wrench together to tighten the flare nut when connecting the piping. This to prevent nut cracking and leaks.



- Torque wrench
- **b** Spanner
- c Piping union
- d Flare nut

Piping size (mm)	Tightening torque (N•m)	Flare dimensions (A) (mm)	Flare shape (mm)
Ø6.4	15~17	8.7~9.1	90°±2
Ø9.5	33~39	12.8~13.2	A
Ø12.7	50~60	16.2~16.6	R=0.4~0.8
Ø15.9	63~75	19.3~19.7	-L- L
Ø19.1	90~110	23.6~24.0	

6.4.4 Pipe bending guidelines

Use a pipe bender for bending. All pipe bends should be as gentle as possible (bending radius should be 30~40 mm or larger).

6.4.5 To flare the pipe end



CAUTION

- Incomplete flaring may cause refrigerant gas leakage.
- Do NOT re-use flares. Use new flares to prevent refrigerant gas leakage.
- Use flare nuts that are included with the unit. Using different flare nuts may cause refrigerant gas leakage.
- 1 Cut the pipe end with a pipe cutter.
- 2 Remove burrs with the cut surface facing downward so that the chips do not enter the pipe.



- a Cut exactly at right angles.
- **b** Remove burrs.
- **3** Remove the flare nut from the stop valve and put the flare nut on the pipe.
- 4 Flare the pipe. Set exactly at the position as shown in the following illustration.



DAIKIN

		Conventional flare tool			
	Flare tool for	Clutch type	Wing nut type		
	R410A (clutch type)	(Ridgid-type)	(Imperial-type)		
Α	0~0.5 mm	1.0~1.5 mm	1.5~2.0 mm		

5 Check that the flaring is properly made.

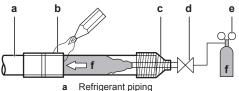


- Flare's inner surface must be flawless.
- The pipe end must be evenly flared in a perfect circle.
- Make sure the flare nut is lifted.

6.4.6 To braze the pipe end

The indoor unit and outdoor unit have flare connections. Connect both ends without brazing. If brazing should be needed, take the following into account:

- · When brazing, blow through with nitrogen to prevent creation of large quantities of oxidised film on the inside of the piping. This film adversely affects valves and compressors in the refrigerating system and prevents proper operation.
- Set the nitrogen pressure to 20 kPa (just enough so it can be felt on the skin) with a pressure-reducing valve.



- b Part to be brazed
- Taping С
- Manual valve
- Pressure-reducing valve
- Nitrogen
- Do NOT use anti-oxidants when brazing pipe joints. Residue can clog pipes and break equipment.
- Do NOT use flux when brazing copper-to-copper refrigerant piping. Use phosphor copper brazing filler alloy (BCuP), which does not require flux.

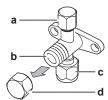
Flux has an extremely harmful influence on refrigerant piping systems. For instance, if chlorine based flux is used, it will cause pipe corrosion or, in particular, if the flux contains fluorine, it will deteriorate the refrigerant oil.

6.4.7 Using the stop valve and service port

To handle the stop valve

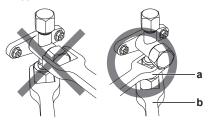
Take the following guidelines into account:

- · The stop valves are factory closed.
- The following illustration shows each part required in handling the valve.



- Service port and service port cap
- Field piping connection
- Stem cap
- · Keep both stop valves open during operation.

- Do NOT apply excessive force to the valve stem. Doing so may break the valve body.
- Always make sure to secure the stop valve with a spanner, then loosen or tighten the flare nut with a torque wrench. Do NOT place the spanner on the stem cap, as this could cause a refrigerant leak.



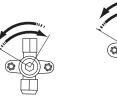
- Spanner
- Torque wrench
- When it is expected that the operating pressure will be low (e.g. when cooling will be performed while the outside air temperature is low), sufficiently seal the flare nut in the stop valve on the gas line with silicon sealant to prevent freezing.



Silicon sealant, make sure there is no gap.

To open/close the stop valve

- Remove the valve cover.
- Insert a hexagon wrench (liquid side: 4 mm, gas side: 6 mm) into the valve stem and turn the valve stem:



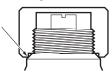
Counterclockwise to open. Clockwise to close

When the valve stem cannot be turned any further, stop turning. The valve is now opened/closed.

To handle the stem cap

Take the following guidelines into account:

• The stem cap is sealed where indicated with the arrow. Do NOT damage it.



- After handling the stop valve, make sure to tighten the stem cap
- For the tightening torque, refer to the following table.
- Check for refrigerant leaks after tightening the stem cap.

Item	Tightening torque (N·m)
Stem cap, liquid side	13.5~16.5
Stem cap, gas side	22.5~27.5
Service port cap	11.5~13.9

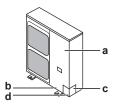
To handle the service cap

Take the following guidelines into account:

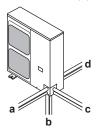
- Always use a charge hose equipped with a valve depressor pin, since the service port is a Schrader type valve.
- After handling the service port, tighten the service port cap securely. For the tightening torque, refer to the table in chapter "To handle the stem cap" on page 12.
- Check for refrigerant leaks after tightening the service port cap.

6.4.8 To connect the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit

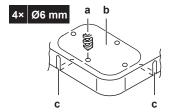
- 1 Do the following:
 - Remove the service cover (a) with screw (b).
 - Remove the piping intake plate (c) with screw (d).



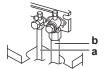
2 Choose a piping route (a, b, c or d).



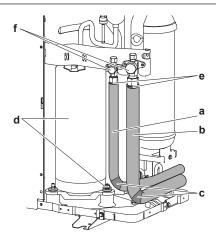
- 3 If you have chosen the downwards piping route:
 - Drill (a, 4×) and remove the knockout hole (b).
 - Cut out the slits (c) with a metal saw.



- 4 Do the following:
 - Connect the liquid pipe (a) to the liquid stop valve.
 - Connect the gas pipe (b) to the gas stop valve.



- 5 Do the following:
 - Insulate the liquid piping (a) and the gas piping (b).
 - Wind heat insulation around the curves, and then cover it with vinyl tape (c).
 - Make sure the field piping does not touch any compressor components (d).
 - Seal the insulation ends (sealant etc.) (e).



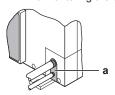
6 If the outdoor unit is installed above the indoor unit, cover the stop valves (f, see above) with sealing material to prevent condensed water on the stop valves from moving to the indoor unit



NOTICE

Any exposed piping might cause condensation.

- 7 Reattach the service cover and the piping intake plate.
- 8 Seal all gaps (example: a) to prevent snow and small animals from entering the system.





WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



NOTICE

Precautions when making knockout holes:

- Avoid damaging the casing.
- After making the knockout holes, we recommend you remove the burrs and paint the edges and areas around the edges using repair paint to prevent rusting.
- When passing electrical wiring through the knockout holes, wrap the wiring with protective tape to prevent damage.



- a Knockout hole
- **b** Burr
- c Sealant etc.

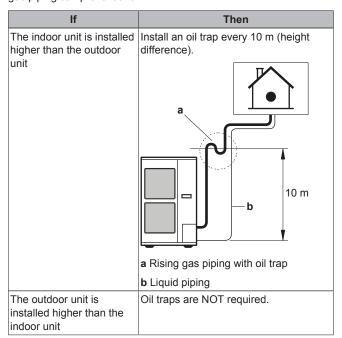


NOTICE

Make sure to open the stop valves after installing the refrigerant piping and performing vacuum drying. Running the system with the stop valves closed may break the compressor.

6.4.9 To determine if oil traps are required

If oil flows back into the outdoor unit's compressor, this might cause liquid compression or deterioration of oil return. Oil traps in the rising gas piping can prevent this.



6.5 Checking the refrigerant piping

6.5.1 About checking the refrigerant piping

The outdoor unit's **internal** refrigerant piping has been factory tested for leaks. You only have to check the outdoor unit's **external** refrigerant piping.

Before checking the refrigerant piping

Make sure the refrigerant piping is connected between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit.

