

Service Manual

Inverter PairWall Mounted Type J-Series



[Applied Models]

• Inverter Pair : Heat Pump

Inverter Pair Wall Mounted Type J-Series

Heat Pump

Indoor Units

FTX20JV1B ATX20JV1B FTX25JV1B ATX35JV1B ATX35JV1B

Outdoor Units

RX20JV1B ARX20JV1B RX25JV1B ARX25JV1B RX35JV1B ARX35JV1B

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1. Introduction

1.1 Safety Cautions

Cautions and Warnings

- Be sure to read the following safety cautions before conducting repair work.
- The caution items are classified into "♠ Warning" and "♠ Caution". The "♠ Warning" items are especially important since they can lead to death or serious injury if they are not followed closely. The "♠ Caution" items can also lead to serious accidents under some conditions if they are not followed. Therefore, be sure to observe all the safety caution items described below.
- About the pictograms
- This symbol indicates the prohibited action.

 The prohibited item or action is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
- This symbol indicates the action that must be taken, or the instruction. The instruction is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
- After the repair work is complete, be sure to conduct a test operation to ensure that the equipment operates normally, and explain the cautions for operating the product to the customer.

1.1.1 Cautions Regarding Safety of Workers

√ Warning	
Be sure to disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket before	
disassembling the equipment for repair. Working on the equipment that is connected to the power supply may cause an electrical shook. If it is necessary to supply power to the equipment to conduct the repair or inspecting the circuits, do not touch any electrically charged sections of the equipment.	B = C
If the refrigerant gas is discharged during the repair work, do not touch the discharged refrigerant gas. The refrigerant gas may cause frostbite.	\bigcirc
When disconnecting the suction or discharge pipe of the compressor at the welded section, evacuate the refrigerant gas completely at a well-ventilated place first. If there is a gas remaining inside the compressor, the refrigerant gas or refrigerating machine oil discharges when the pipe is disconnected, and it may cause injury.	0
If the refrigerant gas leaks during the repair work, ventilate the area. The refrigerant gas may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames.	0
The step-up capacitor supplies high-voltage electricity to the electrical components of the outdoor unit. Be sure to discharge the capacitor completely before conducting repair work. A charged capacitor may cause an electrical shock.	A
Do not start or stop the air conditioner operation by plugging or unplugging the power cable plug. Plugging or unplugging the power cable plug to operate the equipment may cause an electrical shock or fire.	\bigcirc

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(I) Warning	
Be sure to wear a safety helmet, gloves, and a safety belt when working at a high place (more than 2 m). Insufficient safety measures may cause a fall accident.	
In case of R-410A refrigerant models, be sure to use pipes, flare nuts and tools for the exclusive use of the R-410A refrigerant. The use of materials for R-22 refrigerant models may cause a serious accident such as a damage of refrigerant cycle as well as an equipment failure.	\bigcirc

<u> Caution</u>	
Do not repair the electrical components with wet hands. Working on the equipment with wet hands may cause an electrical shock.	
Do not clean the air conditioner by splashing water. Washing the unit with water may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to provide the grounding when repairing the equipment in a humid or wet place, to avoid electrical shocks.	•
Be sure to turn off the power switch and unplug the power cable when cleaning the equipment. The internal fan rotates at a high speed, and cause injury.	0-5
Be sure to conduct repair work with appropriate tools. The use of inappropriate tools may cause injury.	0
Be sure to check that the refrigerating cycle section has cooled down enough before conducting repair work. Working on the unit when the refrigerating cycle section is hot may cause burns.	0
Use the welder in a well-ventilated place. Using the welder in an enclosed room may cause oxygen deficiency.	9

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1.1.2 Cautions Regarding Safety of Users

Warning	
Be sure to use parts listed in the service parts list of the applicable model and appropriate tools to conduct repair work. Never attempt to modify the equipment. The use of inappropriate parts or tools may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	0
If the power cable and lead wires have scratches or deteriorated, be sure to replace them. Damaged cable and wires may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	0
Do not use a joined power cable or extension cable, or share the same power outlet with other electrical appliances, since it may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	\bigcirc
Be sure to use an exclusive power circuit for the equipment, and follow the local technical standards related to the electrical equipment, the internal wiring regulations, and the instruction manual for installation when conducting electrical work. Insufficient power circuit capacity and improper electrical work may cause an electrical shock or fire.	0
Be sure to use the specified cable for wiring between the indoor and outdoor units. Make the connections securely and route the cable properly so that there is no force pulling the cable at the connection terminals. Improper connections may cause excessive heat generation or fire.	0
When wiring between the indoor and outdoor units, make sure that the terminal cover does not lift off or dismount because of the cable. If the cover is not mounted properly, the terminal connection section may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	0
Do not damage or modify the power cable. Damaged or modified power cable may cause an electrical shock or fire. Placing heavy items on the power cable, and heating or pulling the power cable may damage the cable.	
Do not mix air or gas other than the specified refrigerant (R-410A / R-22) in the refrigerant system. If air enters the refrigerating system, an excessively high pressure results, causing equipment damage and injury.	
If the refrigerant gas leaks, be sure to locate the leaking point and repair it before charging the refrigerant. After charging refrigerant, make sure that there is no refrigerant leak. If the leaking point cannot be located and the repair work must be stopped, be sure to perform pump-down and close the service valve, to prevent the refrigerant gas from leaking into the room. The refrigerant gas itself is harmless, but it may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames, such as fan and other heaters, stoves and ranges.	0
When relocating the equipment, make sure that the new installation site has sufficient strength to withstand the weight of the equipment. If the installation site does not have sufficient strength and if the installation work is not conducted securely, the equipment may fall and cause injury.	0

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N Warning	
Check to make sure that the power cable plug is not dirty or loose, then insert the plug into a power outlet securely. If the plug has dust or loose connection, it may cause an electrical shock or fire.	0
Be sure to install the product correctly by using the provided standard installation frame. Incorrect use of the installation frame and improper installation may cause the equipment to fall, resulting in injury.	For unitary type only
Be sure to install the product securely in the installation frame mounted on the window frame. If the unit is not securely mounted, it may fall and cause injury.	For unitary type only
When replacing the coin battery in the remote controller, be sure to disposed of the old battery to prevent children from swallowing it. If a child swallows the coin battery, see a doctor immediately.	0

<u>I</u> Caution	
Installation of a leakage breaker is necessary in some cases depending on the conditions of the installation site, to prevent electrical shocks.	0
Do not install the equipment in a place where there is a possibility of combustible gas leaks. If the combustible gas leaks and remains around the unit, it may cause a fire.	\bigcirc
Check to see if the parts and wires are mounted and connected properly, and if the connections at the soldered or crimped terminals are secure. Improper installation and connections may cause excessive heat generation, fire or an electrical shock.	0
If the installation platform or frame has corroded, replace it. Corroded installation platform or frame may cause the unit to fall, resulting in injury.	0
Check the grounding, and repair it if the equipment is not properly grounded. Improper grounding may cause an electrical shock.	

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<u>İ</u> Caution	
Be sure to measure the insulation resistance after the repair, and make sure that the resistance is 1 M Ω or higher. Faulty insulation may cause an electrical shock.	0
Be sure to check the drainage of the indoor unit after the repair. Faulty drainage may cause the water to enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	•
Do not tilt the unit when removing it. The water inside the unit may spill and wet the furniture and floor.	0
Be sure to install the packing and seal on the installation frame properly. If the packing and seal are not installed properly, water may enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	For unitary type only

1.2 Used Icons

Icons are used to attract the attention of the reader to specific information. The meaning of each icon is described in the table below:

Icon	Type of Information	Description
Note:	Note	A "note" provides information that is not indispensable, but may nevertheless be valuable to the reader, such as tips and tricks.
Caution	Caution	A "caution" is used when there is danger that the reader, through incorrect manipulation, may damage equipment, loose data, get an unexpected result or has to restart (part of) a procedure.
Warning	Warning	A "warning" is used when there is danger of personal injury.
5	Reference	A "reference" guides the reader to other places in this binder or in this manual, where he/she will find additional information on a specific topic.

Part 1 List of Functions

4	Functions	\sim
	Functions	_
	1 0110010110	_

List of Functions 1

Functions SiBE041010

1. Functions

Category	Functions	FTX20/25/35JV1B RX20/25/35JV1B	ATX20/25/35JV1B ARX20/25/35JV1B	Category	Functions	FTX20/25/35JV1B RX20/25/35JV1B	ATX20/25/35JV1B ARX20/25/35JV1B
Basic Function	Inverter (with Inverter Power Control)	0	0	Health & Clean	Air-Purifying Filter	_	_
	Operation Limit for Cooling (°CDB)	10 ~46	10 ~46		Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter	_	_
	Operation Limit for Heating (°CWB)	−15 ~20	−15 ~20		Air-Purifying Filter with Photocatalytic Deodorizing Function	_	_
	PAM Control	0	0		Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic		
	Standby Electricity Saving	0	0		Air-Purifying Filter	0	0
Compressor	Oval Scroll Compressor	_	_		Air Filter (Pre-Filter)	0	0
	Swing Compressor	0	0		Wipe-Clean Flat Panel	0	0
	Rotary Compressor	_	_		Washable Grille	_	_
	Reluctance DC Motor	0	0		Mold Proof Operation	_	_
Comfortable	Power-Airflow Flap	0	0		Heating Dry Operation	_	_
Airflow	Power-Airflow Dual Flaps	_	_		Good-Sleep Cooling Operation	_	_
	Power-Airflow Diffuser	_	_	Timer	WEEKLY TIMER Operation	_	_
	Wide Angle Leuvere	0			24-Hour ON/OFF TIMER	0	0
	Wide-Angle Louvers	0	0		NIGHT SET Mode	0	0
	Vertical Auto-Swing (Up and Down)	0	0	Worry Free "Reliability &	Auto-Restart (after Power Failure)	0	0
	Horizontal Auto-Swing (Right and Left)	_	_	Durability"	Self-Diagnosis (Digital, LED) Display	0	0
	3-D Airflow	_	_		Seli-Diagnosis (Digital, LED) Display		
	COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation	0	0		Wiring Error Check	_	_
Comfort Control	Auto Fan Speed	0	0		Anti-Corrosion Treatment of Outdoor Heat Exchanger	0	0
	Indoor Unit Quiet Operation	0	0	Flexibility	Multi-Split / Split Type Compatible Indoor Unit	_	_
	NIGHT QUIET Mode (Automatic)	_	_		Flexible Voltage Correspondence	_	_
	OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation (Manual)	_	_		High Ceiling Application	_	_
	INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	_	_		Chargeless	10 m	10 m
	Quick Warming Function (Preheating Operation)	0	0		Either Side Drain (Right or Left)	0	0
	Hot-Start Function	0	0		Power Selection	_	_
	Automatic Defrosting	0	0	Remote	5-Rooms Centralized Controller		
Operation	Automatic Operation	0	0	Control	(Option)		
	Program Dry Operation	0	0		Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Pulse Contact)		
	Fan Only	0	0		(Option)	_	_
Lifestyle Convenience	New POWERFUL Operation (Non-Inverter)	_	_		Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Contact) (Option)	_	_
	Inverter POWERFUL Operation	0	0	1	DIII-NET Compatible (Adaptor) (Option)	<u> </u>	_
	Priority-Room Setting	_	l —	Remote	Wireless	0	0
	COOL / HEAT Mode Lock	_	l —	Controller	Wired (Option)	0	0
	HOME LEAVE Operation	_	l —				
	ECONO Operation	0	0				
	Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button	0	0				
	Signal Receiving Sign	0	0				
	R / C with Back Light	_	 				
	Temperature Display	_	 				
	O : Holding Functions	ı		1	1		

Note: O: Holding Functions

 $-\!:$ No Functions

Part 2 Specifications

1.	Specifications	4
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Specifications SiBE041010

1. Specifications

50 Hz, 230 V

Cooling Heating Cooling Education Cooling Heating Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Co		Indoor Units		FTX20	JV1B	FTX25	5JV1B
Cooling Heating Cooling Education Cooling Heating Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Education Cooling Co	Model				• •		
April March Marc		Outdoor Units					
Page-1016 Page-1017 Page			kW				
Variable Capacity	Marri	Btu/h		,	, ,	,	
Numering Current (Falted)	Hated (IVIII). ~	iviax.)	kcal/h				
Note Capta Final Part Capta Final Part FinalP	Running Curre	ent (Rated)	Α			, , , , ,	,
Part		1 /		EEO (010 700)	F00 (0F0 0F0)	700 (210 1.050)	COO (OEO 1110)
Comparison	Rated (Min. ~	Max.)	VV	550 (310 ~ 720)	590 (250 ~ 950)	730 (310 ~ 1,050)	690 (250 ~ 1,110)
Raded (Min Max.)		(Rated)	%	88.6	91.6	85.8	93.8
Second S	COP	May	W/W	3.64 (4.19 ~ 3.61)	4.24 (5.2 ~ 3.68)	3.42 (4.19 ~ 2.86)	4.06 (5.2 ~ 3.60)
Piprogram	nateu (IVIII). ~		mm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The state of the s	, ,	
Description	Piping						
Heart Installation Heart I	Connections						
Make Internutial Piping Length	Heat Inculation		111111				
Max. Internut Height Difference			m				
The properties							
April		Tieight Diliefence					
Flefigrariant Symbol Flefigrariant Symbol Flefigrariant Symbol Flefigrariant Symbol Flefigrariant Symbol Sy		ditional Charge					-
White	of Refrigerant	anional onarge	g/m	2	0	2	0
H 9.1 (321) 9.4 (331) 9.2 (325) 9.7 (342)	Indoor Unit			FTX20	JV1B	FTX2	5JV1B
Marrian Marr	Front Panel C	olor		Wh	nite	Wh	nite
L			Н	9.1 (321)	9.4 (331)	9.2 (325)	9.7 (342)
Comparison Com	Airflow Doto		M	7.4 (261)	7.8 (276)	7.6 (268)	8.0 (283)
Type	AIIIOW Hate		L	5.9 (208)	6.3 (222)	6.0 (212)	6.3 (222)
Motor Output			SL	4.7 (166)	5.5 (194)	4.8 (169)	5.5 (194)
Speed Steps 5 Steps, Quiet, Auto 5 Steps, Cuiet, Auto Air Direction Control Flight, Left, Horizontal, Downward Flight, Downward Flight, Downwar		Туре		Cross F	low Fan	Cross F	low Fan
Right_Left, Horizontal, Downward Right_Left, Horizontal, Downward Right_Left, Horizontal, Downward Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof Removable / Washable / Washable / Mildew Proof Removable / Washable / Washable / Mildew Proof Removable / Washable / Was	Fan	Motor Output	W	1	6	1	6
Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof Removable / Washable		Speed	Steps	5 Steps, C	Quiet, Auto	5 Steps, C	Quiet, Auto
Punning Current (Rated)	Air Direction C	Control		Right, Left, Horiz	ontal, Downward	Right, Left, Horiz	ontal, Downward
Power Consumption (Rated) W 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	Air Filter			Removable / Wash	able / Mildew Proof	Removable / Wash	able / Mildew Proof
Power Factor	Running Curre	ent (Rated)	Α	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
Permiserature Control Microcomputer Control Microcomputer Control	Power Consu	mption (Rated)	W	40	40	40	40
Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 283 × 770 × 198 283 × 770 × 198 263 × 840 × 344 263 × 840	Power Factor		%	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 263 × 840 × 344 263 × 840 × 344 Neight kg	Temperature	Control		Microcomp	uter Control	Microcomp	uter Control
Neight	Dimensions (F	H×W×D)	mm	283 × 7	70 × 198	283 × 7	70 × 198
Caross Weight Kg	Packaged Din	nensions (H × W × D)	mm	263 × 84	10 × 344	263 × 84	10 × 344
Decidion H / M / L / SL dBA 39 / 33 / 25 / 22 39 / 34 / 28 / 25 40 / 33 / 26 / 22 40 / 34 / 28 / 25	Weight		kg	-	7	-	7
Sound Fire Sound Sound	Gross Weight		kg	1	1	1	1
Sourid S	Operation	H/M/L/SL	dBA	39 / 33 / 25 / 22	39 / 34 / 28 / 25	40 / 33 / 26 / 22	40 / 34 / 28 / 25
Display		,, -,					
Vory White Vor			dBA				
Type							
Model	Casing Color	Time		,			
Motor Output W 750 750 750	Compressor						
Type	Compressor		\\/				
Charge L 0.375 0.375 0.375 Refrigerant Type	Defricerent		VV				
Type	Nemgerani Oil						
Charge kg			_ <u> </u>				
Airflow Rate H)	Refrigerant		ka				
H	Airflow Data		ı '\y				
Type	(H)						
Motor Output W 33 33 33 33 33 33 33				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*	
Running Current (Rated) A 2.52 2.62 3.52 3.02 Power Consumption (Rated) W 510 550 690 650 Power Factor % 88.0 91.3 85.2 93.6 Starting Current A 2.7 3.7 3.7 Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 550 × 658 × 275 550 × 658 × 275 Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 616 × 788 × 359 616 × 788 × 359 Weight kg 28 28 Gross Weight kg 31 31 Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61	Fan		w				
Power Consumption (Rated) W 510 550 690 650 Power Factor % 88.0 91.3 85.2 93.6 Starting Current A 2.7 3.7 Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 550 × 658 × 275 550 × 658 × 275 Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 616 × 788 × 359 616 × 788 × 359 Weight kg 28 28 Gross Weight kg 31 31 Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61	Runnina Curr						
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Starting Current A 2.7 3.7 Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 550 × 658 × 275 550 × 658 × 275 Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 616 × 788 × 359 616 × 788 × 359 Weight kg 28 28 Gross Weight kg 31 31 Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61		r /					
Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 550 × 658 × 275 550 × 658 × 275 Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 616 × 788 × 359 616 × 788 × 359 Weight kg 28 28 Gross Weight kg 31 31 Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61		nt					
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D) mm 616 × 788 × 359 616 × 788 × 359 Weight kg 28 28 Gross Weight kg 31 31 Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61							
Weight kg 28 28 Gross Weight kg 31 31 Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61							
Gross Weight kg 31 31 Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61	Weight	siono (x II x b)					
Operation Sound dBA 46 47 46 47 Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61							
Sound Power dBA 60 61 60 61							
	Drawing No.		1				

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

The data are based on the conditions shown in the table bolow.						
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length				
Indoor; 27°CDB / 19°CWB	Indoor; 20°CDB Outdoor: 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m				

Conversion Formulae $kcal/h = kW \times 860$ $Btu/h = kW \times 3412$ $cfm = m^3/min \times 35.3$

SiBE041010 Specifications

50 Hz, 230 V

	Indoor Units		FTX35		
Model Outdoor Units			RX35	JV1B	
	Outdoor Office		Cooling	Heating	
Conocity		kW	3.3 (1.3 ~ 3.8)	3.5 (1.3 ~ 4.8)	
Capacity Rated (Min. ~	Max.)	Btu/h	11,300 (4,400 ~ 13,000)	11,900 (4,400 ~ 16,400)	
		kcal/h	2,840 (1,120 ~ 3,270)	3,010 (1,120 ~ 4,130)	
Running Curre		Α	5.2	4.7	
Power Consul Rated (Min. ~		w	980 (290 ~ 1,300)	930 (290 ~ 1,290)	
Power Factor	,	%	81.9	86.0	
COP		w/w	3.37 (4.48 ~ 2.92)	3.76 (4.48 ~ 3.72)	
Rated (Min. ~			, ,	<u> </u>	
Piping	Liquid Gas	mm	φ 6 φ 9		
Piping Connections	Drain	mm mm	φ ε φ 1		
Heat Insulatio		111111	Ψ π Both Liquid a		
	Piping Length	m	1:	•	
	Height Difference	m			
Chargeless	Ticigni Dilicicnoc	m			
	ditional Charge				
of Refrigerant		g/m	2		
Indoor Unit Front Panel Color			FTX35	<u>- </u>	
Front Panel C	color		Wr		
		Н	9.3 (328)	10.1 (356)	
Airflow Rate	m³/min	M	7.7 (272)	8.4 (295)	
Tanion Flato	(cfm)	L	6.1 (215)	6.7 (235)	
		SL	4.9 (173)	5.7 (201)	
	Туре		Cross F		
Fan	Motor Output	W	1	-	
Speed Steps		Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		
Air Direction C	Control		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		
Air Filter	. (5)		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		
Running Curre	· /	A	0.18	0.18	
	mption (Rated)	W	40	40	
Power Factor	0	%	96.6	96.6	
Temperature Dimensions (F			Microcompu		
	nensions (H × W × D)	mm	283 × 77 263 × 84		
Weight	HEISIONS (FLX VV X D)	mm kg	203 X 84		
Gross Weight		kg			
Operation	H/M/L/SL				
Sound		dBA	41 / 34 / 27 / 23	41 / 35 / 29 / 26	
Sound Power		dBA	57	57	
Outdoor Unit			RX35		
Casing Color	Te		lvory '		
3	Type		Hermetically Sea		
Compressor	Model Motor Output	T w	1YC23/ 75		
D-6-i			FVC		
Refrigerant Oil	Type Charge	T L	0.3		
	Type	1 -	0.3 R-4		
Refrigerant	Charge	kg			
Airflow Rate	m³/min	19	27.6	24.5	
Amiow Hate (H)	cfm	 	975	865	
	Туре		Prop		
Fan	Motor Output	W	3		
Running Curre		A	5.02	4.52	
	mption (Rated)	W	940	890	
Power Factor		%	86.0	85.6	
Starting Curre	ent	Α	5.		
Dimensions (H	H×W×D)	mm	550 × 65	8 × 275	
Packaged Din	nensions (H × W × D)	mm	616 × 78		
Weight		kg	3	0	
Gross Weight		kg	3		
Operation Sou		dBA	48	48	
Sound Power		dBA	62	62	
Drawing No.			3D06	5032	

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

- The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.					
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length			
Indoor; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m			

Conversion Formulae $kcal/h = kW \times 860$ $Btu/h = kW \times 3412$ $cfm = m^3/min \times 35.3$

Specifications SiBE041010

50 Hz, 230 V

	Indoor Units		ATX2	0JV1B	ATX25	5JV1B
Model	Outdoor Units		ARX20JV1B ARX25JV		5JV1B	
	Outdoor Offics		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
Conneit		kW	2.0 (1.3 ~ 2.6)	2.5 (1.3 ~ 3.5)	2.5 (1.3 ~ 3.0)	2.8 (1.3 ~ 4.0)
Capacity Rated (Min. ~	Max.)	Btu/h	6,800 (4,400 ~ 8,900)	8,500 (4,400 ~ 1,1600)	8,500 (4,400 ~ 10,200)	9,600 (4,400 ~ 13,600)
	-	kcal/h	1,720 (1,120 ~ 2,240)	2,150 (1,120 ~ 3,010)	2,150 (1,120 ~ 2,580)	2,410 (1,120 ~ 3,440)
Running Curre		Α	2.7	3.0	3.7	3.2
Power Consur		w	550 (310 ~ 720)	590 (250 ~ 950)	730 (310 ~ 1,050)	690 (250 ~ 1,110)
Rated (Min. ~		0/		, ,	, , ,	` · · · ·
Power Factor	(Hated)	%	88.6	91.6	85.8	93.8
COP Rated (Min. ~	Max)	W/W	3.64 (4.19 ~ 3.61)	4.24 (5.2 ~ 3.68)	3.42 (4.19 ~ 2.86)	4.06 (5.2 ~ 3.60)
iatoa (IVIII I.	Liquid	mm	ф	1	φf	5.4
Piping	Gas	mm		9.5		9.5
Connections	Drain	mm		8.0		8.0
leat Insulation		1		ind Gas Pipes		nd Gas Pipes
	Piping Length	m		5	•	5
	Height Difference	m		2		2
Chargeless	rioigni Billoronoo	m		0		0
	ditional Charge					
of Refrigerant	anional Onalgo	g/m	2	20	2	0
ndoor Unit			ATX2	0JV1B	ATX25	5JV1B
ront Panel C	olor		W	hite	Wh	nite
		Н	9.1 (321)	9.4 (331)	9.2 (325)	9.7 (342)
A: D .	m³/min	М	7.4 (261)	7.8 (276)	7.6 (268)	8.0 (283)
Airflow Rate	(cfm)	L	5.9 (208)	6.3 (222)	6.0 (212)	6.3 (222)
		SL	4.7 (166)	5.5 (194)	4.8 (169)	5.5 (194)
	Type			Flow Fan	()	low Fan
-an	Motor Output	W		6		6
	Speed	Steps		Quiet, Auto		Quiet, Auto
Air Direction C		Сторо		contal, Downward		ontal. Downward
Air Filter	JOHN OF			nable / Mildew Proof	3	able / Mildew Proof
Running Curre	ant (Rated)	Α	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
	mption (Rated)	Ŵ	40	40	40	40
Power Factor	inpliori (Halou)	%	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6
Temperature (Control	/6		uter Control	Microcomp	
Dimensions (F		mm		70 × 198	283 × 77	
	nensions (H × W × D)	mm		40 × 344		10 × 344
Veight	ierisioris (FFX VV X D)	kg		7	200 X 0-	
Gross Weight		kg		<u>/</u> 1	1	
Operation				1		
Sound	H/M/L/SL	dBA	39 / 33 / 25 / 22	39 / 34 / 28 / 25	40 / 33 / 26 / 22	40 / 34 / 28 / 25
Sound Power	1	dBA	55	55	56	56
Outdoor Unit		L	ARX2	0JV1B	ARX2	5JV1B
Casing Color			Ivory	White	Ivory	White
	Type		Hermetically Se	aled Swing Type	Hermetically Sea	
Compressor	Model			AEXDA		AEXDA
	Motor Output	W		50	75	
Refrigerant	Туре	1		050K		250K
Dil	Charge	L		375	0.3	
	Туре	1 -		10A	R-4	
Refrigerant	Charge	kg		74	0.	
Airflow Rate	m³/min	1.9	29.2	26.2	29.2	26.2
H)	cfm		1,030	927	1,030	927
	Type			peller	-	eller
an	Motor Output	W		33		3
Running Curre		A	2.52	2.62	3.52	3.02
	nption (Rated)	W	510	550	690	650
Power Factor	iipiioii (i iaiou)	%	88.0	91.3	85.2	93.6
Starting Curre	nt	7 ₀		2.7	3.2	
Dimensions (F				7 58 × 275	550 × 65	
	nensions (H × W × D)	mm				
	IELISIOLIS (LI X M X D)	mm		88 × 359		38 × 359
Weight		kg		28		8
Gross Weight		kg		31	3	
Operation Sou	ina	dBA	46	47	46	47
Sound Power		dBA	60	61	60	61
Orawing No.			3006	65933	3D06	5034

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

- The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.					
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length			
Indoor; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m			

Conversion Formulae $kcal/h = kW \times 860$ $Btu/h = kW \times 3412$ $cfm = m^3/min \times 35.3$

SiBE041010 Specifications

50 Hz, 230 V

	Indoor Units		ATX35	JV1B	
Model	Outdoor Units	door Units ARX35JV1B		JV1B	
	Outdoor Offics		Cooling	Heating	
Conneit		kW	3.3 (1.3 ~ 3.8)	3.5 (1.3 ~ 4.8)	
Capacity Rated (Min. ~	Max.)	Btu/h	11,300 (4,400 ~ 13,000)	11,900 (4,400 ~ 16,400)	
		kcal/h	2,840 (1,120 ~ 3,270)	3,010 (1,120 ~ 4,130)	
Running Curre	, ,	Α	5.2	4.7	
Power Consul		l w	980 (290 ~ 1,300)	930 (290 ~ 1,290)	
Rated (Min. ~			, , ,		
Power Factor		%	81.9	86.0	
COP Rated (Min. ~	Max)	W/W	3.37 (4.48 ~ 2.92)	3.76 (4.48 ~ 3.72)	
riatoa (IVIII I.	Liquid	mm	 φ 6.	4	
Piping	Gas	mm	φ 9.		
Connections	Drain	mm	φ 18		
Heat Insulatio		1	Both Liquid an		
	Piping Length	m	15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Height Difference	m			
Chargeless	Tioigni Dinoronoo	m	10		
	ditional Charge				
of Refrigerant	and the go	g/m	20		
Indoor Unit			ATX35	JV1B	
Front Panel C	Color		Whi		
		Н	9.3 (328)	10.1 (356)	
Airflow D-4	m³/min	М	7.7 (272)	8.4 (295)	
Airflow Rate	(cfm)	L	6.1 (215)	6.7 (235)	
		SL	4.9 (173)	5.7 (201)	
	Type		Cross Flo	ow Fan	
Fan	Motor Output	W	16		
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Qu	iet. Auto	
Air Direction C	1 1	1	Right, Left, Horizo		
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		
Running Curre	ent (Bated)	Α	0.18 0.18		
	mption (Rated)	w	40	40	
Power Factor		%	96.6	96.6	
Temperature		, , ,	Microcompu		
Dimensions (F		mm	283 × 770		
	nensions (H × W × D)	mm	263 × 840		
Weight	nonoiono (FFX VV X B)	kg	7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Gross Weight		kg			
Operation					
Sound	H/M/L/SL	dBA	41 / 34 / 27 / 23	41 / 35 / 29 / 26	
Sound Power	•	dBA	57	57	
Outdoor Unit			ARX35	JV1B	
Casing Color			Ivory V		
	Туре		Hermetically Sea	ed Swing Type	
Compressor	Model	Ì	1YC23A		
	Motor Output	W	750)	
Refrigerant	Туре	j	FVC5	0K	
Oil	Charge	L	0.37	75	
Dofrigorost	Туре	İ	R-41	0A	
Refrigerant	Charge	kg	1.0		
Airflow Rate	m³/min	İ	27.6	24.5	
(H)	cfm	Ì	975	865	
Eon	Туре	Ì	Prope	ller	
Fan	Motor Output	W	33		
Running Curre	ent (Rated)	Α	5.02	4.52	
Power Consu	mption (Rated)	W	940	890	
Power Factor	•	%	86.0	85.6	
Starting Curre		Α	5.0		
Dimensions (F		mm	550 × 658	3×275	
Packaged Din	nensions (H × W × D)	mm	616 × 788		
Weight	, , ,	kg	30		
Gross Weight		kg	34		
Operation Sou		dBA	48	48	
Sound Power		dBA	62	62	
Souria Fower					

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

The data are based on the conditions of our mile table below.					
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length			
Indoor; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m			

Conversion Formulae $kcal/h = kW \times 860$ $Btu/h = kW \times 3412$ $cfm = m^3/min \times 35.3$

Part 3 Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram

1.	Print	ted Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram	. ლ
		Indoor Unit	
		Outdoor Unit	

1. Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram

1.1 Indoor Unit

Connectors and Other Parts

PCB(1): Control PCB

1) S6 Connector for swing motor (horizontal blade)

2) S26 Connector for display PCB

3) S32 Connector for indoor heat exchanger thermistor

4) S200 Connector for fan motor

5) S403 Connector for adaptor PCB (option)6) H1, H2, H3, FG Connector for terminal board

7) V1 Varistor

8) JA Address setting jumper

JB Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF

JC Power failure recovery function (auto-restart)

* Refer to page 140 for detail.

9) LED A LED for service monitor (green)

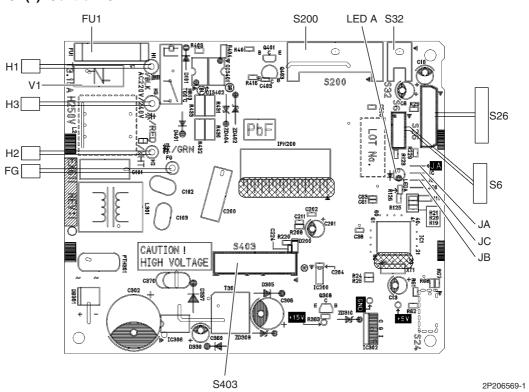
10)FU1 (F1U) Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)

PCB(2): Display PCB

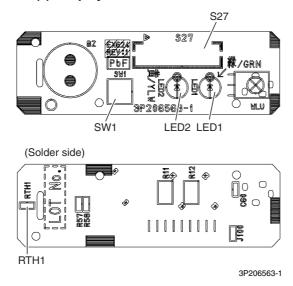
S27 Connector for control PCB
 SW1 (S1W) Forced operation ON/OFF button
 LED1 (H1P) LED for operation (green)
 LED2 (H2P) LED for timer (yellow)
 RTH1 (R1T) Room temperature thermistor

PCB Detail

PCB(1): Control PCB



PCB(2): Display PCB



1.2 Outdoor Unit

Connectors and Other Parts

PCB(1): Filter PCB

1) S11 Connector for main PCB
2) AC1, AC2, S Connector for terminal board
3) E1, E2 Terminal for ground

4) HL2, HN2 Connector for main PCB
5) HR1 Connector for reactor
6) FU3 Fuse (20 A, 250 V)

7) V2, V3 Varistor

PCB(2): Main PCB

1) S10 Connector for filter PCB

2) S20 Connector for electronic expansion valve coil

3) S40 Connector for overload protector

4) S70 Connector for fan motor

5) S80 Connector for four way valve coil

6) S90 Connector for thermistors

(outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)

7) HL3, HN3 Connector for filter PCB
8) HR2 Connector for reactor
9) U, V, W Connector for compressor
10)FU1, FU2 Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)

11)LED A LED for service monitor (green)

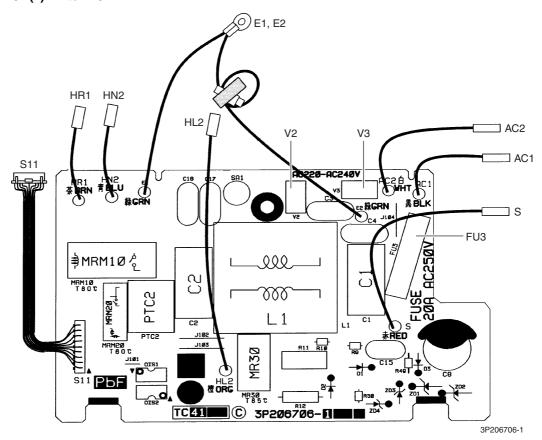
12)V1 Varistor

13)J5 Jumper for improvement of defrost performance

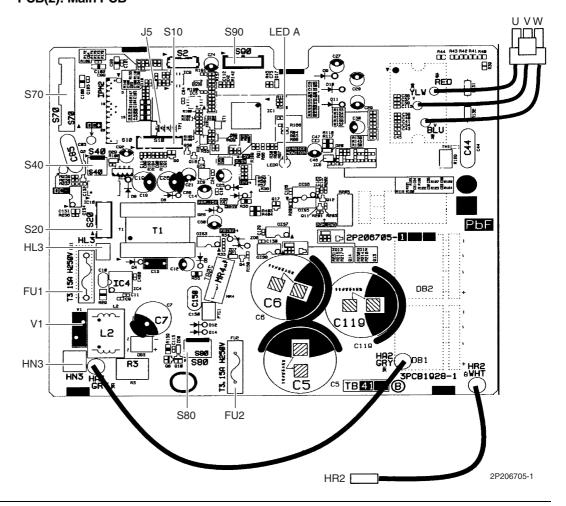
* Refer to page 140 for detail.

PCB Detail

PCB(1): Filter PCB



PCB(2): Main PCB



Part 4 Function and Control

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Main Functions SiBE041010

1. Main Functions

1.1 Frequency Principle

Main Control Parameters

The compressor is frequency-controlled during normal operation. The target frequency is set by the following 2 parameters coming from the operating indoor unit:

- The load condition of the operating indoor unit
- The difference between the room temperature and the target temperature

Additional Control Parameters The target frequency is adapted by additional parameters in the following cases:

- Frequency restrictions
- Initial settings
- Forced cooling operation

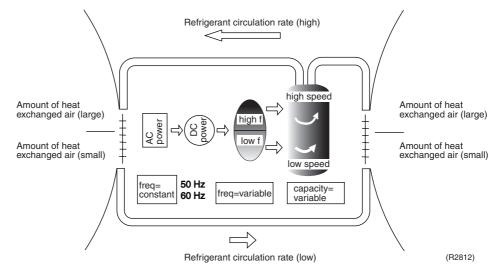
Inverter Principle

To regulate the capacity, a frequency control is needed. The inverter makes it possible to vary the rotation speed of the compressor. The following table explains the conversion principle:

Phase	Description
1	The supplied AC power source is converted into the DC power source for the present.
2	 The DC power source is reconverted into the three phase AC power source with variable frequency. When the frequency increases, the rotation speed of the compressor increases resulting in an increased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a higher amount of the heat exchange per unit. When the frequency decreases, the rotation speed of the compressor decreases resulting in a decreased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a lower amount of the heat exchange per unit.

Drawing of Inverter

The following drawing shows a schematic view of the inverter principle:



SiBE041010 Main Functions

Inverter Features

The inverter provides the following features:

■ The regulating capacity can be changed according to the changes in the outdoor temperature and cooling / heating load.

- Quick heating and quick cooling The compressor rotational speed is increased when starting the heating (or cooling). This enables to reach the set temperature quickly.
- Even during extreme cold weather, the high capacity is achieved. It is maintained even when the outdoor temperature is 2°C.
- Comfortable air conditioning
 - A fine adjustment is integrated to keep the room temperature constant.
- Energy saving heating and cooling Once the set temperature is reached, the energy saving operation enables to maintain the room temperature at low power.

Frequency Limits

The following functions regulate the minimum and maximum frequency:

Frequency	Functions
Low	■ Four way valve operation compensation. Refer to page 29.
High	 Compressor protection function. Refer to page 30. Discharge pipe temperature control. Refer to page 30. Input current control. Refer to page 31. Freeze-up protection control. Refer to page 32. Heating peak-cut control. Refer to page 32. Defrost control. Refer to page 34.

Forced Cooling Operation

Refer to "Forced operation mode" on page 39 for detail.

Main Functions SiBE041010

1.2 Airflow Direction Control

Power-Airflow Flap

The large flap sends a large volume of air downwards to the floor. The flap provides an optimum control in cooling, dry, and heating mode.

Cooling / Dry Mode

During cooling or dry mode, the flap retracts into the indoor unit. Then, cool air can be blown far and pervaded all over the room.

Heating Mode

During heating mode, the large flap directs airflow downwards to spread the warm air to the entire room.

Wide-Angle Louvers

The louvers, made of elastic synthetic resin, provide a wide range of airflow that guarantees a comfortable air distribution.

Auto-Swing

The following table explains the auto swing process for cooling, dry, fan, and heating:

Vertical Swing (up and down)		
Cooling / Dry / Fan	Heating	
5° (R11256)	15° + (R11257)	

COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation

The vertical swing flap is controlled not to blow the air directly on the person in the room.

3 1	,
Cooling	Heating
0°	50° _(R11258)

SiBE041010 Main Functions

1.3 Fan Speed Control for Indoor Units

Outline

Phase control and fan speed control contains 9 steps: LLL, LL, SL, L, ML, M, MH, H, and HH. The airflow rate can be automatically controlled depending on the difference between the room temperature and the target temperature. This is done through phase control and Hall IC control.



For more information about Hall IC, refer to the troubleshooting for fan motor on page 61.

Automatic Fan Speed Control

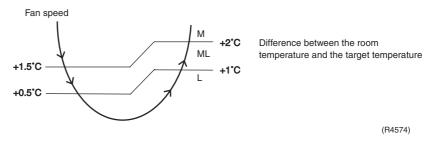
In automatic fan speed operation, the step "SL" is not available.

Cooling	Heating
	1
\uparrow	
」 イト	7
(R6833)	(R11975)
	(R6833)

= The airflow rate is automatically controlled within this range when the FAN setting button is set to automatic.

<Cooling>

The following drawing explains the principle of fan speed control for cooling.



<Heating>

On heating mode, the fan speed is regulated according to the indoor heat exchanger temperature and the difference between the room temperature and the target temperature.



- 1. During POWERFUL operation, fan rotates at H tap + 80 rpm.
- 2. Fan stops during defrost operation.
- In time of thermostat OFF, the fan rotates at the following speed.
 Cooling: The fan keeps rotating at the set tap.
 Heating: The fan keeps rotating at LLL tap.

Main Functions SiBE041010

1.4 Program Dry Operation

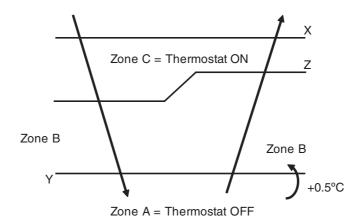
Outline

Program dry operation removes humidity while preventing the room temperature from lowering. Since the microcomputer controls both the temperature and airflow rate, the temperature adjustment and fan adjustment buttons are inoperable in this mode.

Detail

The microcomputer automatically sets the temperature and airflow rate. The difference between the room temperature at start-up and the target temperature is divided into two zones. Then, the unit operates in the dry mode with an appropriate capacity for each zone to maintain the temperature and humidity at a comfortable level.

Room temperature at start-up	Target temperature X	Thermostat OFF point Y	Thermostat ON point Z
24°C or more	Room temperature at	X – 2.5°C	X – 0.5°C or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.
23.5°C	start-up	X – 2.0°C	X – 0.5°C or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.
17.5°C ≀	18°C	X – 2.0°C	X - 0.5°C = 17.5°C or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.



(R11581)

SiBE041010 Main Functions

1.5 Automatic Operation

Outline

Automatic Cooling / Heating Function

When the AUTO mode is selected with the remote controller, the microcomputer automatically determines the operation mode as cooling or heating according to the room temperature and the set temperature at start-up, and automatically operates in that mode.

The unit automatically switches the operation mode to maintain the room temperature at the set temperature.

Detail

Tc: temperature set by remote controller

Tt: target temperature

Tr: room temperature

C: correction value

- The temperature set by remote controller (Tc) determines the target temperature (Tt). (Tc = 18 ~ 30°C).
- 2. The target temperature (Tt) is calculated as;

$$Tt = Tc + C$$

where C is the correction value.

 $C = 0^{\circ}C$

3. Thermostat ON/OFF point and mode switching point are as follows.

Tr means the room temperature.

Heating → Cooling switching point:

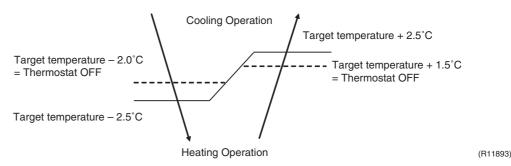
 $Tr \ge Tt + 2.5^{\circ}C$

② Cooling → Heating switching point:

Tr < Tt - 2.5°C

- ③ Thermostat ON/OFF point is the same as the ON/OFF point of cooling or heating operation.
- 4. During initial operation

 $Tr \ge Tc$: Cooling operation Tr < Tc: Heating operation



Ex: When the target temperature is 25°C

Cooling \to 23°C: Thermostat OFF \to 22°C: Switch to heating Heating \to 26.5°C: Thermostat OFF \to 27.5°C: Switch to cooling

Main Functions SiBE041010

1.6 Thermostat Control

Thermostat control is based on the difference between the room temperature and the target temperature.