Typical workflow

Checking the refrigerant piping typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Checking for leaks in the refrigerant piping.
- 2 Performing vacuum drying to remove all moisture, air or nitrogen from the refrigerant piping.

If there is a possibility of moisture being present in the refrigerant piping (for example, rainwater may have entered the piping), first carry out the vacuum drying procedure below until all moisture has been removed.

6.5.2 Precautions when checking the refrigerant piping



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- General safety precautions
- Preparation



NOTICE

Use a 2-stage vacuum pump with a non-return valve that can evacuate to a gauge pressure of -100.7 kPa (5 Torr absolute). Make sure the pump oil does not flow oppositely into the system while the pump is not working.



NOTICE

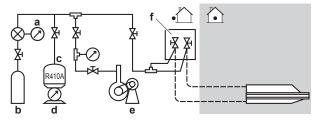
Use this vacuum pump for R410A exclusively. Using the same pump for other refrigerants may damage the pump and the unit.



NOTICE

- Connect the vacuum pump to both the service port of the gas stop valve and the service port of the liquid stop valve to increase efficiency.
- Make sure that the gas stop valve and liquid stop valve are firmly closed before performing the leak test or vacuum drying.

6.5.3 Checking refrigerant piping: Setup



- a Pressure gauge
- **b** Nitrogen
- c Refrigerant
- d Weighing machine
- e Vacuum pump
- f Stop valve

6.5.4 To check for leaks



NOTICE

Do NOT exceed the unit's maximum working pressure (see "PS High" on the unit name plate).



NOTICE

Make sure to use a recommended bubble test solution from your wholesaler. Do not use soap water, which may cause cracking of flare nuts (soap water may contain salt, which absorbs moisture that will freeze when the piping gets cold), and/or lead to corrosion of flared joints (soap water may contain ammonia which causes a corrosive effect between the brass flare nut and the copper flare.

- 1 Charge the system with nitrogen gas up to a gauge pressure of at least 200 kPa (2 bar). It is recommended to pressurize to 3000 kPa (30 bar) in order to detect small leaks.
- 2 Check for leaks by applying the bubble test solution to all connections.
- 3 Discharge all nitrogen gas.



INFORMATION

After opening the stop valve, it is possible that the pressure in the refrigerant piping does NOT increase. This might be caused by e.g. the closed state of the expansion valve in the outdoor unit circuit, but does NOT present any problem for correct operation of the unit.

6.5.5 To perform vacuum drying

- 1 Vacuum the system until the pressure on the manifold indicates -0.1 MPa (-1 bar).
- 2 Leave as is for 4-5 minutes and check the pressure:

If the pressure	Then
Does not change	There is no moisture in the system. This procedure is finished.
Increases	There is moisture in the system. Go to the next step.

- 3 Evacuate for at least 2 hours to a pressure on the manifold of -0.1 MPa (-1 bar).
- **4** After turning OFF the pump, check the pressure for at least 1 hour.
- 5 If you do NOT reach the target vacuum or cannot maintain the vacuum for 1 hour, do the following:
 - Check for leaks again.
 - · Perform vacuum drying again.



NOTICE

Make sure to open the stop valves after installing the refrigerant piping and performing vacuum drying. Running the system with the stop valves closed may break the compressor.

6.6 Charging refrigerant

6.6.1 About charging refrigerant

The outdoor unit is factory charged with refrigerant, but in some cases the following might be necessary:

What	When
Charging additional refrigerant	When the total liquid piping length is more than specified (see later).
Completely recharging refrigerant	Example:
	 When relocating the system.
	After a leak.

Charging additional refrigerant

Before charging additional refrigerant, make sure the outdoor unit's **external** refrigerant piping is checked (leak test, vacuum drying).



INFORMATION

Depending on the units and/or the installation conditions, it might be necessary to connect electrical wiring before you can charge refrigerant.

Typical workflow – Charging additional refrigerant typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Determining if and how much you have to charge additionally.
- 2 If necessary, charging additional refrigerant.
- 3 Filling in the fluorinated greenhouse gases label, and fixing it to the inside of the outdoor unit.

Completely recharging refrigerant

Before completely recharging refrigerant, make sure the following is done:

- 1 The system is pumped down.
- 2 The outdoor unit's external refrigerant piping is checked (leak test, vacuum drying).
- 3 Vacuum drying on the outdoor unit's internal refrigerant piping is performed.



NOTICE

Before completely recharging, perform vacuum drying on the outdoor unit's **internal** refrigerant piping as well. To do so, use the internal service port of the outdoor unit (between the heat exchanger and the 4-way valve). Do NOT use the service ports of the stop valves, because vacuum drying cannot be performed properly from these ports.

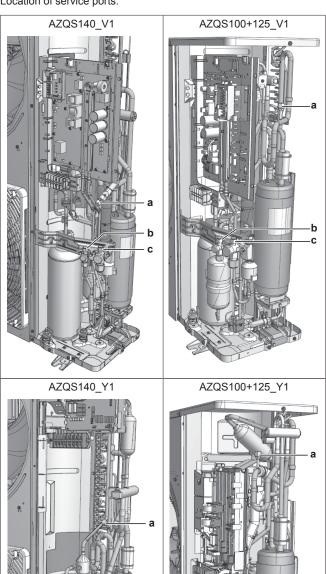


WARNING

Some sections of the refrigerant circuit may be isolated from other sections caused by components with specific functions (e.g. valves). The refrigerant circuit therefore features additional service ports for vacuuming, pressure relief or pressurizing the circuit.

In case it is required to perform **brazing** on the unit, ensure that there is no pressure remaining inside the unit. Internal pressures need to be released with ALL the service ports indicated on the figures below opened. The location is depending on model type.

Location of service ports:



- Internal service port Stop valve with service port (liquid)
- Stop valve with service port (gas)

Typical workflow - Completely recharging refrigerant typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Determining how much refrigerant to charge.
- 2 Charging refrigerant.
- Filling in the fluorinated greenhouse gases label, and fixing it to the inside of the outdoor unit.

6.6.2 Precautions when charging refrigerant



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- General safety precautions
- Preparation

6.6.3 To determine the additional refrigerant amount

To determine if adding additional refrigerant is necessary

If	Then
L1≤30 m (chargeless length)	You do not have to add additional refrigerant.
L1>30 m	You must add additional refrigerant.
	For future servicing, encircle the selected amount in the tables below.



INFORMATION

Piping length is the one way length of liquid piping.

To determine the additional refrigerant amount (R in kg)

	L1 (m)			
	30~40 m	40~50 m		
R:	0.5 kg	1.0 kg		

6.6.4 To determine the complete recharge amount

Model	L1 (m)				
	5~10	10~20	20~30	30~40	40~50
AZQS100+125	1.9	2.4	2.9	3.4	3.9
AZQS140	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0

6.6.5 Charging refrigerant: Setup

See "6.5.3 Checking refrigerant piping: Setup" on page 14.

6.6.6 To charge refrigerant



WARNING

- Only use R410A as refrigerant. Other substances may cause explosions and accidents.
- R410A contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol. Its global warming potential value is 1975. Do NOT vent these gases into the atmosphere.
- When charging refrigerant, always use protective gloves and safety glasses.



CAUTION

To avoid compressor breakdown, do NOT charge more than the specified amount of refrigerant.

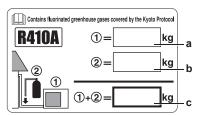
Prerequisite: Before charging refrigerant, make sure the refrigerant piping is connected and checked (leak test and vacuum drying).

- 1 Connect the refrigerant cylinder to both the service port of the gas stop valve and the service port of the liquid stop valve.
- 2 Charge the additional refrigerant amount.
- 3 Open the stop valves.

If pump down is needed in case of dismantling or relocating the system, see "11.3 To pump down" on page 22 for more details.

6.6.7 To fix the fluorinated greenhouse gases label

1 Fill in the label as follows:



- a Factory refrigerant charge: see unit name plate
- **b** Additional refrigerant amount charged
- c Total refrigerant charge
- 2 The filled out label must be adhered on the inside of the product and in the proximity of the product charging port (e.g., on the inside of the service cover).