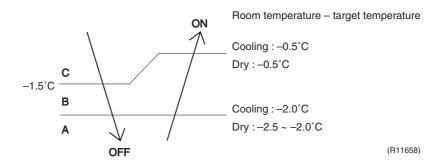
Thermostat OFF Condition

• The temperature difference is in the zone A.

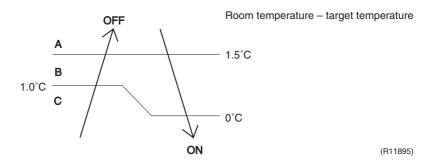
Thermostat ON Condition

- The temperature difference returns to the zone C after being in the zone A.
- The system resumes from defrost control in any zones except A.
- The operation turns on in any zones except A.
- The monitoring time has passed while the temperature difference is in the zone B.
 (Cooling / Dry: 10 minutes, Heating: 10 seconds)

Cooling / Dry



Heating



SiBE041010 Main Functions

1.7 NIGHT SET Mode

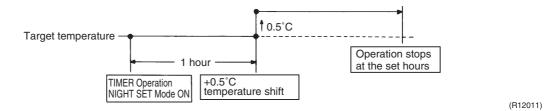
Outline

When the OFF timer is set, the NIGHT SET Mode is automatically activated. The NIGHT SET Mode keeps the airflow rate setting.

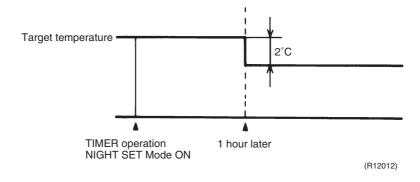
Detail

The NIGHT SET Mode continues operation at the target temperature for the first one hour, then automatically raises the target temperature slightly in the case of cooling, or lowers it slightly in the case of heating. This prevents excessive cooling in summer and excessive heating in winter to ensure comfortable sleeping conditions, and also conserves electricity.

Cooling



Heating



Main Functions SiBE041010

1.8 ECONO Operation

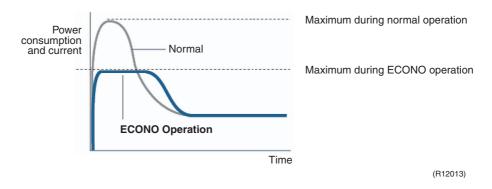
Outline

The "ECONO operation" reduces the maximum operating current and power consumption during start-up etc..

This operation is particularly convenient for energy-saving-oriented users. It is also a major bonus for those whose breaker capacities do not allow the use of multiple electrical devices and air conditioners.

It is easily activated from the wireless remote controller by pushing the ECONO button.

- When this function is activated, the maximum capacity decreases.
- The remote controller can send the ECONO command when the unit is in COOL, HEAT, DRY, or AUTO operation. This function can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the ON/OFF button on the remote controller cancels the function.
- This function and POWERFUL operation cannot be used at the same time. The latest command has the priority.



Detail

■ When the ECONO command is valid, the input current is under reducing control. (Refer to "Input current control" on page 31.)

SiBE041010 Main Functions

1.9 Inverter POWERFUL Operation

Outline

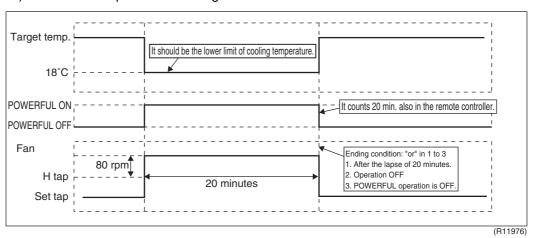
In order to exploit the cooling and heating capacity to full extent, operate the air conditioner by increasing the indoor fan rotating speed and the compressor frequency.

Detail

When POWERFUL button is pressed, the fan speed and target temperature are converted to the following states for 20 minutes.

Operation mode	Fan speed	Target temperature
COOL	H tap + 80 rpm	18°C
DRY	DRY rotating speed + 80 rpm	Lowered by 2.5°C
HEAT	H tap + 80 rpm	31°C
FAN	H tap + 80 rpm	_
AUTO	Same as cooling / heating in POWERFUL operation	The target temperature is kept unchanged.

Ex.): POWERFUL operation in cooling mode.



Main Functions SiBE041010

1.10 Other Functions

1.10.1 Hot-Start Function

In order to prevent the cold air blast that normally comes when heating operation is started, the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is detected, and either the airflow is stopped or is made very weak thereby carrying out comfortable heating of the room.

*The cold air blast is also prevented using a similar control when the defrosting operation is started or when the thermostat is turned ON.

1.10.2 Signal Receiving Sign

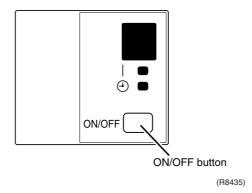
When the indoor unit receives a signal from the remote controller, the unit emits a signal receiving sound.

1.10.3 Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button

An ON/OFF button is provided on the display of the unit.

- Press this button once to start operation. Press once again to stop it.
- This button is useful when the remote controller is missing or the battery has run out.
- The operation mode refers to the following table.

Mode	Temperature setting	Airflow rate
AUTO	25°C	Automatic



<Forced operation mode>

Forced operation mode can be started by pressing the ON/OFF button for 5 to 9 seconds while the unit is not operating.

Refer to "Forced operation mode" on page 39 for detail.

Note: When the ON/OFF button is pressed for 10 seconds or more, the forced operation is stopped.

1.10.4 Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter

This filter combines the Air-Purifying Filter and Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter as a single highly effective filter. The filter traps microscopic particles, decompose odors and even deactivates bacteria and viruses. It lasts for 3 years without replacement if washed about once every 6 months.

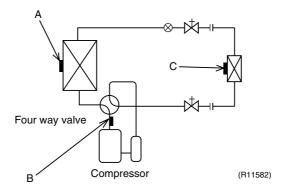
1.10.5 Auto-restart Function

Even if a power failure (including one for just a moment) occurs during the operation, the operation restarts automatically when the power is restored in the same condition as before the power failure.

Note: It takes 3 minutes to restart the operation because the 3-minute standby function is activated.

SiBE041010 Function of Thermistor

2. Function of Thermistor



A Outdoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

- The outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained.
- In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the outdoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.
- 3. In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for high pressure protection.

B Discharge Pipe Thermistor

- 1. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for controlling discharge pipe temperature. If the discharge pipe temperature (used in place of the inner temperature of the compressor) rises abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts.
- 2. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor.

C Indoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

- The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained.
- 2. In cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for freeze-up protection control. If the indoor heat exchanger temperature drops abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts.
- 3. In heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the indoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.

Control Specification SiBE041010

3. Control Specification

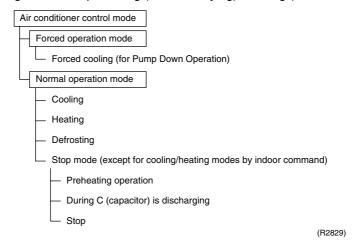
3.1 Mode Hierarchy

Outline

There are two modes; the one is the normal operation mode and the other is the forced operation mode for installation and providing service.

Detail

There are following modes; stop, cooling (includes drying), heating (include defrosting)



Note: Unless specified otherwise, an indoor dry operation command is regarded as cooling operation.

SiBE041010 Control Specification

3.2 Frequency Control

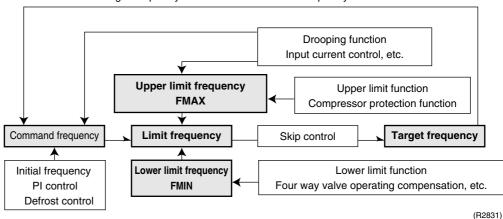
Outline

Frequency is determined according to the difference between the room temperature and the target temperature.

The function is explained as follows.

- 1. How to determine frequency
- 2. Frequency command from the indoor unit (Difference between the room temperature and the target temperature)
- 3. Frequency initial setting
- 4. PI control

When the shift of the frequency is less than zero (Δ F<0) by PI control, the target frequency is used as the command frequency.



Detail

How to Determine Frequency

The compressor's frequency is determined by taking the following steps.

1. Determine command frequency

- · Command frequency is determined in the following order of priority.
- 1. Limiting defrost control time
- 2. Forced cooling
- 3. Indoor frequency command

2. Determine upper limit frequency

 The minimum value is set as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:

Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipe temperature, heating peak-cut, freeze-up protection, defrost.

3. Determine lower limit frequency

 The maximum value is set as an lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following functions:

Four way valve operation compensation, draft prevention, pressure difference upkeep.

4. Determine prohibited frequency

There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

Control Specification SiBE041010

Indoor Frequency Command (△D signal)

The difference between the room temperature and the target temperature is taken as the " ΔD signal" and is used for frequency command.

Temperature difference (°C)	∆D signal	Temperature difference (°C)	∆D signal	Temperature difference (°C)	∆D signal	Temperature difference (°C)	ΔD signal
-2.0	*Th OFF	0	4	2.0	8	4.0	С
-1.5	1	0.5	5	2.5	9	4.5	D
-1.0	2	1.0	6	3.0	Α	5.0	Е
-0.5	3	1.5	7	3.5	В	5.5	F

^{*}Th OFF = Thermostat OFF

Frequency Initial Setting

<Outline>

When starting the compressor, the frequency is initialized according to the ΔD value and the Q value of the indoor unit.

Q value: Indoor unit output determined from indoor unit volume, airflow rate and other factors.

PI Control (Determine Frequency Up / Down by ΔD Signal)

1. P control

The ΔD value is calculated in each sampling time (20 seconds), and the frequency is adjusted according to its difference from the frequency previously calculated.

2. I control

If the operating frequency does not change for more than a certain fixed time, the frequency is adjusted according to the ΔD value.

When the ΔD value is small, the frequency is lowered.

When the ΔD value is large, the frequency is increased.

3. Frequency management when other controls are functioning

When frequency is drooping;

Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency droops.

• For limiting lower limit

Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency rises.

4. Upper and lower limit of frequency by PI control

The frequency upper and lower limits are set according to the command on indoor unit. When the indoor or outdoor unit quiet operation command comes from the indoor unit, the upper limit frequency is lowered than the usual setting.

SiBE041010 Control Specification

3.3 Controls at Mode Changing / Start-up

3.3.1 Preheating Operation

Outline

The inverter operation in open phase starts with the conditions of the preheating command from the indoor unit, the outdoor temperature, and the discharge pipe temperature.

Detail

Outdoor temperature \geq 7°C \rightarrow Control A Outdoor temperature < 7°C \rightarrow Control B

Control A

ON condition

Discharge pipe temperature < 10°C Radiation fin temperature < 85°C

OFF condition

Discharge pipe temperature > 12° C Radiation fin temperature $\geq 90^{\circ}$ C

Control B

ON condition

Discharge pipe temperature < 20°C Radiation fin temperature < 85°C

OFF condition

Discharge pipe temperature > 22°C Radiation fin temperature ≥ 90°C

3.3.2 Four Way Valve Switching

Outline

In heating operation, current is conducted, and in cooling and defrosting, current is not conducted. In order to eliminate the switching sound when the heating is stopped, as the four way valve coil switches from ON to OFF, the OFF delay switch of the four way valve is carried out after the operation stopped.

Detail

OFF delay switch of four way valve:

The four way valve coil is energized for 160 seconds after the operation is stopped.

3.3.3 Four Way Valve Operation Compensation

Outline

At the beginning of the operation as the four way valve is switched, the differential pressure to activate the four way valve is acquired by having output frequency which is more than a certain fixed frequency, for a certain fixed time.

Detail

Starting Conditions

- 1. When starting compressor for heating.
- When the operation mode changes to cooling from heating.
- 3. When starting compressor for defrosting or resetting.
- 4. When starting compressor for the first time after the reset with the power is ON.
- 5. When starting compressor for heating next to the suspension of defrosting.
- 6. When starting compressor next to the fault of switching over cooling / heating.

Set the lower limit frequency $_{\triangle}$ Hz for $_{\boxminus}$ seconds with any conditions 1 through 6 above.

62
50

Control Specification SiBE041010

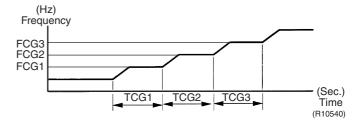
3.3.4 3-minute Standby

Turning on the compressor is prohibited for 3 minutes after turning it off. (Except when defrosting.)

3.3.5 Compressor Protection Function

When turning the compressor from OFF to ON, the upper limit of frequency is set as follows. (The function is not activated when defrosting.)

FCG 1	58	
FCG 2	72	Hz
FCG 3	90	
TCG 1	180	
TCG 2	180	seconds
TCG 3	10	

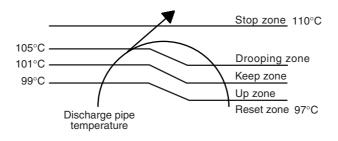


3.4 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Outline

The discharge pipe temperature is used as the internal temperature of the compressor. If the discharge pipe temperature rises above a certain level, the upper limit of frequency is set to keep this temperature from going up further.

Detail



(R12014)

Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Drooping zone	The timer starts, and the frequency is drooping.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency is increased.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

SiBE041010 Control Specification

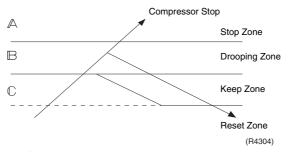
3.5 Input Current Control

Outline

The microcomputer calculates the input current during the compressor is running, and sets the frequency upper limit from the input current.

In case of heat pump model, this control which is the upper limit control of the frequency takes priority to the lower limit of control of four way valve operation compensation.

Detail



Frequency control in each zone

Stop zone

• After 2.5 seconds in this zone, the compressor is stopped.

Drooping zone

- The upper limit of the compressor frequency is defined as operation frequency 2 Hz.
- After this, the output frequency is pulled down by 2 Hz every second until it reaches the keep zone.

Keep zone

The present maximum frequency goes on.

Reset zone

· Limit of the frequency is canceled.

		20/25 class		35 class	
		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
		14	14	14	14
□ (A)	Normal mode	6.0	6.75	6.5	7.75
	ECONO mode	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
© (A)	Normal mode	5.25	6.0	5.75	7.0
	ECONO mode	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0

Limitation of current drooping and stop value according to the outdoor temperature

 The current droops when outdoor temperature becomes higher than a certain level (model by model).

Control Specification SiBE041010

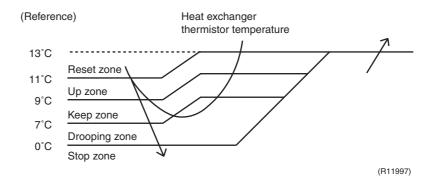
3.6 Freeze-up Protection Control

Outline

During cooling operation, the signal sent from the indoor unit controls the operating frequency limitation and prevents freezing of the indoor heat exchanger. (The signal from the indoor unit is divided into zones.)

Detail

The operating frequency limitation is judged with the indoor heat exchanger temperature.

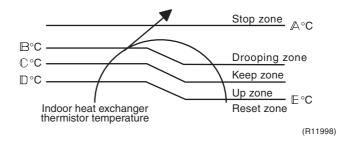


3.7 Heating Peak-cut Control

Outline

During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature determines the frequency upper limit to prevent abnormal high pressure.

Detail



Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Drooping zone	The timer starts, and the frequency is drooping.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency is increased.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

	65
B (°C)	55
ℂ (°C)	52
□ (°C)	50
E (°C)	45

SiBE041010 Control Specification

3.8 Outdoor Fan Control

1. Fan OFF delay when stopped

The outdoor fan is turned OFF 70 seconds after the compressor stops.

2. Fan ON control to cool down the electrical box

The outdoor fan is turned ON when the electrical box temperature is high while the compressor is OFF.

3. Fan OFF control while defrosting

The outdoor fan is turned OFF while defrosting.

4. Fan ON/OFF control when operation starts/stops

The outdoor fan is turned ON when the operation starts. The outdoor fan is turned OFF when the operation stops.

5. Fan control while forced operation

The outdoor fan is controlled as well as normal operation while the forced operation.

6. Fan speed control while indoor/outdoor quiet operation

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced by the command of the indoor/outdoor quiet operation.

7. Fan control for POWERFUL operation

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is increased while the POWERFUL operation.

8. Fan speed control for pressure difference upkeep

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is controlled for keeping the pressure difference while cooling with low outdoor temperature.

- ♦ When the pressure difference is small, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced.
- When the pressure difference is large, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is increased.

3.9 Liquid Compression Protection Function

Outline

In order to obtain the dependability of the compressor, the compressor is stopped according to the outdoor temperature and temperature of the outdoor heat exchanger.

Detail

Operation stops depending on the outdoor temperature

Compressor turns off under the conditions that the system is in cooling operation and outdoor temperature is below 0°C.

Control Specification SiBE041010

3.10 Defrost Control

Outline

Defrosting is carried out by the cooling cycle (reverse cycle). The defrosting time or outdoor heat exchanger temperature must be more than a certain value to finish.

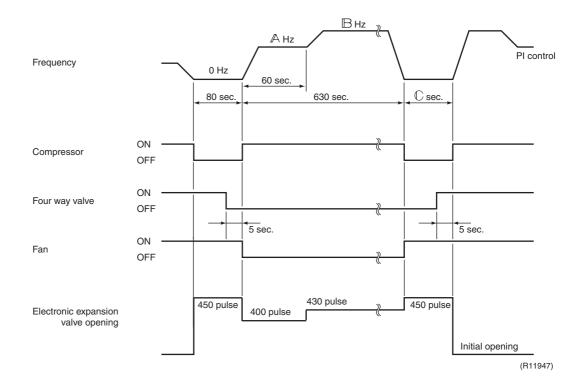
Detail

Conditions for Starting Defrost

- The starting conditions is determined with the outdoor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature.
- The system is in heating operation.
- The compressor operates for 6 minutes.
- More than 28 minutes of accumulated time pass since the start of the operation, or ending the previous defrosting.

Conditions for Canceling Defrost

The judgment is made with outdoor heat exchanger temperature. (4°C - 22°C)



			C (seconds)
20/25 class	68	80	100
35 class	72	84	70

SiBE041010 Control Specification

3.11 Electronic Expansion Valve Control

Outline

The following items are included in the electronic expansion valve control.

Electronic expansion valve is fully closed

- 1. Electronic expansion valve is fully closed when turning on the power.
- 2. Pressure equalizing control

Open Control

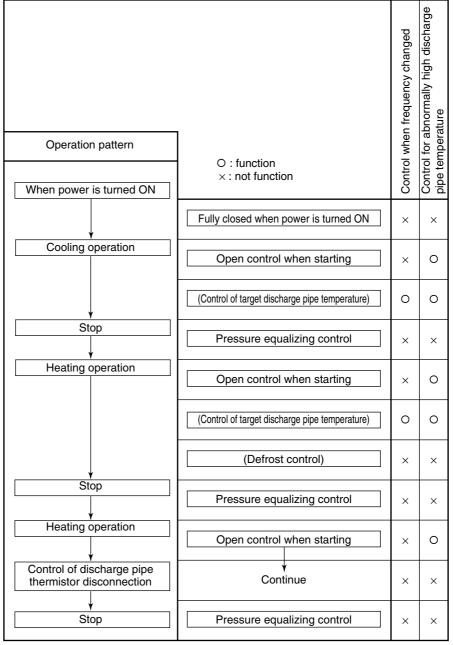
- 1. Electronic expansion valve control when starting operation
- 2. Electronic expansion valve control when frequency changed
- 3. Electronic expansion valve control for defrosting
- 4. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe temperature is abnormally high
- 5. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected

Feedback Control

1. Discharge pipe temperature control

Detail

The followings are the examples of control which function in each mode by the electronic expansion valve control.



Function and Control 35

(R2833)

Control Specification SiBE041010

3.11.1 Fully Closing with Power ON

The electronic expansion valve is initialized when turning on the power. The opening position is set and the pressure equalization is developed.

3.11.2 Pressure Equalization Control

When the compressor is stopped, the pressure equalization control is activated. The electronic expansion valve opens, and develops the pressure equalization.

3.11.3 Opening Limit

Outline

A maximum and minimum opening of the electronic expansion valve are limited.

Detail

- A maximum electronic expansion valve opening : 470 pulse
- A minimum electronic expansion valve opening : 52 pulse

The electronic expansion valve is fully closed when cooling is stopped and is opened with fixed opening during defrosting.

3.11.4 Starting Operation Control

The electronic expansion valve opening is controlled when the operation starts, and prevents the superheating or liquid compression.

3.11.5 High Discharge Pipe Temperature

When the compressor is operating, if the discharge pipe temperature exceeds a certain value, the electronic expansion valve opens and the refrigerant runs to the low pressure side. This procedure lowers the discharge pipe temperature.

3.11.6 Disconnection of the Discharge Pipe Thermistor

Outline

The disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor is detected by comparing the discharge pipe temperature with the condensation temperature. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the electronic expansion valve opens according to the outdoor temperature and the operation frequency, and operates for a specified time, and then stops.

After 3 minutes of waiting, the operation restarts and checks if the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the system stops after operating for a specified time.

If the disconnection is detected 5 times in succession, then the system is shut down. When the compressor runs for 60 minutes without any error, the error counter is reset.

Detail

Detect Disconnection

When the starting control (cooling: 10 seconds, heating: 120 seconds) finishes, the detection timer for disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor (720 seconds) starts. When the timer is over, the following adjustment is made.

- When the operation mode is cooling When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.
 - Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < outdoor heat exchanger temperature
- 2. When the operation mode is heating
 - When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.

Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < indoor heat exchanger temperature

Adjustment when the thermistor is disconnected

When the disconnection is ascertained and the 9-minute timer for the compressor operation continuation is over, the compressor stops.

When compressor stops repeatedly, the system is shut down.

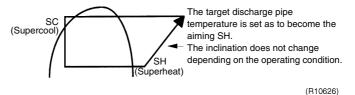
SiBE041010 Control Specification

3.11.7 Control when frequency is changed

When the target discharge pipe temperature control is active, if the target frequency is changed for a specified value in a certain time period, the target discharge pipe temperature control is canceled and the target opening of the electronic expansion valve is changed according to the shift.

3.11.8 Target Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

The target discharge pipe temperature is obtained from the indoor and outdoor heat exchanger temperature, and the electronic expansion valve opening is adjusted so that the actual discharge pipe temperature becomes close to the target discharge pipe temperature. (Indirect SH (superheating) control using the discharge pipe temperature)



The electronic expansion valve opening and the target discharge pipe temperature are adjusted every 20 seconds. The target discharge pipe temperature is controlled by indoor heat exchanger temperature and outdoor heat exchanger temperature. The opening degree of the electronic expansion valve is controlled by followings.

- ◆ Target discharge pipe temperature
- Actual discharge pipe temperature
- Previous discharge pipe temperature

Control Specification SiBE041010

3.12 Malfunctions

3.12.1 Sensor Malfunction Detection

Sensor malfunction may occur in the thermistor.

Relating to Thermistor Malfunction

- 1. Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
- 2. Discharge pipe thermistor
- 3. Radiation fin thermistor
- 4. Outdoor temperature thermistor

3.12.2 Detection of Overcurrent and Overload

Outline

An excessive output current is detected and, the OL temperature is observed to protect the compressor.

Detail

- If the OL (compressor head) temperature exceeds 120°C (depending on the model), the system shuts down the compressor.
- If the inverter current exceeds 14 A, the system shuts down the compressor.

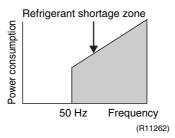
3.12.3 Refrigerant Shortage Control

Outline

I Detecting by power consumption

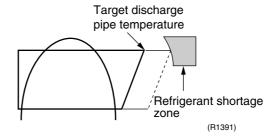
If the power consumption is below the specified value and the frequency is higher than the specified frequency, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.

The power consumption is small comparing with that in the normal operation when refrigerant is insufficient, and refrigerant shortage is detected by checking a power consumption.



Il Detecting by discharge pipe temperature

If the discharge pipe temperature is higher than the target discharge pipe temperature, and the electronic expansion valve is fully open for more than the specified time, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.





Refer to "Refrigerant shortage" on page 87 for detail.

SiBE041010 Control Specification

3.13 Forced Operation Mode

Outline

Forced operation mode includes only forced cooling.

Detail

Item	Forced Cooling
Conditions	1) The outdoor unit is not abnormal and not in the 3-minute standby mode.
	2) The outdoor unit is not operating.
	The forced operation is allowed when the above both conditions are met.
Start	Press the forced operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the indoor unit for 5 seconds.
Command frequency	58 Hz
End	Press the forced operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the indoor unit again.
	2) Press the ON/OFF button on the remote controller.
	3) The operation ends automatically after 15 minutes.
Others	The protection functions are prior to all others in the forced operation.

Part 5 Operation Manual

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2.	Ope	ration Manual	42
		Remote Controller	
	2.2	AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation	43
	2.3	Adjusting the Airflow Direction	45
	2.4	POWERFUL Operation	47
	2.5	ECONO Operation	48
	2.6	TIMER Operation	49

SiBE041010 System Configuration

1. System Configuration

After the installation and test operation of the room air conditioner have been completed, it should be operated and handled as described below. Every user would like to know the correct method of operation of the room air conditioner, to check if it is capable of cooling (or heating) well, and to know a clever method of using it.

In order to meet this expectation of the users, giving sufficient explanations taking enough time can be said to reduce about 80% of the requests for servicing. However good the installation work is and however good the functions are, the customer may blame either the room air conditioner or its installation work because of improper handling. The installation work and handing over of the unit can only be considered to have been completed when its handling has been explained to the user without using technical terms but giving full knowledge of the equipment.

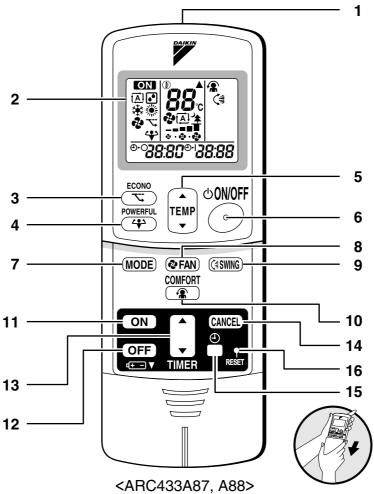
Operation Manual SiBE041010

2. Operation Manual

Illustrations are for FTX models as representative.

2.1 Remote Controller

■ Remote Controller



- 1. Signal transmitter:
 - It sends signals to the indoor unit.
- 2. Display:
 - It displays the current settings.
 (In this illustration, each section is shown with all its displays ON for the purpose of explanation.)
- 3. ECONO button:

ECONO operation (page 15.)

- 4. POWERFUL button:
 - POWERFUL operation (page 14.)
- 5. TEMPERATURE adjustment buttons:
 - It changes the temperature setting.
- 6. ON/OFF button:
 - Press this button once to start operation. Press once again to stop it.
- 7. MODE selector button:
 - It selects the operation mode. (AUTO/DRY/COOL/HEAT/FAN) (page 10.)

- 8. FAN setting button:
 - It selects the airflow rate setting.
- 9. SWING button:
 - Ajusting the Airflow Direction. (page 12.)
- **10. COMFORT AIRFLOW button:** COMFORT AIRFLOW operation (page 13.)
- 11. ON TIMER button: (page 17.)
- 12. OFF TIMER button: (page 16.)
- 13. TIMER Setting button:
 - It changes the time setting.
- 14. TIMER CANCEL button:
 - · It cancels the timer setting.
- 15. CLOCK button
- 16. RESET button:
 - Restart the unit if it freezes.
 - Use a thin object to push.

6

SiBE041010 Operation Manual

2.2 AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation

AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation

The air conditioner operates with the operation mode of your choice.

From the next time on, the air conditioner will operate with the same operation mode.

■ To start operation

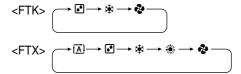
- 1. Press "MODE selector button" and select a operation mode.
 - Each pressing of the button advances the mode setting in sequence.

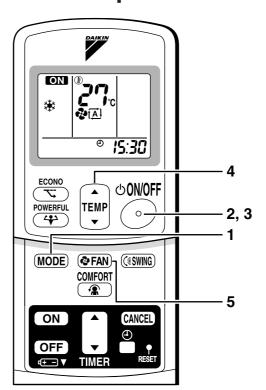
AUTO

●: DRY

★: COOL

🐉 : FAN





- 2. Press "ON/OFF button".
 - The OPERATION lamp lights up.



■ To stop operation

- 3. Press "ON/OFF button" again.
 - Then OPERATION lamp goes off.

■ To change the temperature setting

4. Press "TEMPERATURE adjustment button".

DRY or FAN mode	AUTO or COOL or HEAT mode
	Press " a " to raise the temperature and press "
The temperature setting is not variable.	Set to the temperature you like.

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Operation Manual SiBE041010

■ To change the airflow rate setting

5. Press "FAN setting button".

DRY mode	AUTO or COOL or HEAT or FAN mode
The airflow rate setting is not variable.	Five levels of airflow rate setting from " o " to " o " plus " (o " o " o " o " o " o " o " o " o "

· Indoor unit quiet operation

When the airflow is set to "* ", the noise from the indoor unit will become quieter. Use this when making the noise quieter.

The unit might lose capacity when the airflow rate is set to a weak level.

NOTE

■ Note on HEAT operation

- Since this air conditioner heats the room by taking heat from outdoor air to indoors, the heating
 capacity becomes smaller in lower outdoor temperatures. If the heating effect is insufficient, it is recommended to use another heating appliance in combination with the air conditioner.
- The heat pump system heats the room by circulating hot air around all parts of the room. After the start of heating operation, it takes some time before the room gets warmer.
- In heating operation, frost may occur on the outdoor unit and lower the heating capacity. In that case, the system switches into defrosting operation to take away the frost.
- During defrosting operation, hot air does not flow out of indoor unit.

■ Note on COOL operation

• This air conditioner cools the room by blowing the hot air in the room outside, so if the outside temperature is high, the performance of the air conditioner drops.

■ Note on DRY operation

• The computer chip works to rid the room of humidity while maintaining the temperature as much as possible. It automatically controls temperature and airflow rate, so manual adjustment of these functions is unavailable.

■ Note on AUTO operation

- In AUTO operation, the system selects an appropriate operation mode (COOL or HEAT) based on the room temperature at the start of the operation.
- The system automatically reselects setting at a regular interval to bring the room temperature to usersetting level.
- If you do not like AUTO operation, manually change the set temperature.

■ Note on airflow rate setting

• At smaller airflow rates, the cooling (heating) effect is also smaller.

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SiBE041010 Operation Manual

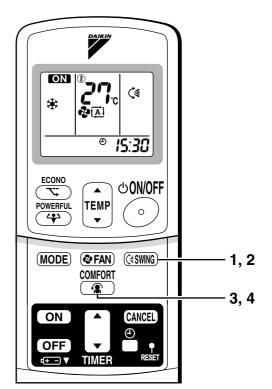
2.3 Adjusting the Airflow Direction

Adjusting the Airflow Direction

You can adjust the airflow direction to increase your comfort.

To adjust the horizontal blades (flaps)

- 1. Press "SWING button".
 - "() is displayed on the LCD and the flaps will begin to swing.
- 2. When the flaps have reached the desired position, press "SWING button" once more.
 - · The flap will stop moving.
 - "(isappears from the LCD.



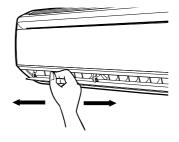
■ To adjust the vertical blades (louvers)

Hold the knob and move the louvers.

(You will find a knob on the left-side and the right-side blades.)

 When the unit is installed in the corner of a room, the direction of the louvers should be facing away from the wall.

If they face the wall, the wall will block off the wind, causing the cooling (or heating) efficiency to drop.



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Operation Manual SiBE041010

■ To start COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

3. Press "COMFORT AIRFLOW button".

- The flap position will change, preventing air from blowing directly on the occupants of the room.
- " is displayed on the LCD.
- · Airflow rate is set to "AUTO".

(COOL/DRY) The flap will go up.

⟨HEAT⟩ The flap will go down.

■ To cancel COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

- 4. Press "COMFORT AIRFLOW button" again.
 - The flaps will return to the memory position from before COMFORT AIRFLOW mode.
 - " a " disappears from the LCD.

Notes on COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

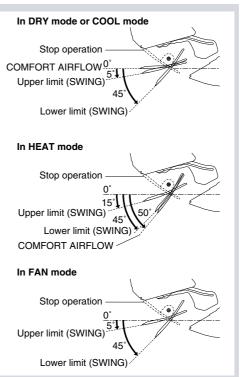
• POWERFUL operation and COMFORT AIRFLOW operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to POWERFUL operation.

Notes on flaps and louvers angles

 When "SWING button" is selected, the flaps swinging range depends on the operation mode. (See the figure.)

■ ATTENTION

- Always use a remote controller to adjust the flaps angle. If you attempt to move it forcibly with hand when it is swinging, the mechanism may be broken.
- Be careful when adjusting the louvers. Inside the air outlet, a fan is rotating at a high speed.
- If the air conditioner is operated in cooling or dry mode with the flap kept stopped in the downward direction, the flap will automatically start operating in approximately an hour in order to prevent dew condensation.



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SiBE041010 Operation Manual

2.4 POWERFUL Operation

POWERFUL Operation

POWERFUL operation quickly maximizes the cooling (heating) effect in any operation mode. You can get the maximum capacity .

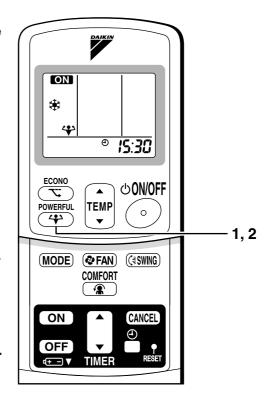
To start POWERFUL operation

1. Press "POWERFUL button".

- POWERFUL operation ends in 20minutes.
 Then the system automatically operates again with the previous settings which were used before POWERFUL operation.
- " ⁴ " is displayed on the LCD.
- When using POWERFUL operation, there are some functions which are not available.

To cancel POWERFUL operation

- 2. Press "POWERFUL button" again.
 - " [→] " disappears from the LCD.



NOTE

■ Notes on POWERFUL operation

- POWERFUL Operation cannot be used together with ECONO or COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- POWERFUL Operation can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the operation stop button causes the settings to be canceled, and the "عه" disappears from the LCD.
- In COOL and HEAT mode

To maximize the cooling (heating) effect, the capacity of outdoor unit must be increased and the airflow rate be fixed to the maximum setting.

The temperature and airflow settings are not variable.

• In DRY mode

The temperature setting is lowered by 2.5°C and the airflow rate is slightly increased.

• In FAN mode

The airflow rate is fixed to the maximum setting.

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Operation Manual SiBE041010

2.5 ECONO Operation

ECONO Operation

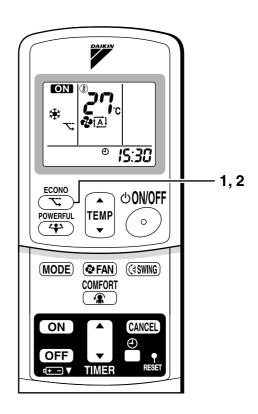
ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by lowering the maximum power consumption value.

■ To start ECONO operation

- 1. Press "ECONO button".
 - " ";" is displayed on the LCD.

■ To cancel ECONO operation

- 2. Press "ECONO button" again.
 - " " disappears from the LCD.



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NOTE

- ECONO Operation can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the operation stop button causes the settings to be canceled, and the "\(\tilde{\sigma}\)" idisappears from the LCD.
- ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by limiting the power consumption of the outdoor unit (operating frequency).
- ECONO operation functions in AUTO, COOL, DRY, and HEAT modes.
- POWERFUL operation and ECONO operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- Power consumption may not drop even if ECONO operation is used, when the level of power consumption is already low.

SiBE041010 Operation Manual

2.6 TIMER Operation

TIMER Operation

Timer functions are useful for automatically switching the air conditioner on or off at night or in the morning. You can also use OFF TIMER and ON TIMER in combination.

■ To use OFF TIMER operation

Check that the clock is correct.
 If not, set the clock to the present time.

1. Press "OFF TIMER button".

0:00 is displayed.

⊕⊷ blinks.

2. Press "TIMER Setting button" until the time setting reaches the point you like.

- Every pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes.
 Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly.
- 3. Press "OFF TIMER button" again.
 - · The TIMER lamp lights up.



** <u>⊕.○ 0:00</u> **ECONO ⇔ON/OFF** 7 POWERFUL TEMP 0 4 \blacktriangledown MODE **₽FAN** (\$SWING) COMFORT 2 4 ON OFF 1, 3

■ To cancel the OFF TIMER operation

- 4. Press "CANCEL button".
 - The TIMER lamp goes off.

NOTE

- When TIMER is set, the present time is not displayed.
- Once you set ON, OFF TIMER, the time setting is kept in the memory. (The memory is canceled when remote controller batteries are replaced.)
- When operating the unit via the ON/OFF Timer, the actual length of operation may vary from the time entered by the user.

■ NIGHT SET MODE

When the OFF TIMER is set, the air conditioner automatically adjusts the temperature setting (0.5°C up in COOL, 2.0°C down in HEAT) to prevent excessive cooling (heating) for your pleasant sleep.

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Operation Manual SiBE041010

■ To use ON TIMER operation

- Check that the clock is correct. If not, set the clock to the present time.
- 1. Press "ON TIMER button".

§:☐☐ is displayed.

⊕r| blinks.

- 2. Press "TIMER Setting button" until the time setting reaches the point you like.
 - Every pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes.
 Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly.
- 3. Press "ON TIMER button" again.
 - The TIMER lamp lights up.



To cancel ON TIMER operation

- 4. Press "CANCEL button".
 - The TIMER lamp goes off.

■ To combine ON TIMER and OFF TIMER

• A sample setting for combining the two timers is shown below.

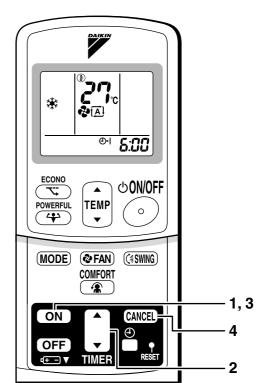


ATTENTION

- In the following cases, set the timer again.
 - After a breaker has turned OFF.
 - After a power failure.
 - · After replacing batteries in the remote controller.

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3P208145-1F



Part 6 Service Diagnosis

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Caution for Diagnosis SiBE041010

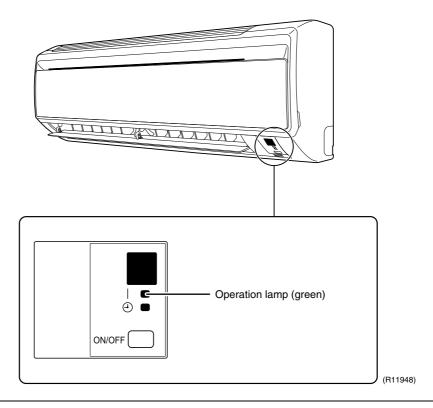
1. Caution for Diagnosis

1.1 Troubleshooting with LED

Indoor Unit

The operation lamp blinks when any of the following errors is detected.

- 1. When a protection device of the indoor or outdoor unit is activated, or when the thermistor malfunctions.
- 2. When a signal transmission error occurs between the indoor and outdoor units. In either case, conduct the diagnostic procedure described in the following pages.



Outdoor Unit

The outdoor unit has one green LED (LED A) on the PCB. The blinking green LED indicates normal condition of microcomputer operation.

2. Problem Symptoms and Measures

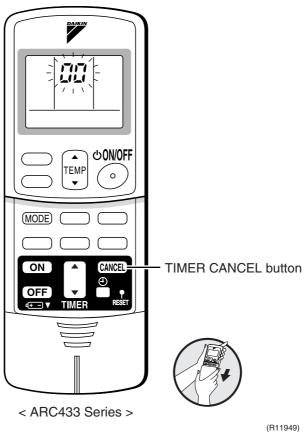
Symptom	Check Item	Details of Measure	Reference Page
The units does not operate.	Check the power supply.	Check to make sure that the rated voltage is supplied.	_
	Check the type of the indoor units.	Check to make sure that the indoor unit type is compatible with the outdoor unit.	_
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 20°C or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below 10°C.	
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	_	57
	Check the remote controller addresses.	Check to make sure that address settings for the remote controller and indoor unit are correct.	_
Operation sometimes stops.	Check the power supply.	A power failure of 2 to 10 cycles stops air conditioner operation. (Operation lamp OFF)	_
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 20°C or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below 10°C.	
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	_	57
The unit operates but does not cool, or does not heat.	Check for wiring and piping errors in the connection between the indoor and outdoor units.	Conduct the wiring/piping error check described on the product diagnosis label.	
	Check for thermistor detection errors.	Check to make sure that the thermistor is mounted securely.	_
	Check for faulty operation of the electronic expansion valve.	Set the units to cooling operation, and check the temperature of the liquid pipe to see the electronic expansion valve works.	_
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	_	57
	Diagnose by service port pressure and operating current.	Check for refrigerant shortage.	87
Large operating noise and vibrations	Check the output voltage of the power module.	_	95
	Check the power module.	_	_
	Check the installation condition.	Check to make sure that the required spaces for installation (specified in the installation manual, etc.) are provided.	_

SiBE041010 **Service Check Function**

3. Service Check Function

Check Method 1

1. When the timer cancel button is held down for 5 seconds, "" indication appears on the temperature display section.



- 2. Press the timer cancel button repeatedly until a long beep sounds.
- The code indication changes in the sequence shown below.

No.	Code	No.	Code	No.	Code
1	88	12	۶۶	23	8:
2	24	13	٤٦	24	ε;
3	LS	14	83	25	UR
4	88	15	X8	26	UH UH
5	X8	16	XS	27	PY
6	X8	17	83	28	13
7	88	18	٤٢	29	14
8	٤٦	19	εs	30	87
9	ШΩ	20	J3	31	u≥
10	F3	21	J8	32	88
11	85	22	85	33	88

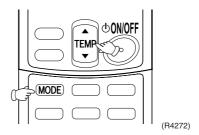


- 1. A short beep "pi" and two consecutive beeps "pi pi" indicate non-corresponding codes.
- 2. To return to the normal mode, hold the timer cancel button down for 5 seconds. When the remote controller is left untouched for 60 seconds, it also returns to the normal mode.

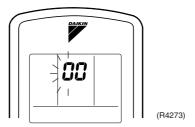
SiBE041010 Service Check Function

Check Method 2

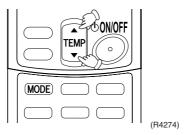
1. Press the center of the TEMP button and the MODE button at the same time.