6.7 Connecting the electrical wiring

6.7.1 About connecting the electrical wiring

Typical workflow

Connecting the electrical wiring typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Making sure the power supply system complies with the electrical specifications of the units.
- 2 Connecting the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit.
- 3 Connecting the electrical wiring to the indoor units.
- 4 Connecting the main power supply.

6.7.2 About electrical compliance

AZQS_V1 + AZQS125_Y1

Equipment complying with EN/IEC 61000-3-12 (European/ International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.).

AZQS140 Y1

Equipment complying with:

- EN/IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power S_{sc} is greater than or equal to the minimum S_{sc} value at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system.
 - EN/IEC 61000-3-12 = European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.
 - It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power S_{sc} greater than or equal to the minimum S_{sc} value.

Model	Minimum S _{sc} value		
AZQS140_Y1	1170 kVA ^(a)		

 This is the most stringent value. For specific product data, see the databooks.

6.7.3 Precautions when connecting the electrical wiring



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- · General safety precautions
- Preparation



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



INFORMATION

More information about the legend and the location of the wiring diagram of the unit can be found in "12.5 Wiring diagram" on page 30.



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



CAUTION

For use of units in applications with temperature alarm settings it is recommended to foresee a delay of 10 minutes for signalling the alarm in case the alarm temperature is exceeded. The unit may stop for several minutes during normal operation for "defrosting the unit", or when in "thermostat stop" operation.

6.7.4 Guidelines when connecting the electrical wiring

Keep the following in mind:

 If stranded conductor wires are being used, install a round crimpstyle terminal on the tip. Place the round crimp-style terminal on the wire up to the covered part and fasten the terminal with the appropriate tool.



- a Stranded conductor wire
- b Round crimp-style terminal
- Use the following methods for installing wires:

Wire type	Installation method
Single core wire	C AA' a a
	a Curled single core wire
	b Screw
	c Flat washer
Stranded conductor wire with round crimp-style terminal	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
	a Terminal
	b Screw
	c Flat washer



NOTICE

Precautions when laying power wiring:

- Do not connect wiring of different thicknesses to the power terminal block (slack in the power wiring may cause abnormal heat).
- When connecting wiring which is the same thickness, do as shown in the figure below.







- For wiring, use the designated power wire and connect firmly, then secure to prevent outside pressure being exerted on the terminal board.
- Use an appropriate screwdriver for tightening the terminal screws. A screwdriver with a small head will damage the head and make proper tightening impossible.
- Over-tightening the terminal screws may break them.

Tightening torques

Item	Tightening torque (N•m)		
M4 (X1M)	1.2~1.8		
M4 (earth)	1.2~1.4		
M5 (X1M)	2.0~3.0		
M5 (earth)	2.4~2.9		

6.7.5 Specifications of standard wiring components

Component		AZQS_V1			AZQS_Y1		
		100	125	140	100	125	140
Power supply cable	MCA ^(a)	29.5 A	31.5 A	32.8 A	15.2 A	17.2 A	21.8 A
	Voltage	230 V			400 V		
Phase Frequency		1~			3N~		
		50 Hz					
	Wire sizes		Mu	st comply with a	pplicable legisla	tion	
Interconnection cables		Minimum cable section of 2.5 mm ² and applicable for 230 V					
Recommended field fuse	32 A 40 A 16 A 20 A 25			25 A			
Earth leakage circuit break	Must comply with applicable legislation						

(a) MCA=Minimum circuit ampacity. Stated values are maximum values (see electrical data of combination with indoor units for exact values).

6.7.6 To connect the electrical wiring on the outdoor unit



NOTICE

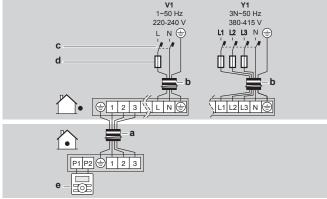
- Follow the wiring diagram (delivered with the unit, located at the inside of the service cover).
- Fix the earth wire to the stop valve attachment plate so that it does not slide.
- Make sure the electrical wiring does NOT obstruct proper reattachment of the service cover.
- 1 Remove the service cover. See "6.2.2 To open the outdoor unit" on page 9.
- 2 Strip insulation (20 mm) from the wires.



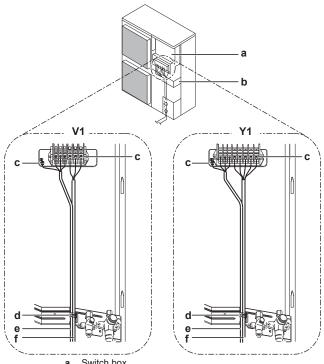


- a Strip wire end to this point
- Excessive strip length may cause electrical shock or leakage.

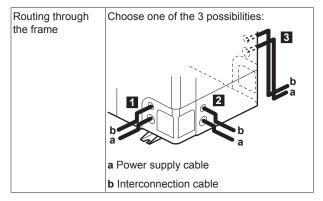
3 Connect the interconnection cable and power supply as follows:

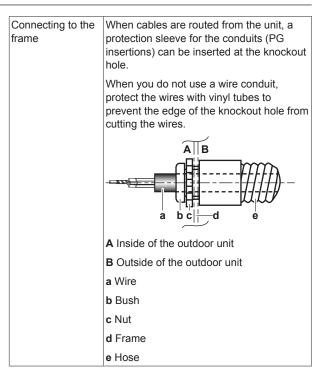


- a Interconnection cable
- **b** Power supply cable
- c Earth leakage circuit breaker
- d Fuse
- e User interface



- Switch box
- Stop valve attachment plate
- Earth
- d Cable tie
- Interconnection cable
- Power supply cable
- Fix the cables (power supply and interconnection cable) with a cable tie to the stop valve attachment plate.
- Route the wiring through the frame and connect it to it.



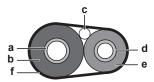


- Reattach the service cover. See "6.8.2 To close the outdoor unit" on page 20.
- Connect an earth leakage circuit breaker and fuse to the power supply line.

6.8 Finishing the outdoor unit installation

6.8.1 To finish the outdoor unit installation

Insulate and fix the refrigerant piping and interconnection cable as follows:



- Gas pipe
- Gas pipe insulation
- Interconnection cable
- Liquid pipe
- Liquid pipe insulation
- Finishing tape
- 2 Install the service cover.

6.8.2 To close the outdoor unit



NOTICE

When closing the outdoor unit cover, make sure that the tightening torque does NOT exceed 4.1 N·m.



6.8.3 To check the insulation resistance of the compressor



NOTICE

after installation, refrigerant accumulates in the compressor, the insulation resistance over the poles can drop, but if it is at least 1 M Ω , then the unit will not break down

- Use a 500 V mega-tester when measuring insulation.
- Do not use a mega-tester for low-voltage circuits.
- Measure the insulation resistance over the poles.

If	Then
≥1 MΩ	Insulation resistance is OK. This procedure is finished.
<1 MΩ	Insulation resistance is not OK. Go to the next step.

2 Turn ON the power and leave it on for 6 hours.

Result: The compressor will heat up and evaporate any refrigerant in the compressor.

Measure the insulation resistance again.

7 Commissioning

7.1 Overview: Commissioning

This chapter describes what you have to do and know to commission the system after it is installed.

Typical workflow

Commissioning typically consists of the following stages:

- Checking the "Checklist before test run".
- Performing a test run for the system.

7.2 Precautions when commissioning



INFORMATION

During the first running period of the unit, the required power may be higher than stated on the nameplate of the unit. This phenomenon is caused by the compressor, that needs a continuous run time of 50 hours before reaching smooth operation and stable power consumption.



NOTICE

Before starting up the system, the unit MUST be energised for at least 6 hours. The crankcase heater needs to heat up the compressor oil to avoid oil shortage and compressor breakdown during startup.



NOTICE

NEVER operate the unit without thermistors and/or pressure sensors/switches. Burning of the compressor might result.