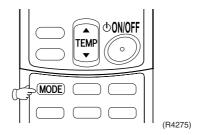
The figure of the ten's place blinks.



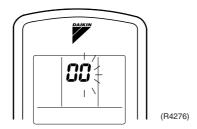
2. Press the TEMP▲ or ▼ button and change the figure until you hear the sound of "beep" or "pi pi".



- 3. Diagnose by the sound.
 - \star "pi": The figure of the ten's place does not accord with the error code.
 - ★"pi pi": The figure of the ten's place accords with the error code but the one's not.
 - \star "beep" : The both figures of the ten's and one's place accord with the error code. (→See 7.)
- 4. Press the MODE button.

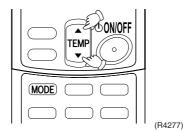


The figure of the one's place blinks.



Service Check Function SiBE041010

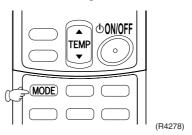
5. Press the TEMP▲ or ▼ button and change the figure until you hear the sound of "beep".



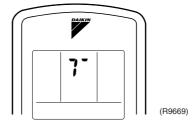
- 6. Diagnose by the sound.
 - ★"pi": The figure of the ten's place does not accord with the error code.
 - ★"pi pi": The figure of the ten's place accords with the error code but the one's not.
 - ★"beep": The both figures of the ten's and one's place accord with the error code.
- 7. Determine the error code.

The figures indicated when you hear the "beep" sound are error code. (Error codes and description \rightarrow Refer to page 57.)

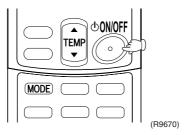
8. Press the MODE button to exit from the diagnosis mode.



The display " 7 " means the trial operation mode. (Refer to page 139 for trial operation.)



9. Press the ON/OFF button twice to return to the normal mode.



Note: When the remote controller is left untouched for 60 seconds, it returns to the normal mode.

SiBE041010 Troubleshooting

4. Troubleshooting

4.1 Error Codes and Description

	Error Codes	Description	Reference Page
System	88	Normal	_
	UØ★	Refrigerant shortage	87
	ua	Low-voltage detection or over-voltage detection	89
	UЧ	Signal transmission error (between indoor and outdoor unit)	64
	UR UR	Unspecified voltage (between indoor and outdoor unit)	65
Indoor Unit	8 :	Indoor unit PCB abnormality	58
Offic	85	Freeze-up protection control or heating peak-cut control	59
	88	Fan motor (DC motor) or related abnormality	61
	£4	Indoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	63
	63	Room temperature thermistor or related abnormality	63
Outdoor Unit	ε:	Outdoor unit PCB abnormality	66
Offic	85★	OL activation (compressor overload)	67
	88★	Compressor lock	68
	£7	DC fan lock	69
	88	Input overcurrent detection	70
	ER	Four way valve abnormality	71
	F3	Discharge pipe temperature control	73
	88	High pressure control in cooling	74
	HG	Compressor system sensor abnormality	75
	H8	Position sensor abnormality	76
	H8	DC voltage / current sensor abnormality	78
	XS	Outdoor temperature thermistor or related abnormality	79
	43	Discharge pipe thermistor or related abnormality	79
	48	Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	79
	13	Electrical box temperature rise	81
	14	Radiation fin temperature rise	83
	45	Output overcurrent detection	85
	PY	Radiation fin thermistor or related abnormality	79

^{★:} Displayed only when system-down occurs.

Troubleshooting SiBE041010

4.2 Indoor Unit PCB Abnormality

Remote Controller Display 8:

Method of Malfunction Detection The system checks if the circuit works properly within the microcomputer of the indoor unit.

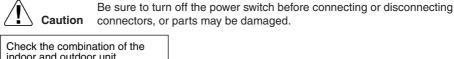
Malfunction Decision Conditions

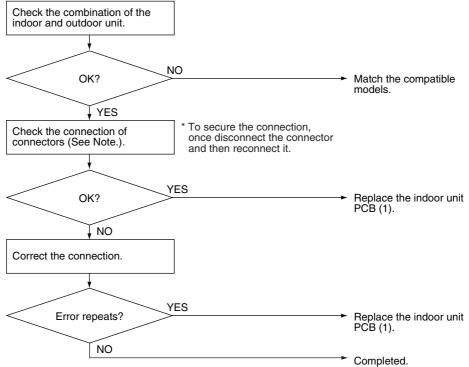
The system cannot set the internal settings.

Supposed Causes

- Wrong models interconnected
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Disconnection of connector

Troubleshooting





(R11704)

Note:

Check the following connector.

Model Type	Connector
Wall Mounted Type	Terminal board ~ Control PCB

SiBE041010 Troubleshooting

4.3 Freeze-up Protection Control or Heating Peak-cut Control

Remote Controller Display 85

Method of Malfunction Detection

■ Freeze-up protection control

During cooling operation, the freeze-up protection control (operation halt) is activated according to the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor.

■ Heating peak-cut control

During heating operation, the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for the heating peak-cut control (operation halt, outdoor fan stop, etc.)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

■ Freeze-up protection control

During cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is below 0°C.

■ Heating peak-cut control

During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is above 65°C

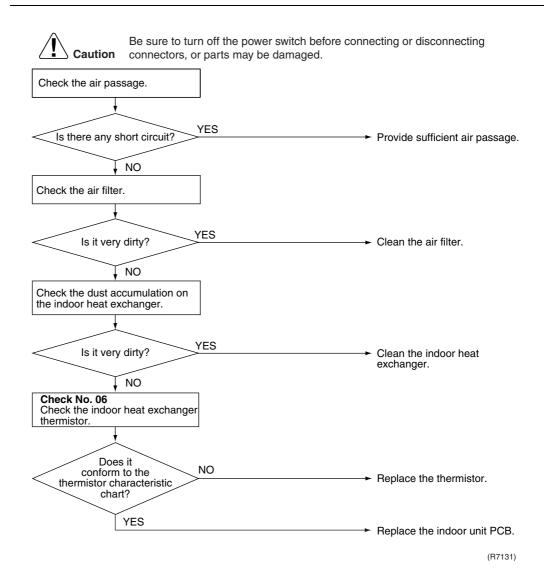
Supposed Causes

- Short-circuited air
- Clogged air filter of the indoor unit
- Dust accumulation on the indoor heat exchanger
- Defective indoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting SiBE041010

Troubleshooting





SiBE041010 Troubleshooting

4.4 Fan Motor (DC Motor) or Related Abnormality

Remote Controller Display 88

Method of Malfunction Detection

The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor operation.

Malfunction Decision Conditions The detected rotation speed does not reach the demanded rotation speed of the target tap, and is less than 50% of the maximum fan motor rotation speed.

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of connector
- Foreign matters stuck in the fan
- Layer short inside the fan motor winding
- Breaking of wire inside the fan motor
- Breaking of the fan motor lead wires
- Defective capacitor of the fan motor
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting SiBE041010

Troubleshooting



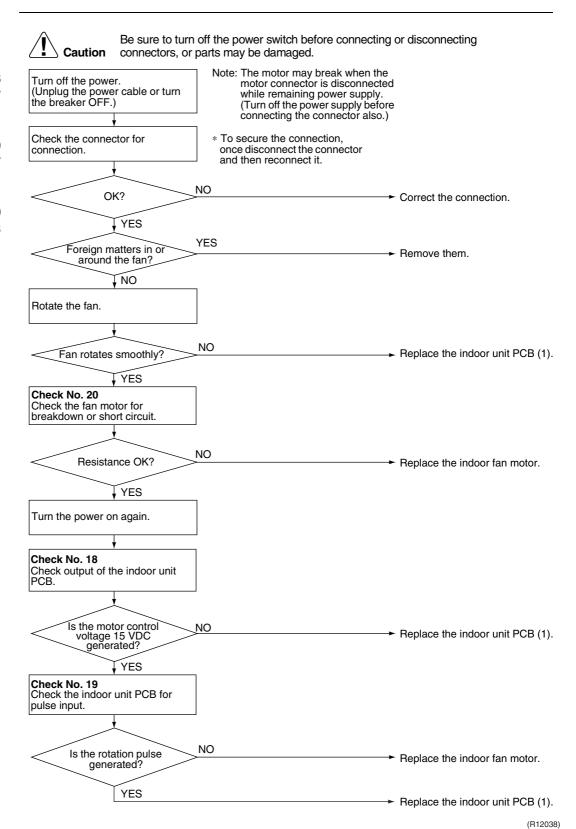
Check No.18 Refer to P.97



Check No.19 Refer to P.97



Check No.20 Refer to P.98



Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Indoor Unit) 4.5

Remote Controller **Display**

Method of Malfunction **Detection**

The temperatures detected by the thermistors determine thermistor errors.

Malfunction **Decision Conditions**

The thermistor input is more than 4.96 V or less than 0.04 V during compressor operation.

Supposed Causes

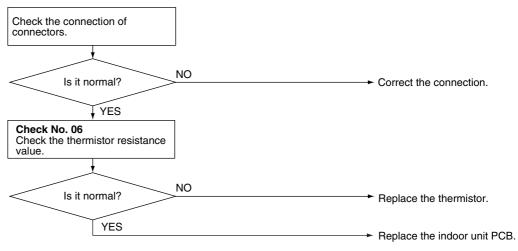
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective thermistor
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting





Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R7134)

ধে: Indoor heat exchanger thermistor £3: Room temperature thermistor

4.6 Signal Transmission Error (between Indoor and Outdoor Unit)

Remote Controller Display 114

Method of Malfunction Detection

The data received from the outdoor unit in indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission is checked whether it is normal.

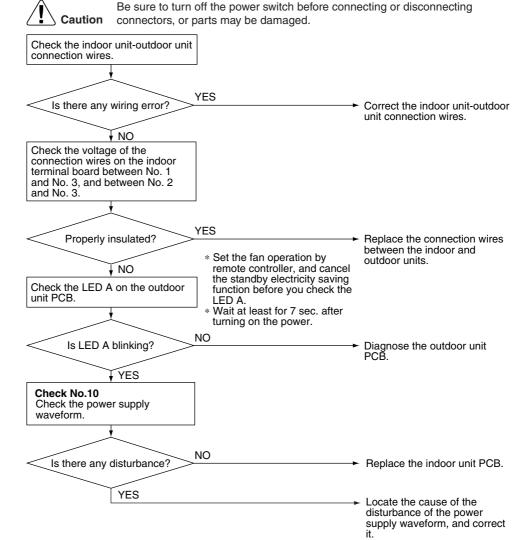
Malfunction Decision Conditions The data sent from the outdoor unit cannot be received normally, or the content of the data is abnormal.

Supposed Causes

- Wiring error
- Breaking of the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units (wire No. 3)
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Disturbed power supply waveform

Troubleshooting





(R12023)

4.7 Unspecified Voltage (between Indoor and Outdoor Unit)

Remote Controller Display Method of Malfunction Detection

The supply power is detected for its requirements (different from pair type and multi type) by the indoor / outdoor transmission signal.

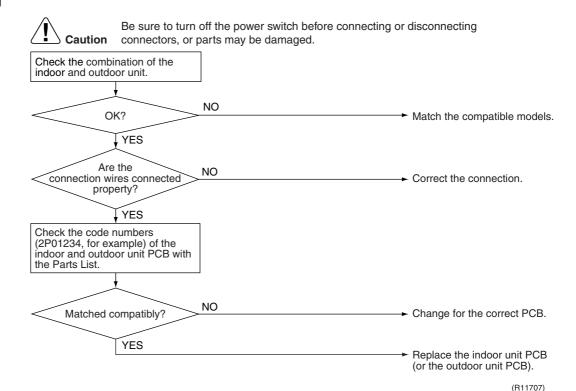
Malfunction Decision Conditions

The pair type and multi type are interconnected.

Supposed Causes

- Wrong models interconnected
- Wrong wiring of connection wires
- Wrong indoor unit PCB or outdoor unit PCB mounted
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



4.8 Outdoor Unit PCB Abnormality

Remote Controller Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

- The system follows the microprocessor program as specified.
- The system checks to see if the zero-cross signal comes in properly.

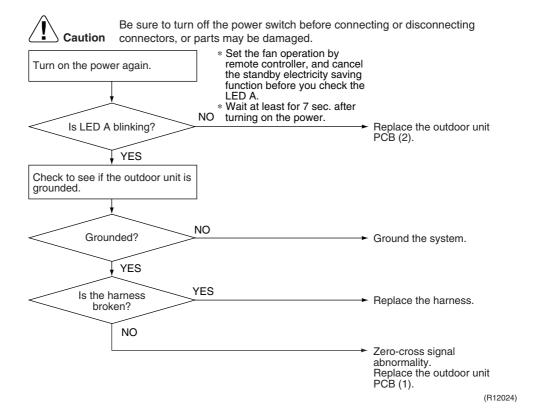
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The microprocessor program runs out of control.
- The zero-cross signal is not detected.

Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Broken harness between PCBs
- Noise
- Momentary fall of voltage
- Momentary power failure, etc

Troubleshooting



4.9 OL Activation (Compressor Overload)

Remote Controller Display <u>ES</u>

Method of Malfunction Detection

A compressor overload is detected through compressor OL.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- If the error repeats twice, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error
- * The operating temperature condition is not specified.

Supposed Causes

- Defective discharge pipe thermistor
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Defective four way valve or coil
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Refrigerant shortage
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve

Troubleshooting



Check No.04 Refer to P.90



Check No.05 Refer to P.91

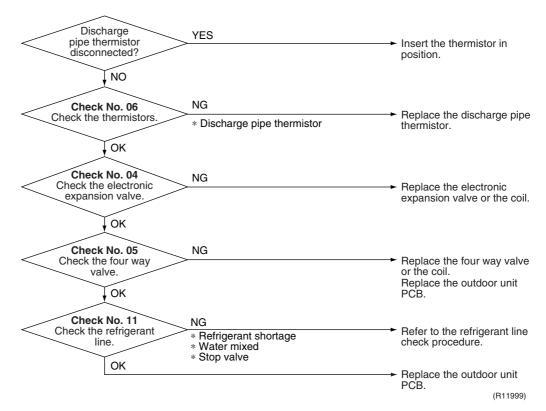


Check No.11 Refer to P.95



aution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



4.10 Compressor Lock

Remote Controller **Display**

<u>E5</u>

Method of Malfunction **Detection**

A compressor lock is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

Malfunction **Decision Conditions**

- Operation stops due to overcurrent.
- If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Compressor locked
- Compressor harness disconnected

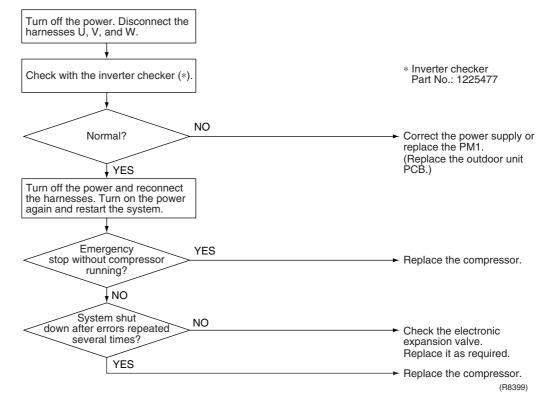
Troubleshooting



Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

(Precaution before turning on the power again)

Make sure the power has been off for at least 30 seconds.



4.11 DC Fan Lock

Remote Controller Display 50

Method of Malfunction Detection

An error is determined with the high-voltage fan motor rotation speed detected by the Hall IC.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

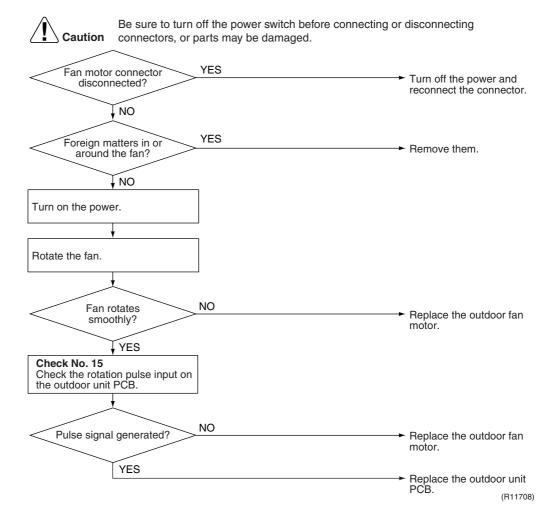
- The fan does not start in 30 seconds even when the fan motor is running.
- If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of the fan motor
- Foreign matters stuck in the fan
- Defective fan motor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting





4.12 Input Overcurrent Detection

Remote Controller Display <u>E8</u>

Method of Malfunction Detection

An input overcurrent is detected by checking the input current value with the compressor running.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

■ The following current with the compressor running continues for 2.5 seconds. Cooling/Heating: Above 14 A

Supposed Causes

- Defective compressor
- Defective power module
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Short circuit

Troubleshooting



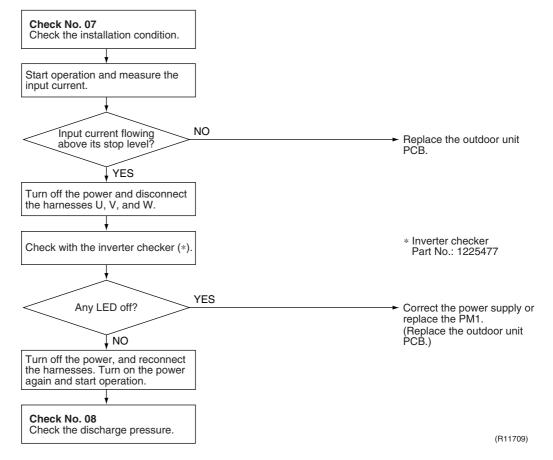
Check No.07 Refer to P.93





Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

* An input overcurrent may result from wrong internal wiring. If the wires have been disconnected and reconnected for part replacement, for example, and the system is interrupted by an input overcurrent, take the following procedure.



4.13 Four Way Valve Abnormality

Remote Controller Display ER

Method of Malfunction Detection

The room temperature thermistor, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor, the outdoor temperature thermistor, and the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor are checked if they function within their normal ranges in each operation mode.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

A following condition continues over 10 minutes after operating for 5 minutes.

- Cooling / Dry (room temp. indoor heat exchanger temp.) < −5°C
- Heating (indoor heat exchanger temp. – room temp.) < -5°C</p>

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of four way valve coil
- Defective four way valve coil or harness
- Defective four way valve
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective thermistor
- Refrigerant shortage
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve

Troubleshooting



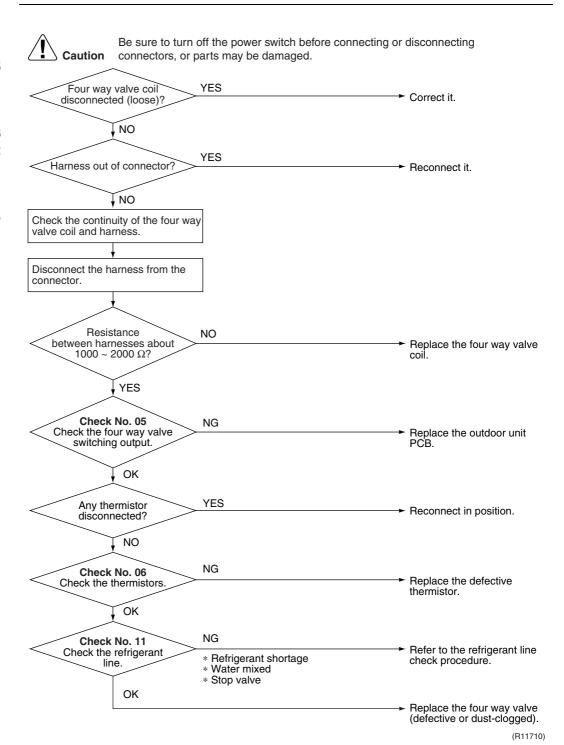
Check No.05 Refer to P.91



Check No.06 Refer to P.92



Check No.11 Refer to P.95



4.14 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Remote Controller Display 5 :

Method of Malfunction Detection An error is determined with the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- If the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor rises above A°C, the compressor stops.

Stop temperatures	A (°C)	B (°C)
(1) above 45 Hz (rising), above 40 Hz (dropping)	110	97
(2) 30~45 Hz (rising), 25~40 Hz (dropping)	105	92
(3) below 30 Hz (rising), below 25 Hz (dropping)	99	86

- If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Defective discharge pipe thermistor
 (Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or outdoor temperature thermistor)
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Refrigerant shortage
- Defective four way valve
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

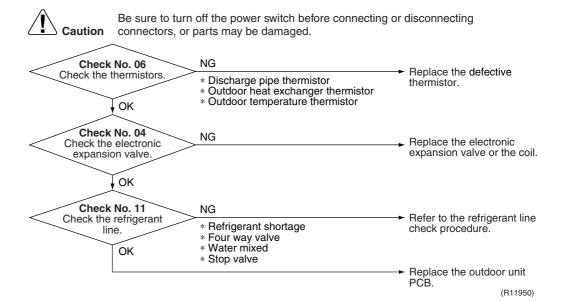
Troubleshooting



Check No.04 Refer to P.90







4.15 High Pressure Control in Cooling

Remote Controller Display 55

Method of Malfunction Detection

High-pressure control (operation halt, frequency drop, etc.) is activated in cooling operation if the temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor exceeds the limit.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor rises above about 60°C.
- The error is cleared when the temperature drops below about 50°C.