NOTICE

Do NOT operate the unit until the refrigerant piping is complete (when operated this way, the compressor will



NOTICE

Cooling operation mode. Perform the test run in cooling operation mode so that stop valves failing to open can be detected. Even if the user interface was set to heating operation mode, the unit will run in cooling operation mode during 2-3 minutes (although the user interface will display the heating icon), and then automatically switch to heating operation mode.



NOTICE

If you cannot operate the unit in test run, see "7.5 Error codes when performing a test run" on page 21.



WARNING

If the panels on the indoor units are not installed yet, make sure to power OFF the system after finishing the test run. To do so, turn OFF operation via the user interface. Do NOT stop operation by turning OFF the circuit breakers.

7.3 Checklist before test run

identification label of the unit.

Do NOT operate the system before the following checks are OK: The indoor units are properly mounted. П In case a wireless user interface is used: The indoor unit П decoration panel with infrared receiver is installed. The outdoor unit is properly mounted. П The following field wiring has been carried out according to this document and the applicable legislation: Between the local supply panel and the outdoor unit · Between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit There are NO missing phases or reversed phases. П The system is properly earthed and the earth terminals П are tightened. The fuses or locally installed protection devices are П installed according to this document, and have not been bypassed. The power supply voltage matches the voltage on the

There are NO loose connections or damaged electrical components in the switch box.		
The insulation resistance of the compressor is OK.		
There are NO damaged components or squeezed pipes on the inside of the indoor and outdoor units.		
There are NO refrigerant leaks.		
The correct pipe size is installed and the pipes are properly insulated.		
The stop valves (gas and liquid) on the outdoor unit are fully open.		

7.4 To perform a test run



NOTICE

Do not interrupt the test run.



INFORMATION

In case you have to redo the test run, see the service manual.

1 Perform introductory steps.

#	Action
1	Open the liquid stop valve (A) and gas stop valve (B) by removing the stem cap and turning counterclockwise with a hex wrench until it stops.
	A B O O
2	Close the service cover to prevent electric shocks.
3	Turn ON power for at least 6 hours before starting operation to protect the compressor.
4	On the user interface, set the unit to cooling operation mode.

2 On the user interface, turn ON the unit.

Result: The test run starts automatically. During the test run, the H2P test LED is ON. When the test run is done, the LED turns OFF.

7.5 Error codes when performing a test run

If the installation of the outdoor unit has NOT been done correctly, the following error codes may be displayed on the user interface:

Error code	Possible cause
Nothing displayed (the currently set temperature is not displayed)	 The wiring is disconnected or there is a wiring error (between power supply and outdoor unit, between outdoor unit and indoor units, between indoor unit and user interface).
	 The fuse on the outdoor unit PCB has blown out.
E3, E4 or L8	The stop valves are closed.
	The air inlet or air outlet is blocked.

Error code	Possible cause
E7	There is a missing phase in case of three-phase power supply units.
	Note: Operation will be impossible. Turn OFF the power, recheck the wiring, and switch two of the three electrical wires.
L4	The air inlet or air outlet is blocked.
U0	The stop valves are closed.
U2	There is a voltage imbalance.
	 There is a missing phase in case of three-phase power supply units. Note: Operation will be impossible. Turn OFF the power, recheck the wiring, and switch two of the three electrical wires.
U4 or UF	The inter-unit branch wiring is not correct.
UA	The outdoor and indoor unit are incompatible.



NOTICE

- The reversed phase protection detector of this product only functions when the product starts up.
 Consequently reversed phase detection is not performed during normal operation of the product.
- The reversed phase protection detector is designed to stop the product in the event of an abnormality when the product is started up.
- Replace two of the three phases (L1, L2, and L3) during reverse-phase protection abnormality.

8 Hand-over to the user

Once the test run is finished and the unit operates properly, please make sure the following is clear for the user:

- Make sure that the user has the printed documentation and ask him/her to keep it for future reference. Inform the user that he can find the complete documentation on the url as earlier described in this manual.
- Explain the user how to properly operate the system and what he/ she has to do in case of problems.
- Show the user what he/she has to do in relation to maintaining the unit.

9 Maintenance and service



NOTICE

Maintenance should preferably be carried out yearly by an installer or service agent.

9.1 Overview: Maintenance and service

This chapter contains information about:

· The yearly maintenance of the outdoor unit

9.2 Maintenance safety precautions



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING



NOTICE: Risk of electrostatic discharge

Before performing any maintenance or service work, touch a metal part of the unit in order to eliminate static electricity and to protect the PCB.

9.3 Checklist for yearly maintenance of the outdoor unit

Check the following at least once a year:

· Outdoor unit heat exchanger.

The heat exchanger of the outdoor unit can get blocked up due to dust, dirt, leaves, etc. It is recommended to clean the heat exchanger yearly. A blocked heat exchanger can lead to too low pressure or too high pressure leading to worse performance.

10 Troubleshooting

10.1 Overview: Troubleshooting

In case of problems:

- See "7.5 Error codes when performing a test run" on page 21.
- See the service manual.

Before troubleshooting

Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the unit and look for obvious defects such as loose connections or defective wiring.

10.2 Precautions when troubleshooting



WARNING

- When carrying out an inspection on the switch box of the unit, always make sure that the unit is disconnected from the mains. Turn off the respective circuit breaker.
- When a safety device was activated, stop the unit and find out why the safety device was activated before resetting it. NEVER bridge safety devices or change their values to a value other than the factory default setting. If you are unable to find the cause of the problem, call your dealer.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



WARNING

Prevent hazard due to the inadvertent resetting of the thermal cut-out: this appliance must NOT be supplied through an external switching device, such as a timer, or connected to a circuit that is regularly turned ON and OFF by the utility.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

11 Disposal

11.1 Overview: Disposal

Typical workflow

Disposing of the system typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Pumping down the system.
- 2 Dismantling the system according to the applicable legislation.
- 3 Treating the refrigerant, oil and other parts according to the applicable legislation.



INFORMATION

For more details, see the service manual.

11.2 About pump down

The unit is equipped with an automatic pump down function, with which you can collect all refrigerant from the system into the outdoor unit

Example: To protect the environment, pump down when relocating the unit or when disposing of the unit.



NOTICE

The outdoor unit is equipped with a low pressure switch or a low pressure sensor to protect the compressor by turning it OFF. NEVER short-circuit the low pressure switch during pump down operation.

11.3 To pump down

- 1 Turn ON the main power supply switch.
- 2 Make sure the liquid stop valve and the gas stop valve are open.
- 3 Press the pump down button (BS4) for at least 8 seconds. BS4 is located on the PCB in the outdoor unit (see wiring diagram).
 - **Result:** The compressor and outdoor unit fan start automatically, and the indoor unit fan might start automatically.
- 4 ±2 minutes after the compressor started, close the liquid stop valve. If it is not closed properly during compressor operation, the system cannot be pumped down.
- 5 Once the compressor stops (after 2~5 minutes), close the gas stop valve.

Result: The pump down operation is finished. The user interface may display "납니" and the indoor pump may continue operating. This is NOT a malfunction. Even if you press the ON button on the user interface, the unit will NOT start. To restart the unit, turn OFF the main power supply switch and turn it ON again.

6 Turn OFF the main power supply switch.



NOTICE

Make sure to reopen both stop valves before restarting the unit.