Supposed Causes

- The installation space is not large enough.
- Dirty outdoor heat exchanger
- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Defective stop valve
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Check No.04 Refer to P.90



Check No.06 Refer to P.92



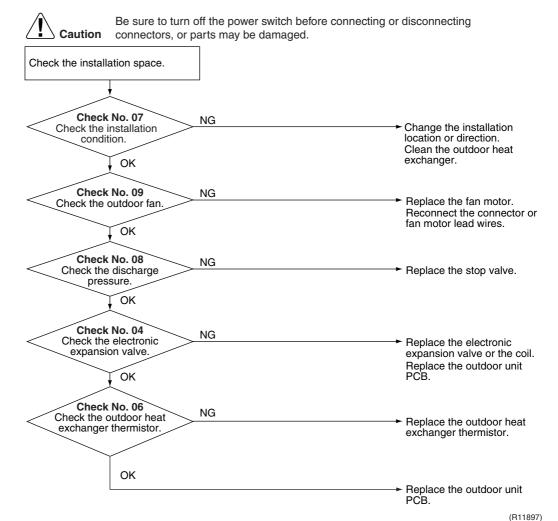
Check No.07 Refer to P.93



Check No.08 Refer to P.93



Check No.09 Refer to P.94



4.16 Compressor System Sensor Abnormality

Remote Controller Display 1.1171

Method of Malfunction Detection

■ The system checks the DC current before the compressor starts.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The DC current before compressor start-up is out of the range 0.5-4.5 V (sensor output converted to voltage value)
- The DC voltage before compressor start-up is below 50 V.

Supposed Causes

- Broken or disconnection of harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged. Check the relay harness for the compressor. YES Is the harness broken? Replace the harness. Į NO Turn off the power and turn it on again. Restart operation NO and error displayed again? No problem. Keep on running. YES Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

(R11712)

4.17 Position Sensor Abnormality

Remote Controller Display Method of Malfunction Detection

A compressor start-up failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

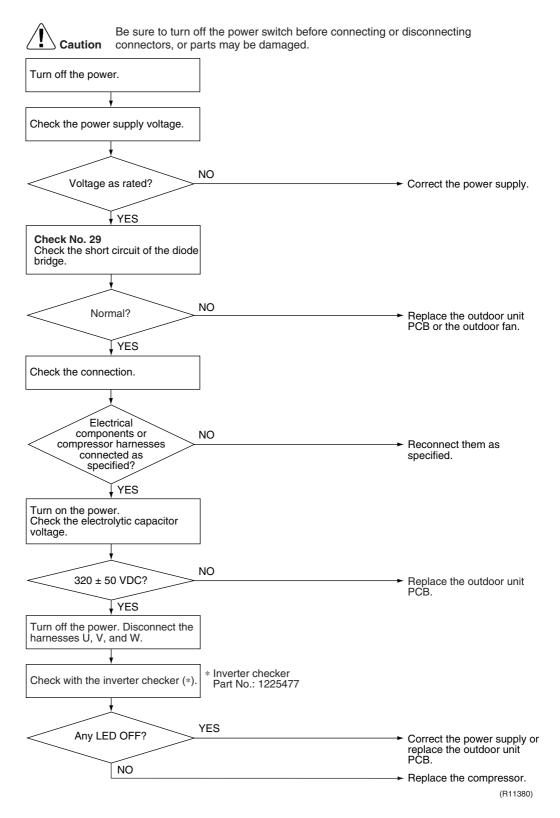
- The compressor fails to start in about 15 seconds after the compressor run command signal is sent.
- If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of the compressor relay cable
- Defective compressor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Start-up failure caused by the closed stop valve
- Input voltage is out of specification

Troubleshooting





4.18 DC Voltage / Current Sensor Abnormality

Remote Controller Display Method of Malfunction Detection DC voltage or DC current sensor abnormality is identified based on the compressor running frequency and the input current.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The compressor running frequency is above 52 Hz. (The input current is also below 0.1 A.)
- If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error.

Supposed Causes

■ Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

4.19 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Outdoor Unit)

Remote Controller Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

This fault is identified based on the thermistor input voltage to the microcomputer. A thermistor fault is identified based on the temperature sensed by each thermistor.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The thermistor input voltage is above 4.96 V or below 0.04 V with the power on.
- ♣3 error is judged if the discharge pipe temperature is lower than the heat exchanger temperature.

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of the connector for the thermistor
- Defective thermistor
- Defective heat exchanger thermistor in the case of 33 error (outdoor heat exchanger thermistor in cooling operation, or indoor heat exchanger thermistor in heating operation)
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

In case of "PY"



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

৪৭: Radiation fin thermistor

Troubleshooting



In case of "89" "43" "46" Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting Caution connectors, or parts may be damaged. Turn on the power again. Error displayed NO again on remote Reconnect the connectors controller? or thermistors. YES Check No. 06 Check the thermistor resistance value. NO Replace the defective one(s) of the following thermistors. Normal? d3 error: the discharge pipe temperature is lower than the heat * Outdoor temperature thermistor YES exchanger temperature. * Discharge pipe thermistor * Outdoor heat exchanger Cooling: Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor Heating: Indoor heat exchanger temperature Check No. 06 Check the indoor heat exchanger thermistor resistance value in the heating operation. Indoor heat NO exchanger thermistor functioning? Replace the indoor heat exchanger thermistor. YES Replace the outdoor unit PCB. (Replace the indoor unit PCB.) (R11905)

83: Outdoor temperature thermistor

*ਪ*3 : Discharge pipe thermistor

্রাম্ভ : Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor

4.20 Electrical Box Temperature Rise

Remote Controller Display 13

Method of Malfunction Detection

An electrical box temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor off.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- With the compressor off, the radiation fin temperature is above \mathbb{A} °C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below \mathbb{B} °C.
- To cool the electrical components, the outdoor fan starts when the radiation fin temperature rises above $\mathbb{C}^{\circ}C$ and stops when it drops below $\mathbb{B}^{\circ}C$.

	93
B (°C)	70
ℂ (°C)	78

Supposed Causes

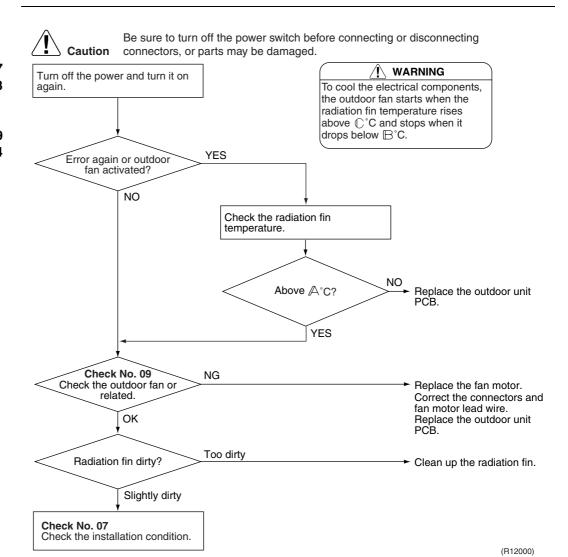
- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Check No.07 Refer to P.93





	93
B (°C)	70
ℂ (°C)	78

4.21 Radiation Fin Temperature Rise

Remote Controller Display 14

Method of Malfunction Detection

A radiation fin temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor on.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- If the radiation fin temperature with the compressor on is above \mathbb{A} °C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below $\, \, \Box \, \, ^{\circ} C$.
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error.

	93
B (°C)	78

Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Silicon grease is not applied properly on the radiation fin after replacing the outdoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting



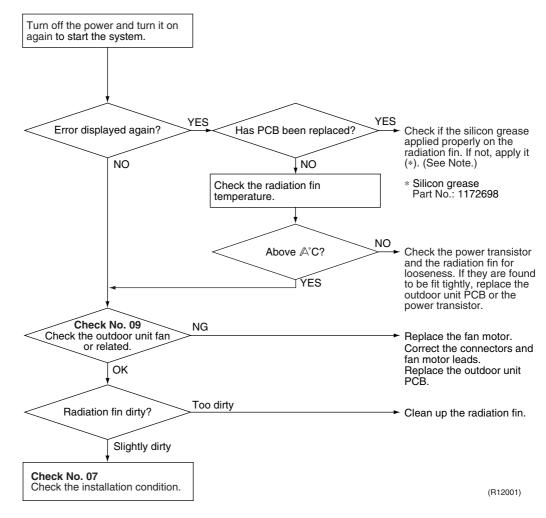
Check No.07 Refer to P.93

Check No.09 Refer to P.94



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.







Refer to "Application of silicon grease to a power transistor and a diode bridge" on page 141 for detail.

4.22 Output Overcurrent Detection

Remote Controller Display 15

Method of Malfunction Detection

An output overcurrent is detected by checking the current that flows in the inverter DC section.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- A position signal error occurs while the compressor is running.
- A speed error occurs while the compressor is running.
- An output overcurrent signal is fed from the output overcurrent detection circuit to the microcomputer.
- If the error repeats 8 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Poor installation condition
- Closed stop valve
- Defective power module
- Wrong internal wiring
- Abnormal supply voltage
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective compressor

Troubleshooting



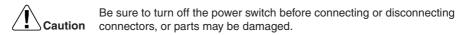
Check No.07 Refer to P.93



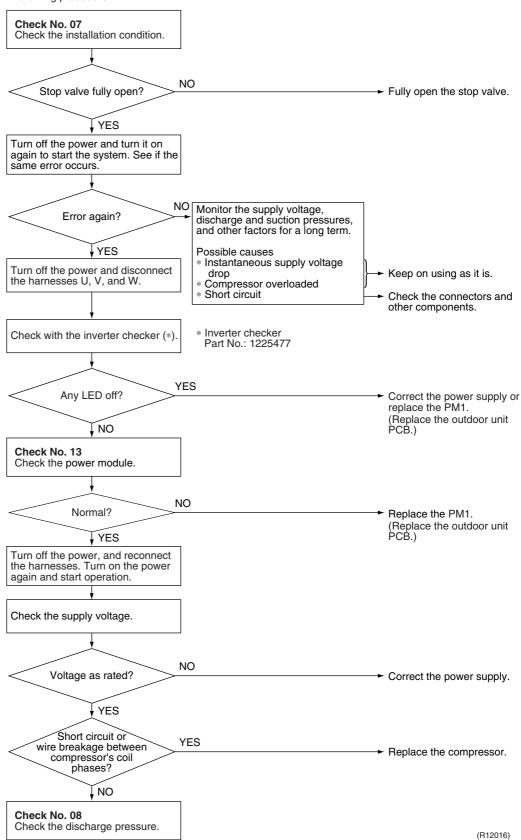
Check No.08 Refer to P.93



Check No.13 Refer to P.95



* An output overcurrent signal may result from wrong internal wiring. If the wires have been disconnected and reconnected and the system is interrupted by an output overcurrent, take the following procedure.



4.23 Refrigerant Shortage

Remote Controller Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

Refrigerant shortage detection I:

Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the input current value and the compressor running frequency. If the refrigerant is short, the input current is smaller than the normal value.

Refrigerant shortage detection II:

Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the discharge pipe temperature and the opening of the electronic expansion valve. If the refrigerant is short, the discharge pipe temperature tends to rise.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

Refrigerant shortage detection I:

The following conditions continue for 7 minutes.

- Input current x input voltage ≤ A x output frequency +B
- Output frequency > €

	<i>A</i> (−)	B (W)	ℂ (Hz)
20/25 class	828/256	-10	50
35 class	777/256	-15	50

Refrigerant shortage detection II:

The following conditions continue for 80 seconds.

- Opening of the electronic expansion valve ≥ □
- Discharge pipe temperature > E × target discharge pipe temperature + F

		□ (pulse)	 (−)	⊩ (°C)
20/25 class	Cooling	470	190/128	– 7
20/25 Class	Heating	470	211/128	-11
35 class	Cooling	470	160/128	– 1.5
35 Class	Heating	470	172/128	-8

- If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error.

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor, indoor or outdoor heat exchanger thermistor, room or outdoor temperature thermistor
- Closed stop valve
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Poor compression performance of compressor
- Defective electronic expansion valve

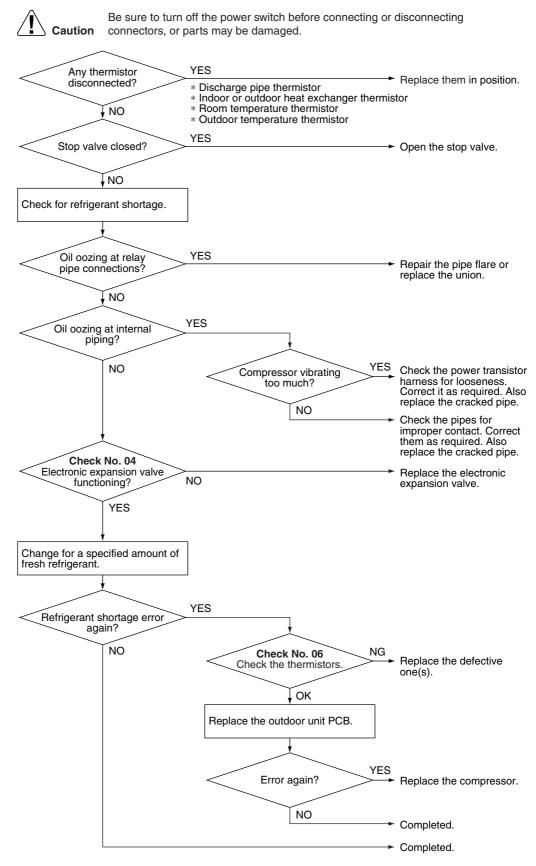
Troubleshooting



Check No.04 Refer to P.90



Check No.06 Refer to P.92



(R12015)

4.24 Low-voltage Detection or Over-voltage Detection

Remote Controller Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

Low-voltage detection:

An abnormal voltage drop is detected by the DC voltage detection circuit.

Over-voltage detection:

An abnormal voltage rise is detected by the over-voltage detection circuit.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

Low-voltage detection:

- The voltage detected by the DC voltage detection circuit is below 150 V.
- The compressor stops if the error occurs, and restarts automatically after 3-minute standby.

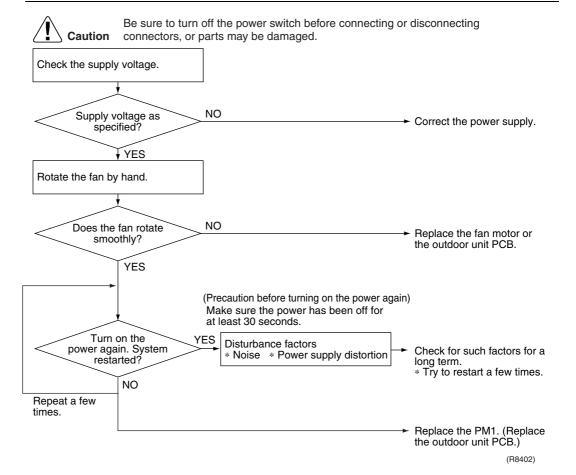
Over-voltage detection:

- An over-voltage signal is fed from the over-voltage detection circuit to the microcomputer.
- The compressor stops if the error occurs, and restarts automatically after 3-minute standby.

Supposed Causes

- Supply voltage is not as specified.
- Defective DC voltage detection circuit
- Defective over-voltage detection circuit
- Defective PAM control part
- Layer short inside the fan motor winding

Troubleshooting



Check SiBE041010

5. Check

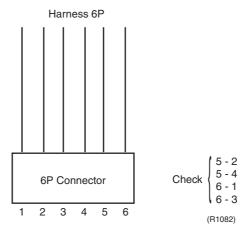
5.1 How to Check

5.1.1 Electronic Expansion Valve Check

Check No.04

Conduct the followings to check the electronic expansion valve (EV).

- 1. Check to see if the EV connector is correctly connected to the PCB.
- 2. Turn the power off and on again, and check to see if the EV generate latching sound.
- 3. If the EV does not generate latching sound in the above step 2, disconnect the connector and check the continuity using a tester.
- 4. Check the continuity between the pins 1 6 and 3 6, and between the pins 2 5 and 4 5. If there is no continuity between the pins, the EV coil is faulty.



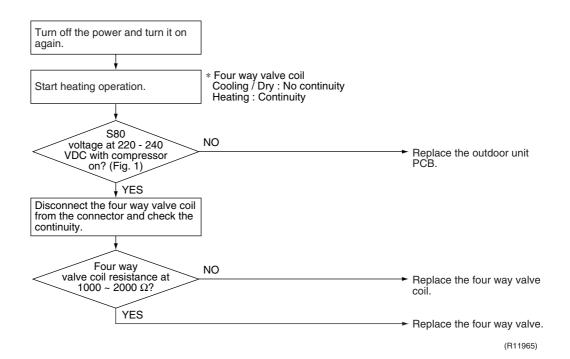
5. If the continuity is confirmed in the above step 3, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.

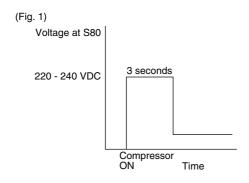
Note: Please note that the latching sound varies depending on the valve type.

SiBE041010 Check

5.1.2 Four Way Valve Performance Check

Check No.05





(R12017)

Check SiBE041010

5.1.3 Thermistor Resistance Check

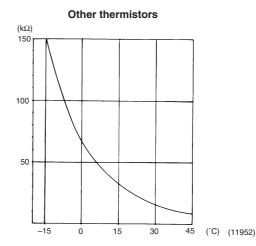
Check No.06

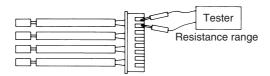
Disconnect the connectors of the thermistors from the PCB, and measure the resistance of each thermistor using tester.

The relationship between normal temperature and resistance is shown in the table and the graph below.

Thermistor	Room temperature thermistor	Other thermistors
	R25°C = 10 kΩ	R25°C = 20 kΩ
Temperature (°C)	B = 3435	B = 3950
-20	73.4 (kΩ)	211.0 (kΩ)
-15	57.0	150.0
-10	44.7	116.5
-5	35.3	88.0
0	28.2	67.2
5	22.6	51.9
10	18.3	40.0
15	14.8	31.8
20	12.1	25.0
25	10.0	20.0
30	8.2	16.0
35	6.9	13.0
40	5.8	10.6
45	4.9	8.7
50	4.1	7.2

Room temperature thermistor $(k\Omega)$ 50 25 0 -15 0 15 30 45 (°C)





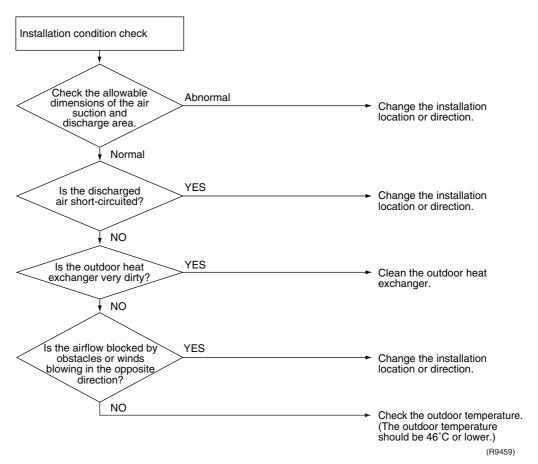
■ For the models in which the thermistor is directly mounted on the PCB, disconnect the connector for the PCB and measure.



SiBE041010 Check

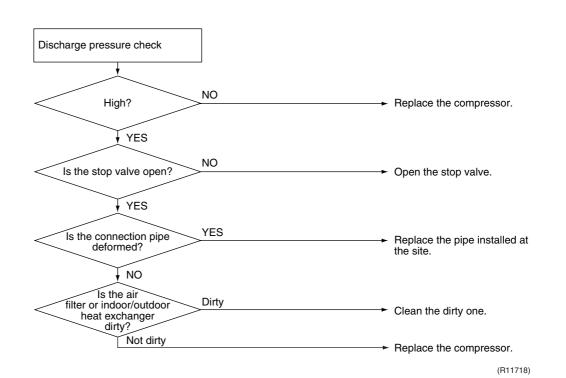
5.1.4 Installation Condition Check

Check No.07



5.1.5 Discharge Pressure Check

Check No.08

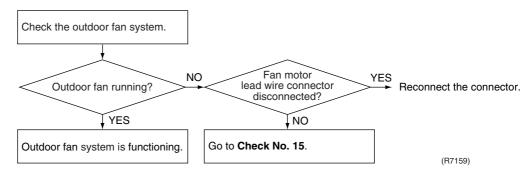


Check SiBE041010

5.1.6 Outdoor Fan System Check

Check No.09

DC motor



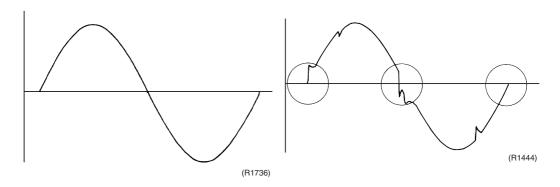
5.1.7 Power Supply Waveforms Check

Check No.10

Measure the power supply waveform between No. 1 and No. 2 on the terminal board, and check the waveform disturbance.

- Check to see if the power supply waveform is a sine wave. (Fig.1)
- Check to see if there is waveform disturbance near the zero cross. (sections circled in Fig.2)

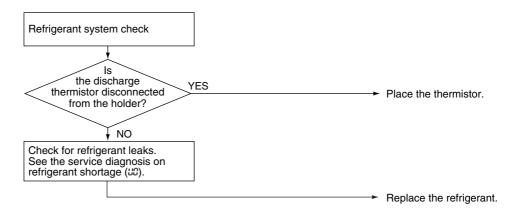
Fig.1 Fig.2



SiBE041010 Check

5.1.8 Inverter Units Refrigerant System Check

Check No.11



(R8259)

5.1.9 Power Module Check

Check No.13



Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (-) of the diode bridge (DB1) is approx. 0 V before checking.

- Disconnect the compressor harness connector from the outdoor unit PCB. To disengage the connector, press the protrusion on the connector.
- Follow the procedure below to measure resistance between the terminals of the DB1 and the terminals of the compressor connector with a multi-tester. Evaluate the measurement results for a judgment.

Negative (–) terminal of tester (positive terminal (+) for digital tester)	DB1 (+)	UVW	DB1 (–)	UVW
Positive (+) terminal of tester (negative terminal (–) for digital tester)	UVW	DB1 (+)	UVW	DB1 (–)
Resistance in OK	several k Ω ~ several M Ω			
Resistance in NG	0 Ω or ∞			

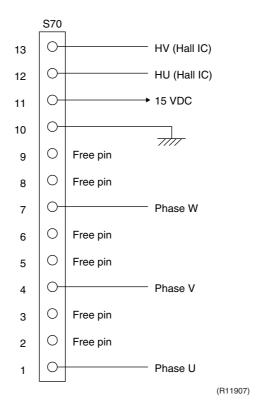
Check SiBE041010

5.1.10 Rotation Pulse Check on the Outdoor Unit PCB

Check No.15

<Outdoor fan motor>

- 1. Check that the voltage between the pins 10-11 is 15 VDC.
- 2. Check if the Hall IC generates the rotation pulse (0 \sim 15 VDC) 4 times between the pins 10-12, 10-13, when the fan motor is manually rotated once.

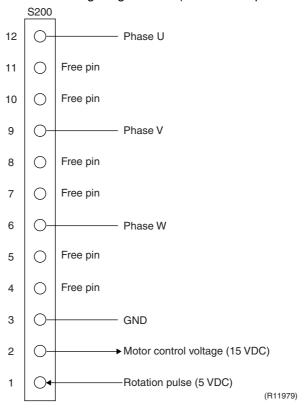


SiBE041010 Check

5.1.11 Indoor Unit PCB Output Check

Check No.18

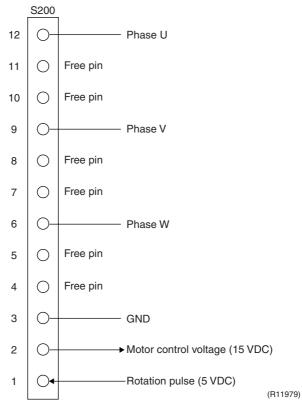
- (1) Check the connector for connection.
- (2) Check the motor control voltage is generated (between the pins 2 and 3).



5.1.12 Rotation Pulse Check on the Indoor Unit PCB

Check No.19

- (1) Check the connector for connection.
- (2) Turn the power on and stop the operation.
- (3) Check if the Hall IC generates the rotation pulse 4 times when the fan motor is manually rotated once (between the pins 1 and 3).

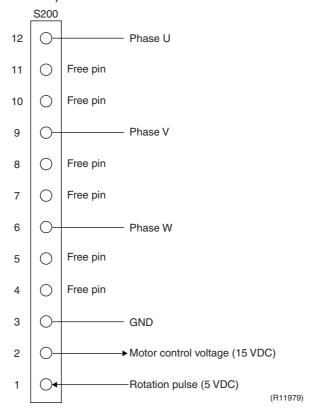


Check SiBE041010

5.1.13 Fan Motor Wire / Short Circuit Check

Check No.20

- (1) Check the connector for connection.
- (2) Turn the power off.
- (3) Check if each resistance at the phases U-V and V-W is 90 Ω ~ 100 Ω (between the pins 12-9, and between 9-6).



SiBE041010 Check

5.1.14 Main Circuit Short Check

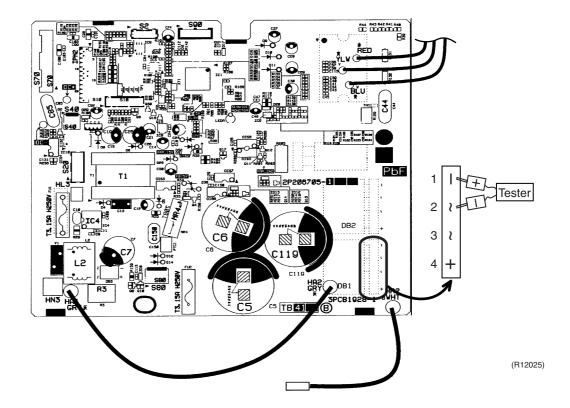
Check No.29



Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (–) of the diode bridge (DB1) is approx. 0 V before checking.

- Measure the resistance between the pins of the DB1 as below.
- If the resistance is ∞ or less than 1 k Ω , short circuit occurs on the main circuit.

(-) terminal of the tester (in case of digital, (+) terminal)	~ (2, 3)	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	— (1)
(+) terminal of the tester (in case of digital, (–) terminal)	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	— (1)	~ (2, 3)
Resistance in OK	several $k\Omega$ ~ several $M\Omega$	∞	∞	several $k\Omega$ ~ several $M\Omega$
Resistance in NG	0 Ω or ∞	0	0	0 Ω or ∞



Service Diagnosis 99

Part 7 Removal Procedure

1.	Indo	or Unit	.101
	1.1	Removal of Air Filter	101
	1.2	Removal of Horizontal Blades / Fan Guard	103
	1.3	Removal of Front Panel	105
	1.4	Removal of Front Grille	106
	1.5	Removal of Electrical Box / Vertical Blades	108
	1.6	Removal of PCB / Swing Motor	111
	1.7	Removal of Indoor Heat Exchanger	115
		Removal of Fan Rotor	
	1.9	Exchange of Drain Hose	121
2.		loor Unit	
	2.1	Removal of Panels	
		Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor	
	2.3	Removal of Electrical Box / Control PCB	125
		Removal of Sound Blanket	
	2.5	Removal of Four Way Valve	134
	2.6	Removal of Compressor	137

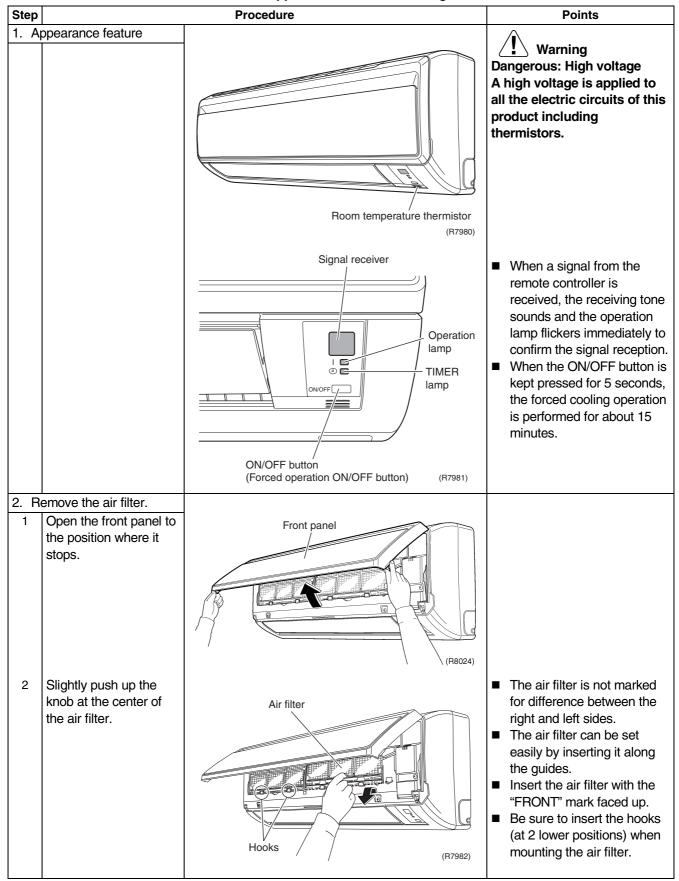
1. Indoor Unit

1.1 Removal of Air Filter

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



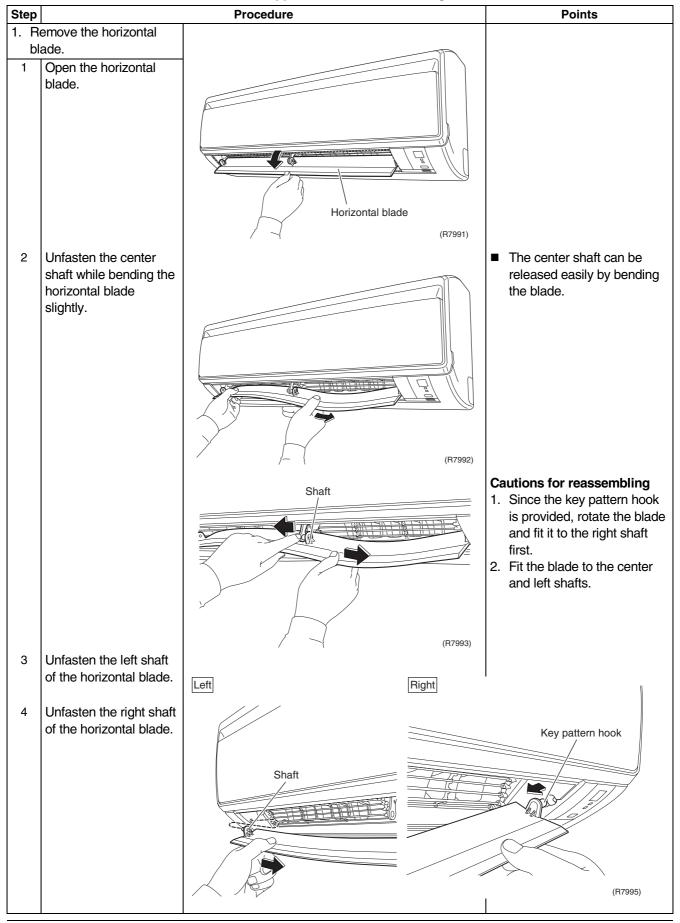
Step		Procedure	Points
3	Pull out the air filter downward and remove it.	(R7983)	
ap	emove the Titanium patite photocatalytic airurifying filter. The Titanium apatite photocatalytic airurifying filter is attached to the back of the air filter.	Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter (R8025)	
2	Remove the Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter frame by bending the air filter and unfastening the projections from the air filter frame.	Projections (R8026)	
3	Remove the Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter from its frame (at 5 positions) by bending it.	Hook (R8027)	 To prevent the damage, do not remove the Titanium apatite photocatalytic airpurifying filter from the frame when cleaning it. The Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter is not marked for difference between the right and left sides.

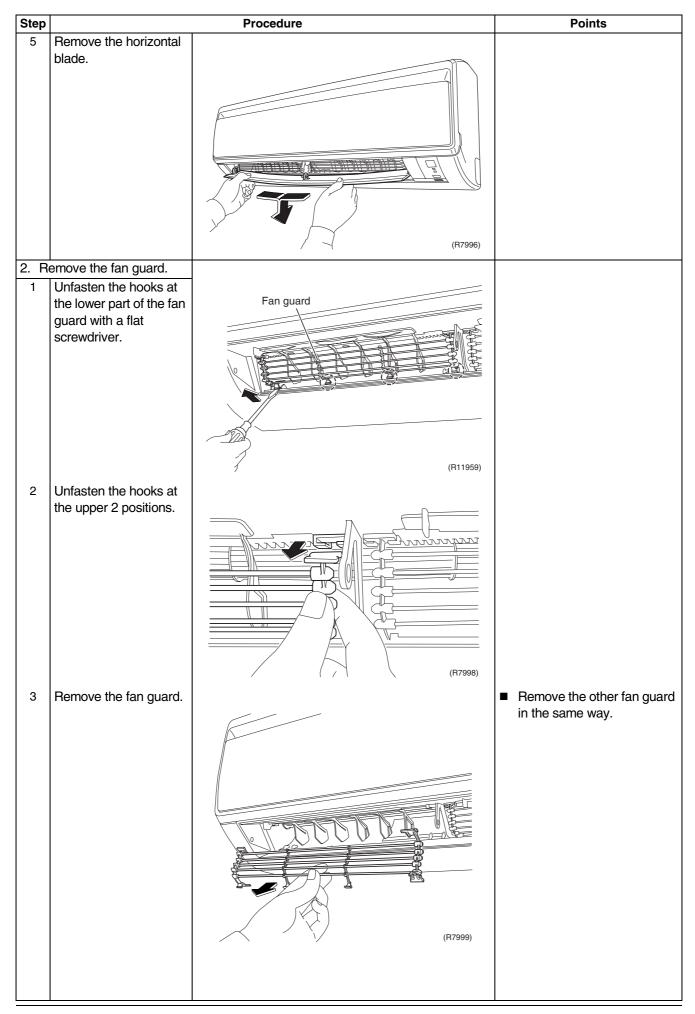
1.2 Removal of Horizontal Blades / Fan Guard

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



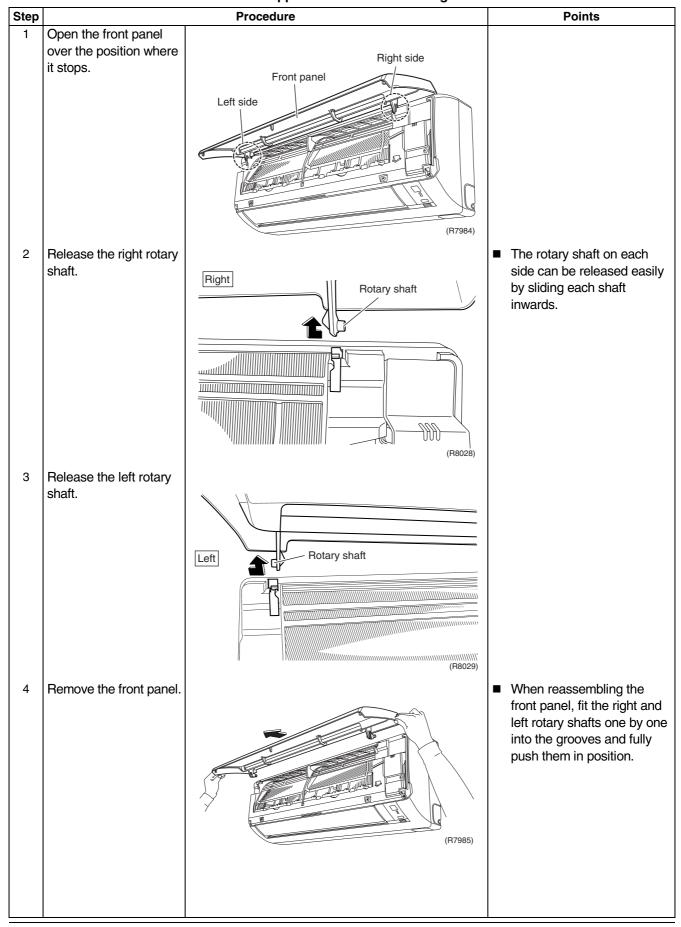


1.3 Removal of Front Panel

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

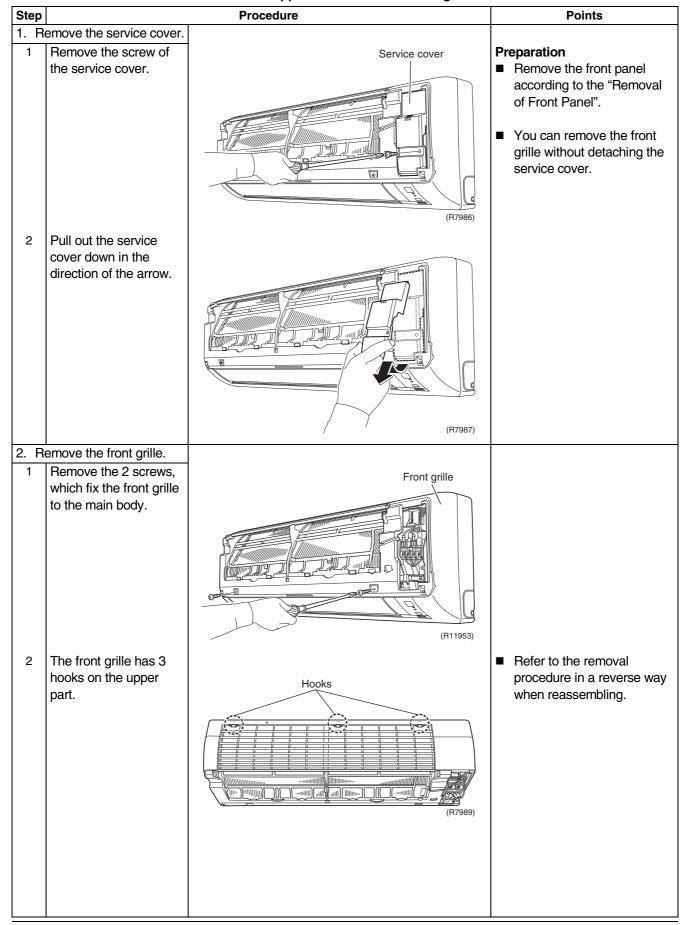


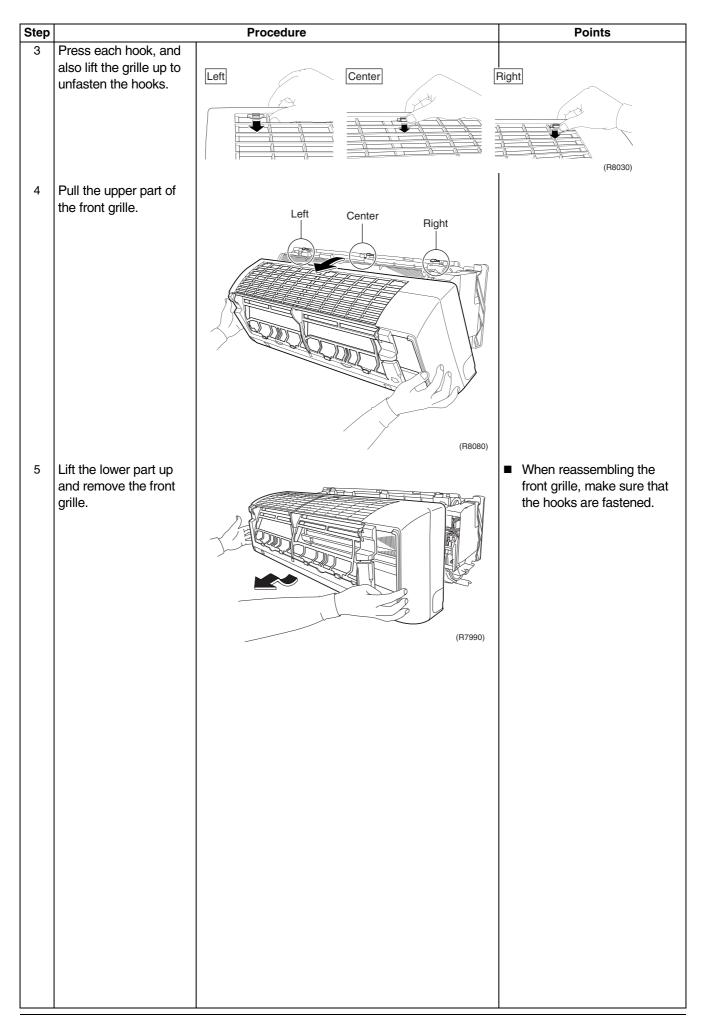
1.4 Removal of Front Grille

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



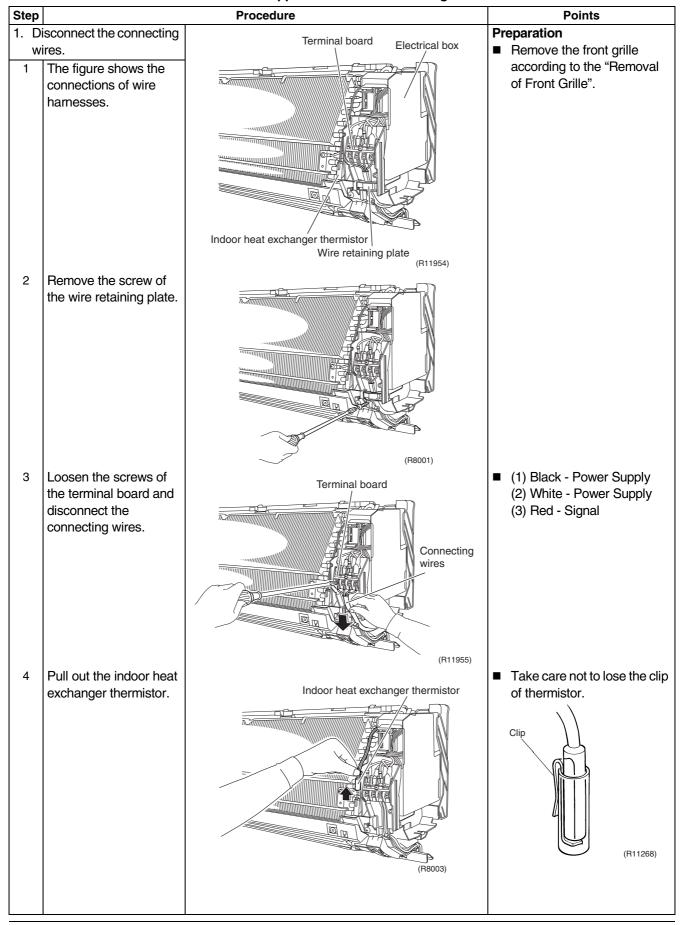


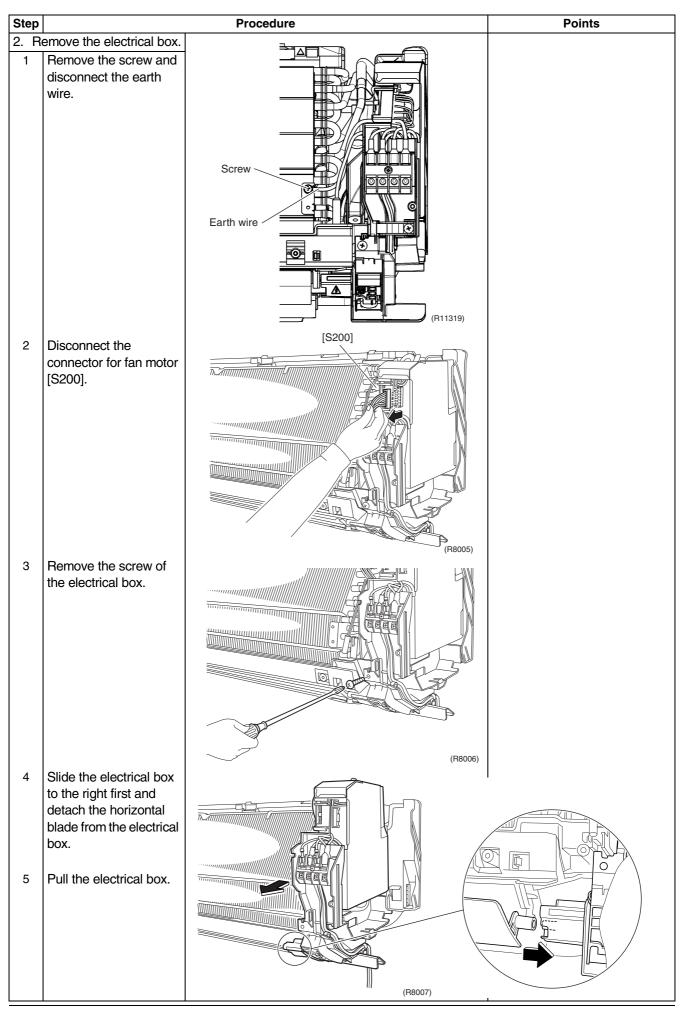
1.5 Removal of Electrical Box / Vertical Blades