12 **Technical data**

12.1 Overview: Technical data

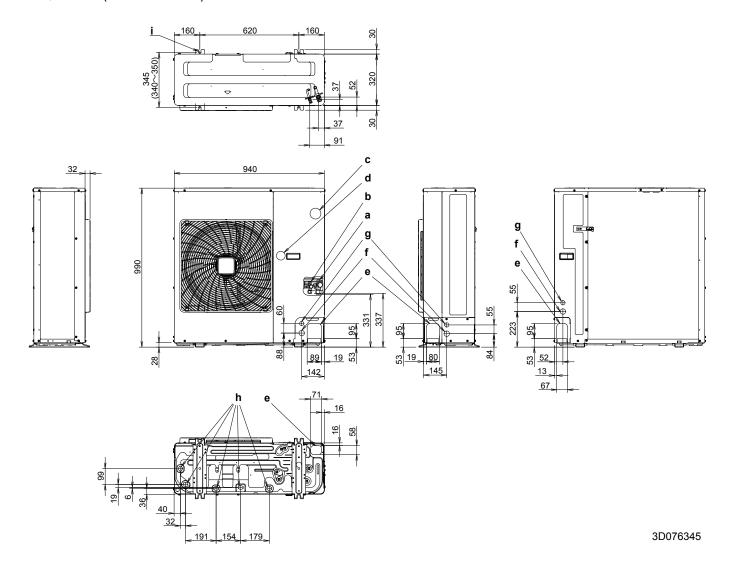
This chapter contains information about:

- · Dimensions and service space
- · Components
- · Piping diagram
- · Wiring diagram
- · Technical specifications

12.2 Dimensions and service space

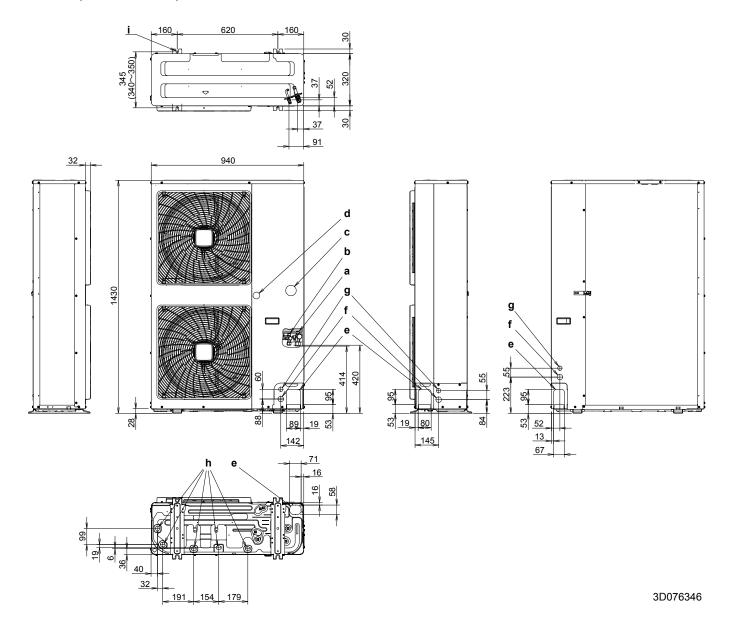
12.2.1 **Dimensions: Outdoor unit**

AZQS100+125 (dimensions in mm)



- Gas pipe connection (Ø15.9 flare connection)
- Liquid pipe connection (Ø9.5 flare connection)
- Internal service port (in the unit)
- Earthing terminal M5 (in the switch box)
- Refrigerant piping intake Power supply wiring intake (knockout hole Ø34) Control wiring intake (knockout hole Ø27)
- Drain hole
- Anchor point (bolt 4× M12)

AZQS140 (dimensions in mm)



- Gas pipe connection (Ø15.9 flare connection) Liquid pipe connection (Ø9.5 flare connection) Internal service port (in the unit) Earthing terminal M5 (in the switch box)

- Refrigerant piping intake
 Power supply wiring intake (knockout hole Ø34)
 Control wiring intake (knockout hole Ø27)
 Drain hole

- Anchor point (bolt 4× M12)

12.2.2 Service space: Outdoor unit

Suction side	In the illustrations below, the service space at the suction side is based on 35°C DB and cooling operation. Forsee more space in the following cases:
	When the suction side temperature regularly exceeds this temperature.
	When the heat load of the outdoor units is expected to regularly exceed the maximum operating capacity.
Discharge side	Take refrigerant piping work into account when positioning the units. If your layout does not match any of the layouts below, contact your dealer.

Single unit | Single row of units

Layout	If		Then (mm)							
	Obstacles		Heights	а	b	С	d	е	ев	e _D
Single unit	В	-			≥100					
	A, B, C	_		≥100	≥100	≥100				
e _B	B, E	_			≥100			≥1000		≤500
e _D E	A, B, C, E	_		≥150	≥150	≥150		≥1000		≤500
e	D	_					≥500			
	D, E	_					≥500	≥1000	≤500	
	B, D	H _B <h<sub>D</h<sub>	H _D >H _U		≥100		≥500			
C H _u B		H _B >H _D	H _D <h<sub>U</h<sub>		≥100		≥500			
C B H _B	B, D, E	H _B <h<sub>D</h<sub>	H _B ≤½H _U		≥250		≥750	≥1000	≤500	
	(Note 1)		$^{1/_{2}}H_{U}$ < H_{B} ≤ H_{U}		≥250		≥1000	≥1000	≤500	
d			H _B >H _U			NC	T allov	ved		
D a A	H _B >H _D	H _D ≤½H _U		≥100		≥1000	≥1000		≤500	
H _D			$^{1/_{2}}H_{U}$ < H_{D} ≤ H_{U}		≥200		≥1000	≥1000		≤500
			H _D >H _U	NOT allowed						
Single row of units	A, B, C	_		≥200	≥300	≥1000				
e _p	A, B, C, E	_		≥200	≥300	≥1000		≥1000		≤500
,E†	D	_					≥1000			
e _D –	D, E	_					≥1000	≥1000	≤500	
>100	B, D	H _B <h<sub>D</h<sub>	H _D >H _U		≥300		≥1000			
		H _B >H _D	H _D ≤½H _U		≥250		≥1500			
C 700 >100 B			$^{1/_{2}}H_{U}$ < H_{D} ≤ H_{U}		≥300		≥1500			
b B H _B	B, D, E	H _B <h<sub>D</h<sub>	H _B ≤½H _U		≥300		≥1000	≥1000	≤500	
	(Note 1)		$^{1/_{2}}H_{U}$ < H_{B} < H_{U}		≥300		≥1250	≥1000	≤500	
d			H _B >H _U		NOT allowed					
D	H _B >I	H _B >H _D	H _D ≤½H _U		≥250		≥1500	≥1000		≤500
H _D a A		(Note 2)	$^{1/2}H_{U}$ < H_{D} ≤ H_{U}		≥300		≥1500	≥1000		≤500
			H _D >H _U			NC	T allov	ved		

- a,b,c,d,e
- - Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle D
 - Height of the unit
 - Height of obstacles B and D
- H_B,H_D Note 1 Note 2 Seal the bottom of the installation frame to prevent discharged air from flowing back to the suction side through the bottom of the unit. Maximum two units can be installed.

Multiple rows of units

Layout	If	Then (mm)
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	H _B ≤½H _U	b≥250
≥100 ≥100 ≥2000	½H _U <h<sub>B≤H_U</h<sub>	b≥300
	$H_B>H_U$	NOT allowed

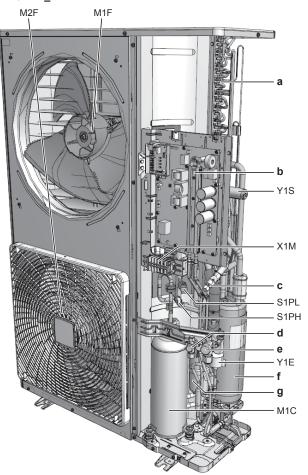
Stacked units (max. 2 levels)

lf	Then
There is danger of drainage dripping and freezing between the upper	Install a roof between the upper and lower units.
and lower units.	Install the upper unit high enough above the lower unit to prevent ice buildup at the upper unit's bottom plate.
	A A ≥500 ≥300
	A Roof
There is no danger of drainage dripping and freezing between the upper and lower units.	It is not required to install a roof, but seal the gap between the upper and lower units to prevent discharged air from flowing back to the suction side through the bottom of the unit.
	B ≥1000 ≥1000
	B Sealed gap

12.3 Components

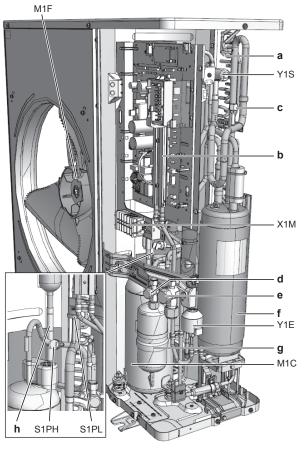
12.3.1 **Components: Outdoor unit**

AZQS140_V1



- Heat exchanger Switch box cooling Internal service port Stop valve with service port (liquid) Stop valve with service port (gas)
- Accumulator
- Compressor accumulator
 Check valve (only for AZQS100 and AZQS125)
 Motor (compressor)
 Motor (upper fan)
 Motor (lower fan)
- g h M1C M1F
- M2F
- S1PH High pressure switch S1PL Low pressure switch
- X1M Terminal (communication and power supply)
- Y1E Y1S
- Electronic expansion valve Solenoid valve (4-way valve)

AZQS100+125_V1



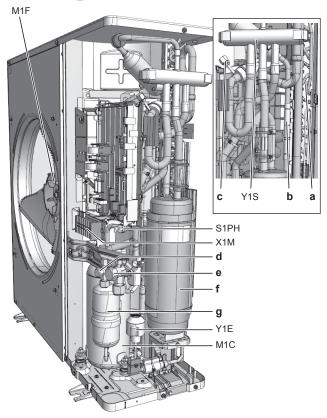
12 Technical data

AZQS140_Y1 M1F X1M S1PH Y1E M1C

- Heat exchanger Check valve (only for AZQS100 and AZQS125)
- Internal service port
 Stop valve with service port (liquid)
 Stop valve with service port (gas)

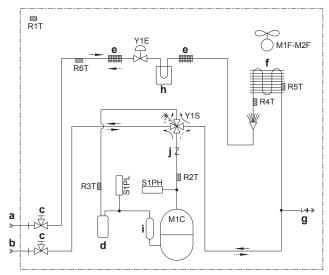
- Accumulator
 Compressor accumulator
 Motor (compressor)
 Motor (upper fan)
 Motor (lower fan) g M1C M1F
- M2F High pressure switch S1PH
- X1M Y1E Y1S Terminal (communication and power supply)
- Electronic expansion valve Solenoid valve (4-way valve)

AZQS100+125_Y1



12.4 Piping diagram

12.4.1 Piping diagram: Outdoor unit



- Field piping (liquid: Ø9.5 flare connection)
 Field piping (gas: Ø15.9 flare connection)
 Stop valve (with service port 5/16")
 Accumulator
- d
- Filter
- Heat exchanger
- Internal service port 5/16"
- Switch box cooling (only for AZQS_V1)
- Compressor accumulator Check valve (only for AZQS100 and AZQS125) Motor (compressor)
- M1C
- M1F-M2F Motor (upper and lower fan)
 - R1T
 - Thermistor (discharge) R2T
 - R3T
 - Thermistor (suction)
 Thermistor (heat exchanger)
 Thermistor (heat exchanger middle)
 Thermistor (liquid) R4T R5T
 - R6T
 - S1PH High pressure switch
 - S1PL Low pressure switch (only for AZQS_V1)
 - Y1E Electronic expansion valve
 - Y1S Solenoid valve (4-way valve)
 - Heating Cooling

12.5 Wiring diagram

12.5.1 Wiring diagram: Outdoor unit

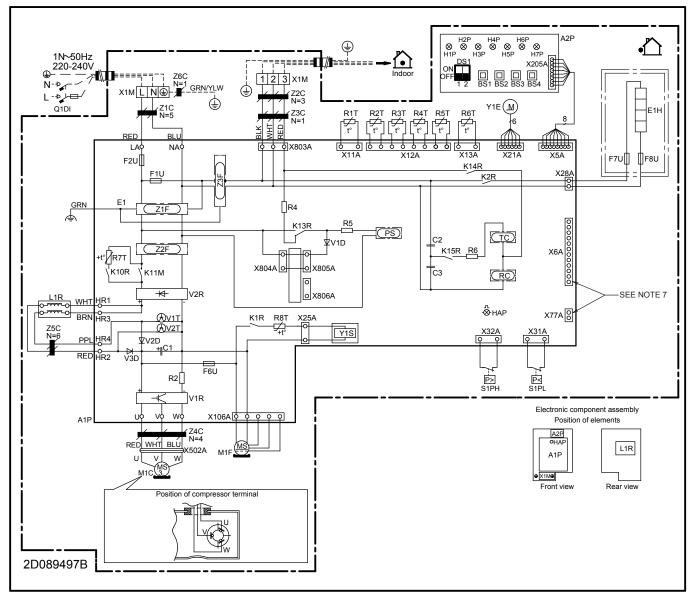
INFORMATION

The wiring diagram is delivered with the unit, located at the inside of

the service cover.

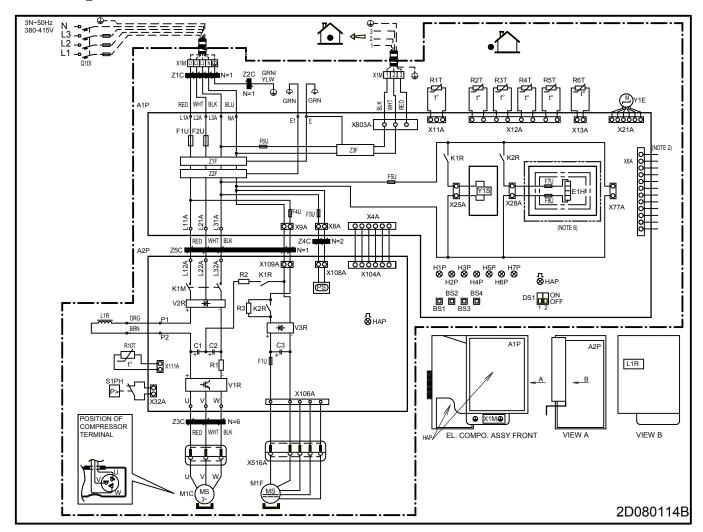
For a legend explaining the figures below, refer to the end of this topic.

AZQS100_V1



cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches. 5 When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL. 6 Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF.		
Colours (see legend). This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit. Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches. When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL. Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF. Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how	Note	s:
This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit. Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches. When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL. Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF. Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how	1	Symbols (see legend).
4 Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches. 5 When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL. 6 Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF. 7 Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how	2	Colours (see legend).
cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches. 5 When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL. 6 Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF. 7 Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how	3	This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit.
and S1PL. Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF. Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how	4	Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches.
selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF. 7 Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how	5	When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL.
	6	selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is
	7	Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how to connect the wiring to X6A, X28A and X77A.

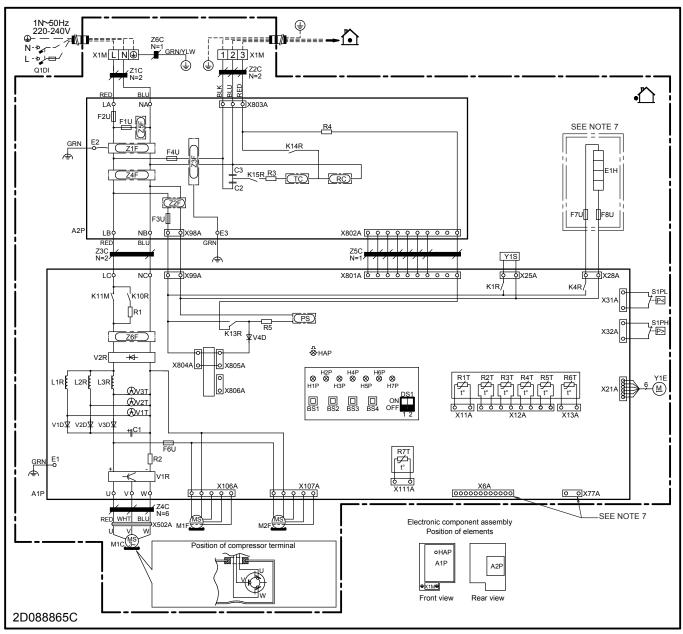
AZQS100+125_Y1



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1 4	U	ıc	,0	•

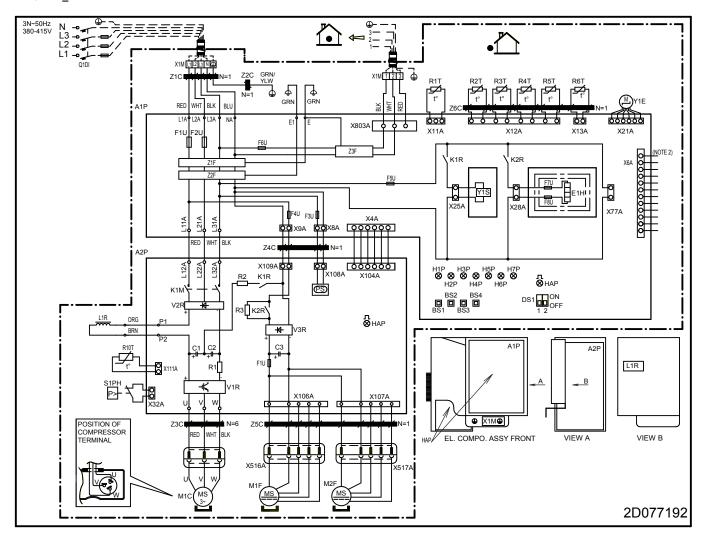
- 1 This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit.
- 2 Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how to connect the wiring to X6A, X28A and X77A.
- Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches.
- 4 When operating, do not short-circuit protective device S1PH.
- Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF.
- 6 Only for 71 class.

AZQS140_V1



Notes	3:
1	Symbols (see legend).
2	Colours (see legend).
3	This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit.
4	Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches.
5	When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL.
6	Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF.
7	Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how to connect the wiring to X6A, X28A and X77A.

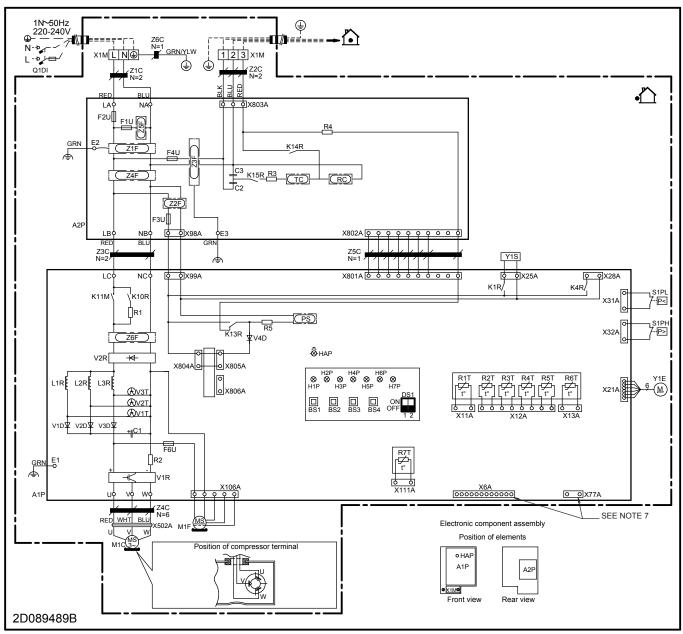
AZQS140_Y1



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110162	

- 1 This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit.
- 2 Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how to connect the wiring to X6A, X28A and X77A.
- Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches.
- 4 When operating, do not short-circuit protective device S1PH.
- Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF.
- 6 Only for 71 class.

AZQS125_V1



Note	S:
1	Symbols (see legend).
2	Colours (see legend).
3	This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit.
4	Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches.
5	When operating, do not short-circuit protective devices S1PH and S1PL.
6	Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF.
7	Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how to connect the wiring to X6A, X28A and X77A.

Legend for wiring diagrams:

Legena for wiring diagra			
A1P~A2P	Printed circuit board		
BS1~BS4	Push button switch		
C1~C3	Capacitor		
DS1	DIP switch		
E1H	Bottom plate heater (option)		
F1U~F8U	• F1U, F2U: Fuse		
(AZQS100_V1)	• F6U: Fuse (T 3.15 A / 250 V)		
	• F7U, F8U: Fuse (F 1.0 A / 250 V)		
F1U~F8U	■ F1U~F4U: Fuse		
(AZQS125+140_V1)	• F6U: Fuse (T 5.0 A / 250 V)		
	• F7U, F8U: Fuse (F 1.0 A / 250 V)		
F1U~F8U	• F1U, F2U: Fuse (31.5 A / 250 V)		
(AZQS Y1)	 F1U (A2P): Fuse (T 5.0 A / 250 V) 		
_ /	• F3U~F6U: Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)		
	• F7U, F8U: Fuse (F 1.0 A / 250 V)		
H1P~H7P	Light-emitting diode (service monitor is		
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	orange)		
HAP	Light-emitting diode (service monitor is green)		
K1M, K11M	Magnetic contactor		
K1R	Magnetic relay (Y1S)		
(AZQS_V1)			
K1R	 K1R (A1P): Magnetic relay (Y1S) 		
(AZQS_Y1)	 K1R (A2P): Magnetic relay 		
K2R	Magnetic relay		
(AZQS100_V1)	geuceu.,		
K2R	K2R (A1P): Magnetic relay (E1H)		
(AZQS_Y1)	option)		
K10R, K13R~K15R	K2R (A2P): Magnetic relay Magnetic relay		
K4R	Magnetic relay E1H (option)		
L1R~L3R	Reactor		
M1C	Motor (compressor)		
M1F	Motor (upper fan)		
M2F	Motor (lower fan)		
PS	Switching power supply		
Q1DI	Earth leakage circuit breaker (field		
QIDI	supply)		
R1~R6	Resistor		
R1T	Thermistor (air)		
R2T	Thermistor (discharge)		
R3T	Thermistor (suction)		
R4T	Thermistor (heat exchanger)		
R5T	Thermistor (heat exchanger middle)		
R6T	Thermistor (liquid)		
R7T	Thermistor (fin)		
(AZQS125+140_V1)	, ,		
R7T, R8T	Thermistor (Positive Temperature		
(AZQS100_V1)	Coefficient)		
R10T	Thermistor (fin)		
(AZQS_Y1)	Signal receiver circuit		
S1PH	Signal receiver circuit High pressure switch		
S1PL	Low pressure switch		
SIFL	Low pressure SWILCH		

TC	Signal transmission circuit
V1D~V4D	Diode
V1R	IGBT power module
V2R, V3R	Diode module
V1T~V3T	Insulated gate bipolar transistor (IGBT)
X6A	Connector (option)
X1M	Terminal strip
Y1E	Electronic expansion valve
Y1S	Solenoid valve (4-way valve)
Z1C~Z6C	Noise filter (ferrite core)
Z1F~Z6F	Noise filter

Symbols:

L	Live
N	Neutral
==	Field wiring
	Terminal strip
∞	Connector
—	Relay connector
•	Connection
	Protective earth
\$	Noiseless earth
-0-	Terminal
	Option

Colours:

BLK	Black
BLU	Blue
BRN	Brown
GRN	Green
ORG	Orange
RED	Red
WHT	White
YLW	Yellow

12.6 Technical specifications

12.6.1 Technical specifications: Outdoor unit

Overview

The technical specifications are divided into the following tables:

AZQS_V1	Technical specifications: AZQS_V1	
	Electrical specifications: AZQS_V1	
AZQS_Y1	Technical specifications: AZQS_Y1	
	Electrical specifications: AZQS_Y1	

Technical specifications: AZQS_V1

		AZQS100_V1	AZQS125_V1	AZQS140_V1	
Casing					
Colour		Ivory white			
Material			Painted galvanised steel plat	e	
Dimensions					
Packing (H×W×D)		1170×101	5×422 mm	1610×1015×422 mm	
Unit (H×W×D)		990×940	×320 mm	1430×940×320 mm	
Weight				·	
Machine weight					
Gross weight					
Heat exchanger	,			<u>'</u>	
Fin	Туре		WF fin		
	Treatment		Anti-corrosion treatment (PE)	
Fan					
Туре			Propeller		
Quantity		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	
Air flow rate (nominal	Cooling	76 m³/min	77 m³/min	83 m³/min	
at 230 V)	Heating	83 m	³/min	62 m³/min	
Discharge direction			Horizontal		
Motor	Quantity	1 2		2	
	Model	Brushless DC motor			
	Position				
	Output	200) W	94 W	
	Drive	Direct drive			
Compressor					
Quantity		1			
Motor	Туре	Hermetically sealed swing compressor		essor	
	Crankcase heater				
Operation range					
Cooling	Minimum		See operation range drawing]	
	Maximum				
Heating	Minimum				
	Maximum				
Sound level					
Nominal – Cooling	Sound power	70 dBA	71 dBA	70 dBA	
	Sound pressure	53 dBA	54 dBA	53 dBA	
Nominal – Heating	Sound power				
	Sound pressure	57 dBA	58 dBA	54 dBA	
Night quiet - Cooling	Sound pressure	49 dBA			
Night quiet - Heating	Sound pressure				
Refrigerant					
Туре			R410A		
Charge		2.9 kg 4.0		4.0 kg	

		AZQS100_V1	AZQS125_V1	AZQS140_V1
Control		Ē	xpansion valve (electronic type)	
Nr. of circuits		1		
Refrigerant oil	,			
Туре			FVC50K	
Charged volume		0.0)	1.35
PED	,		,	
Category of unit			1	
		Excluded from	n PED due to article 1, item 3.6	of 97/23/EC
Piping connection	is			
Liquid	Quantity		1	
	Туре		Flare connection	
	Diameter (OD)		Ø9.52 mm	
Gas	Quantity		1	
	Туре		Flare connection	
	Diameter (OD)		Ø15.9 mm	
Drain	Quantity		5	
	Туре	Hole		
	Diameter (OD)	Ø26 mm		
Piping length	Minimum	5 m		
	Maximum		50 m	
	Equivalent		70 m	
	Chargeless		30 m	
Additional refrigera	nt charge	See "To determine the additional refrigerant amount"		
Maximum height di unit and indoor unit	fference between outdoor		30 m	
Maximum interunit	level difference		0.5 m	
Heat insulation			Both liquid and gas pipes	
Defrost method			Reverse cycle	
Defrost control		Sensor f	or outdoor heat exchanger temp	erature
Capacity control r	method		Inverter-controlled	
Capacity control				
Cooling	Minimum			
	Maximum			
Heating	Minimum			
	Maximum			
Safety devices		High pressure switch / low pressure switch / fan motor thermal protector / fuse		
Standard accessories		1	installation manual / 2 tie wraps	;

Electrical specifications: AZQS_V1

		AZQS100_V1	AZQS125_V1	AZQS140_V1		
Power supply		·				
Name			V1			
Phase			1~			
Frequency			50 Hz			
Voltage			220-240 V			
Voltage range	Minimum		198 V			
	Maximum	264 V				
Current						
Nominal running cu	urrent					
Starting current						
Z _{max}			Complies to EN 61000-3-11			
Minimum S _{sc} value		Equip	Equipment complying with EN 61000-3-12 ^(a)			
Maximum running	current					
Recommended fuses		32	A	40 A		
Wiring connection	ns					

12 Technical data

	AZQS100_V1	AZQS125_V1	AZQS140_V1
For power supply	See "Connecting the electrical wiring"		
For connection with indoor			
Power supply intake		Outdoor unit only	

⁽a) European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.

Technical specifications: AZQS_Y1

		AZQS100_Y1	AZQS125_Y1	AZQS140_Y1
Casing				
Colour			Ivory white	
Material			Painted galvanised steel plate	е
Dimensions	-			
Packing (H×W×D)		1170×10	15×422 mm	1610×1015×422 mm
Unit (H×W×D)		990×94	0×320 mm	1430×940×320 mm
Weight	J.			J
Machine weight		8	2 kg	101 kg
Gross weight			8 kg	108 kg
Heat exchanger	l_			
Fin	Туре		WF fin	
	Treatment		Anti-corrosion treatment (PE)
Fan				,
Туре			Propeller	
Quantity			1	2
Air flow rate (nominal	Cooling	76 m³/min	77 m³/min	83 m³/min
at 230 V)	Heating		m³/min	62 m³/min
Discharge direction	13		Horizontal	V2
Motor	Quantity		1	2
Wilde	Model		Brushless DC motor	
	Position		Brasiliess Be motor	
	Output	2	00 W	94 W
	Drive	<u></u>	Direct drive	0-111
Compressor	Dilve		Direct direc	
Quantity			1	
Motor	Туре		ermetically sealed swing compre	pesor
Wiotoi	Starting method		Inverter-driven	C3301
	Crankcase heater		IIIVCITCI-GIIVCII	
Operation range	Crankcase fleater			
Cooling	Minimum	See operation range drawing		
Cooling	Maximum	See operation range drawing		
Loating	Minimum			
Heating				
0	Maximum			
Sound level	Cound nower	20 4D v	74 40 4	70 AD 4
Nominal – Cooling	Sound power	70 dBA	71 dBA	70 dBA
Namelia al III - 45	Sound pressure	53 dBA	54 dBA	53 dBA
Nominal – Heating	Sound power	E7 .ID 4	E0 -1D A	E4 JDA
Night guist O	Sound pressure	57 dBA	58 dBA	54 dBA
Night quiet - Cooling	Sound pressure		49 dBA	
Night quiet - Heating	Sound pressure			
Refrigerant			D4404	
Туре			R410A	4.01.
Charge		2.9 kg 4.0 kg		
Control		Expansion valve (electronic type)		
Nr. of circuits			1	
Refrigerant oil	ı		E) (0.50) (
Type		FVC50K		
Charged volume		0.9 1.35		
PED	1			
Category of unit		1 Excluded from PED due to article 1, item 3.6 of 97/23/EC		
oatogory or unit	F			

12 Technical data

		AZQS100_Y1	AZQS125_Y1	AZQS140_Y1		
Liquid	Quantity	1				
	Туре	Flare connection				
	Diameter (OD)		Ø9.52 mm			
Gas	Quantity		1			
	Туре		Flare connection			
	Diameter (OD)		Ø15.9 mm			
Drain	Quantity		5			
	Туре		Hole			
	Diameter (OD)		Ø26 mm			
Piping length	Minimum		5 m			
	Maximum		50 m			
	Equivalent	70 m				
	Chargeless		30 m			
Additional refrigera	ant charge	See "To determine the additional refrigerant amount"				
Maximum height dunit and indoor un	lifference between outdoor it	30 m				
Maximum interunit	level difference	0.5 m				
Heat insulation		Both liquid and gas pipes				
Defrost method		Reverse cycle				
Defrost control		Sensor f	or outdoor heat exchanger tem	perature		
Capacity control	method		Inverter-controlled			
Capacity control	·					
Cooling	Minimum					
	Maximum					
Heating	Minimum					
	Maximum					
Safety devices		High pressure switch / fan motor thermal protector / fuse				
Standard accessories		1	1 installation manual / 2 tie wraps			

Electrical specifications: AZQS_Y1

		AZQS100_Y1	AZQS125_Y1	AZQS140_Y1
Power supply				
Name		Y1		
Phase		3N~		
Frequency		50 Hz		
Voltage		380-415 V		
Voltage range	Minimum	342 V		
	Maximum	456 V		
Current		·		
Nominal running co	urrent			
Starting current				
Z_{max}		Complies to EN 61000-3-11		
Maximum running	current			
Recommended fuses		16 A	20 A	25 A
Wiring connection	ns			
For power supply		See "Connecting the electrical wiring"		
For connection with	h indoor			
Power supply intake		Outdoor unit only		

13 Glossary

Dealer

Sales distributor for the product.

Authorized installer

Technical skilled person who is qualified to install the product.

User

Person who is owner of the product and/or operates the product.

Applicable legislation

All international, European, national and local directives, laws, regulations and/or codes that are relevant and applicable for a certain product or domain.

Service company

Qualified company which can perform or coordinate the required service to the product.

Installation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to install, configure and maintain it

Operation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to operate it.

Accessories

Labels, manuals, information sheets and equipment that are delivered with the product and that need to be installed according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Optional equipment

Equipment made or approved by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Field supply

Equipment not made by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.