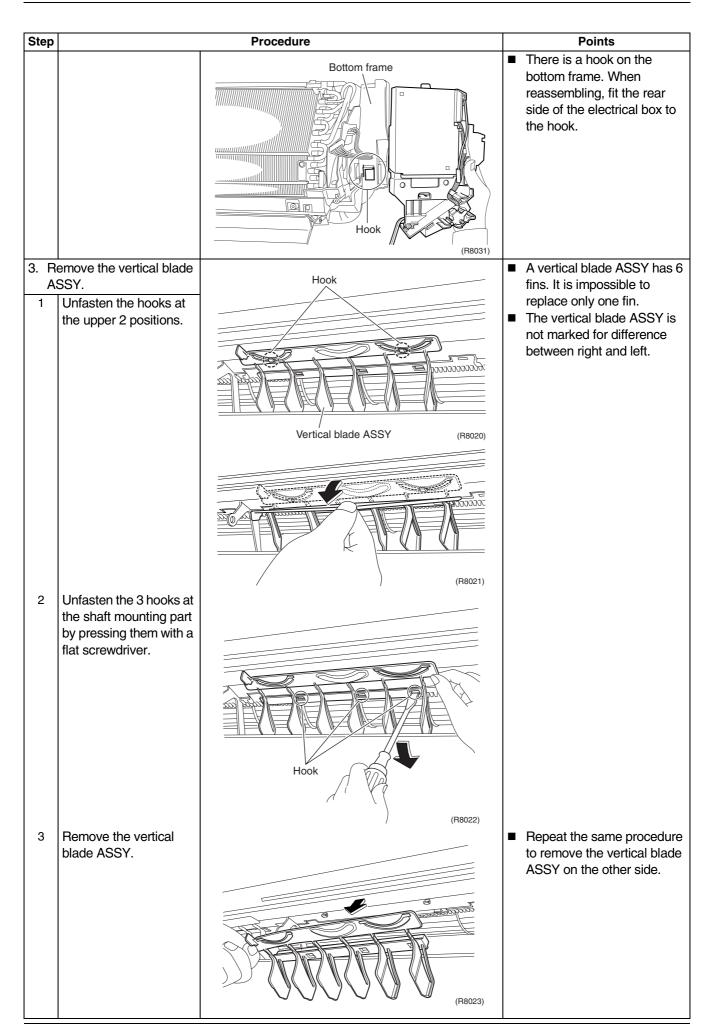
Procedure

<u>∕</u> Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.





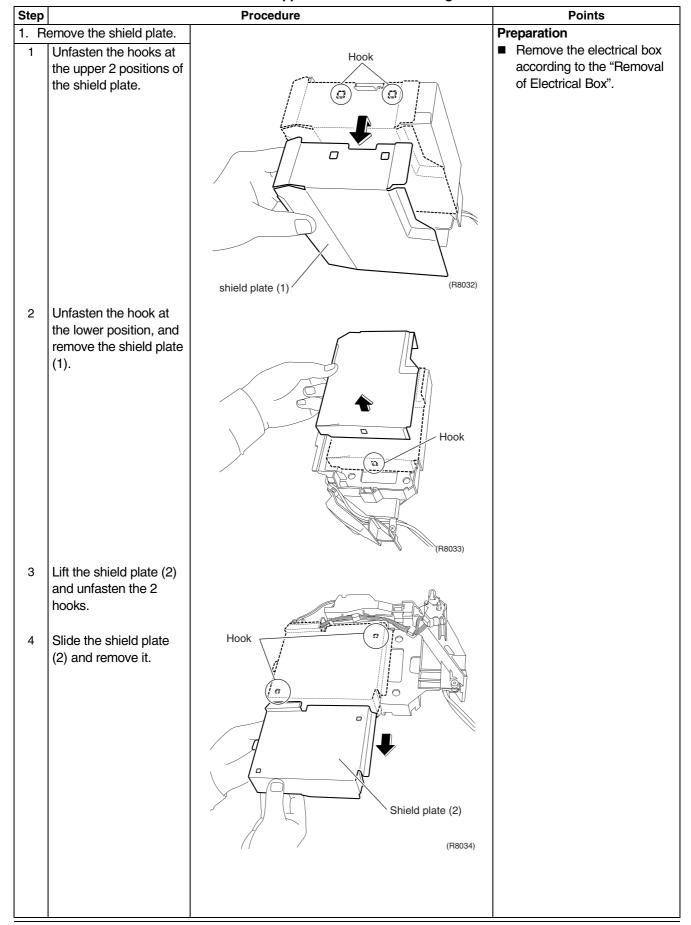


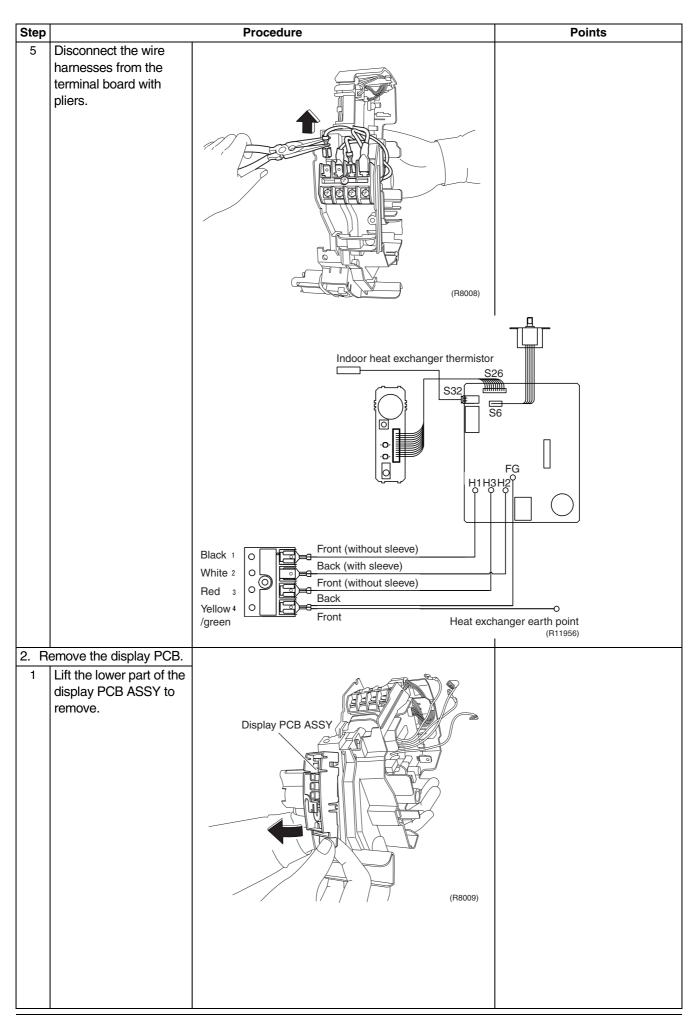
1.6 Removal of PCB / Swing Motor

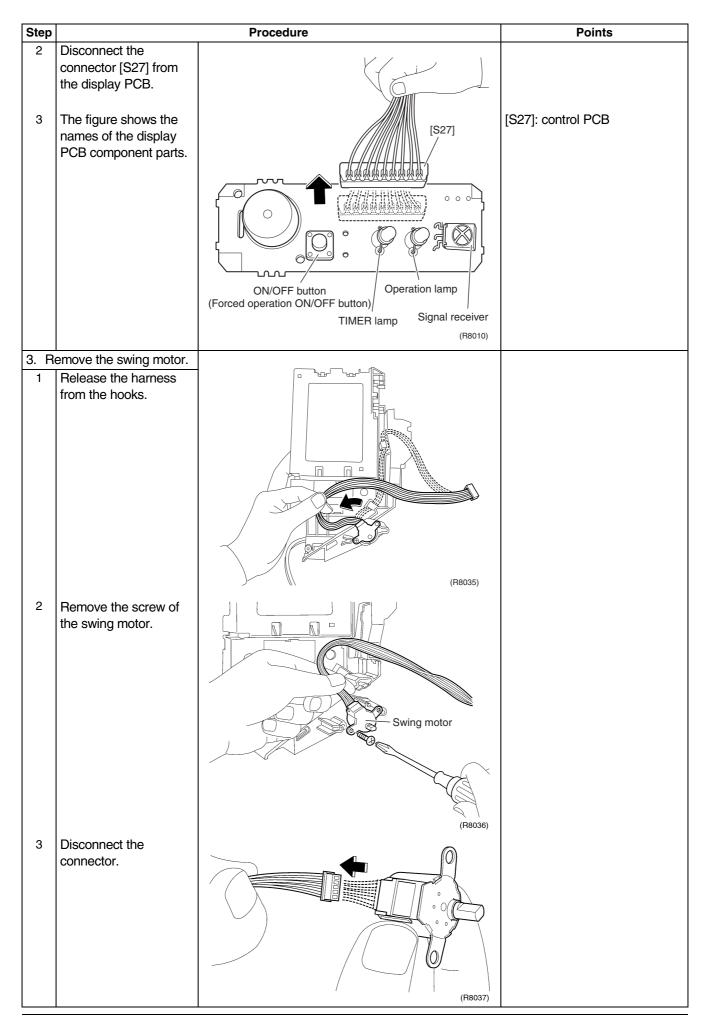
Procedure

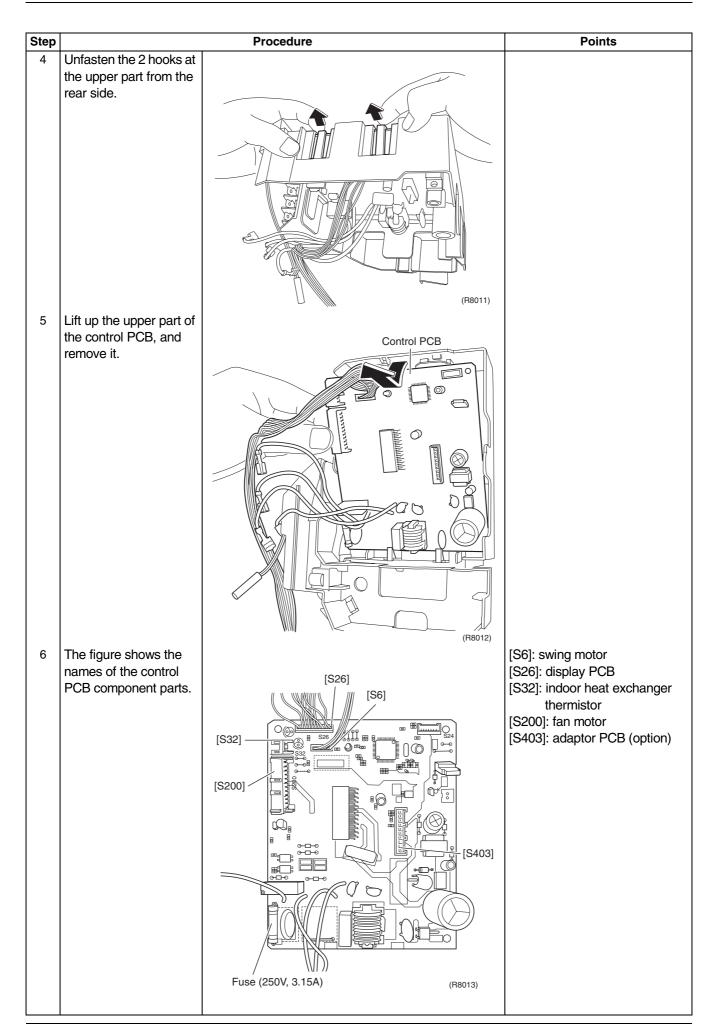
/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.









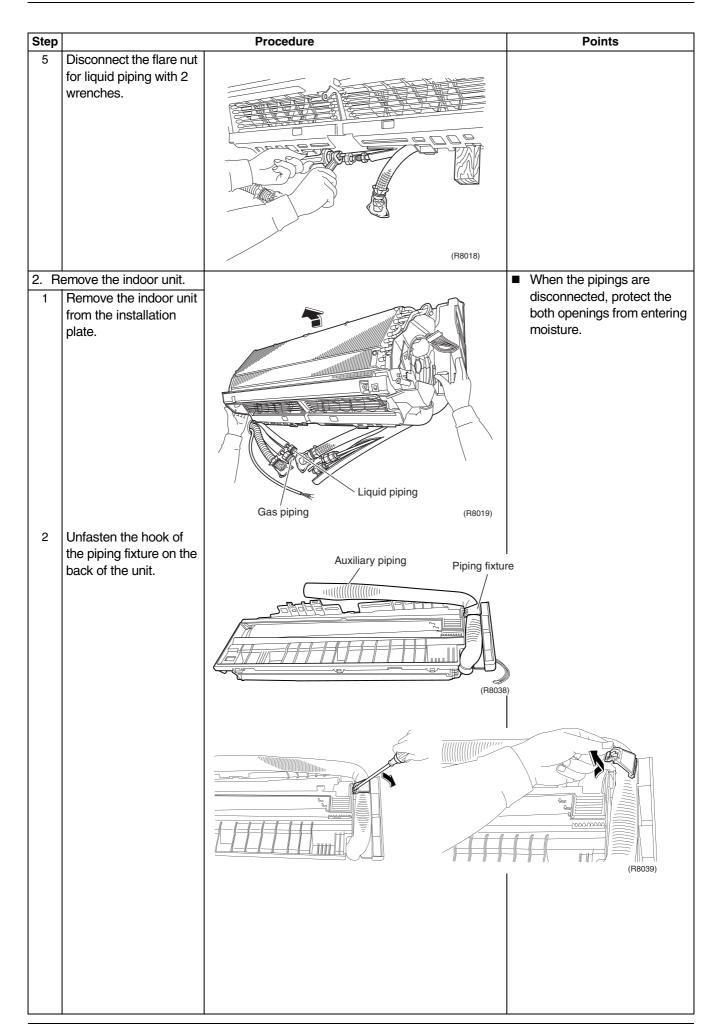
1.7 Removal of Indoor Heat Exchanger

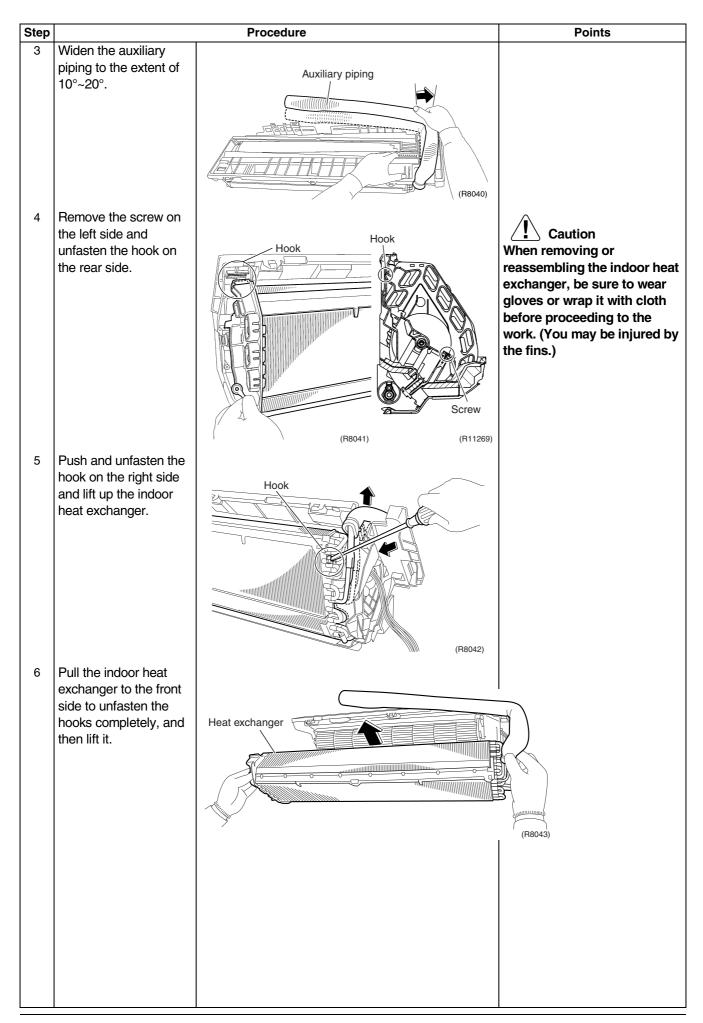
Procedure

Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step **Procedure Points** 1. Disconnect the refrigerant **Preparation** ■ Remove the electrical box piping. according to the "Removal Remove the screws of Electrical Box". which fix the indoor heat exchanger to the Caution installation plate. For pump down operation, be sure to stop the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipe. If the refrigerant pipe is disconnected with the (R8014) compressor running and the stop valve opened, air may be Lift the indoor unit with sucked in to generate an a wooden base. over-pressure in refrigeration cycle, thus resulting in pipe rupture or accidental injury. If the drain hose is embedded in the wall. disconnect the drain hose beforehand. Wooden base (R8015) 3 Place a plastic sheet under the drain pan as remaining drain may leak. Drain hose Extension drain hose Connecting wires (R8016) 4 Disconnect the flare nut Caution for gas piping with 2 From the viewpoint of global wrenches. environment protection, make sure to use a vacuum pump for air purging. (R8017)



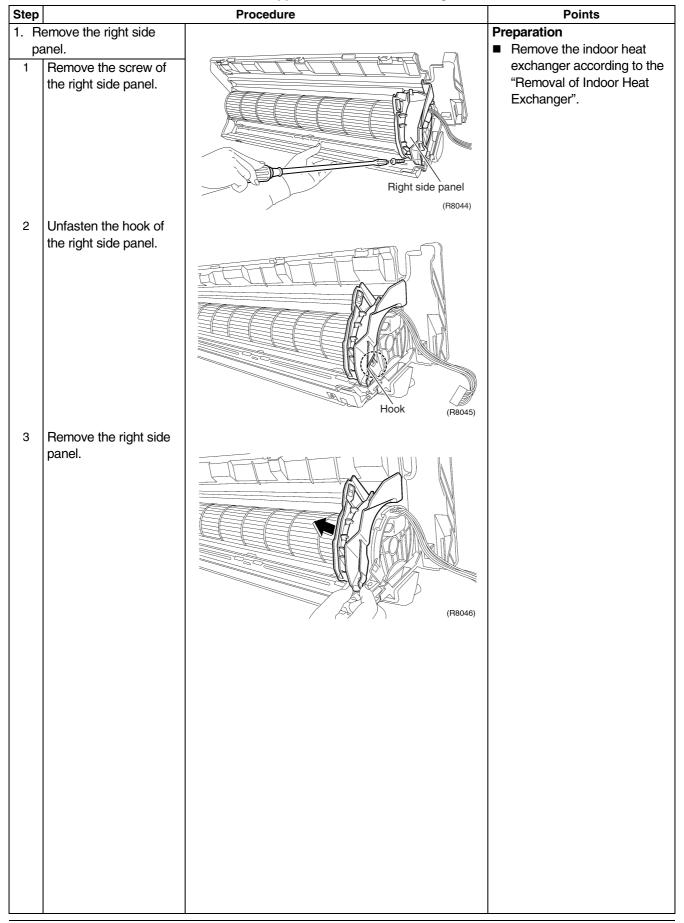


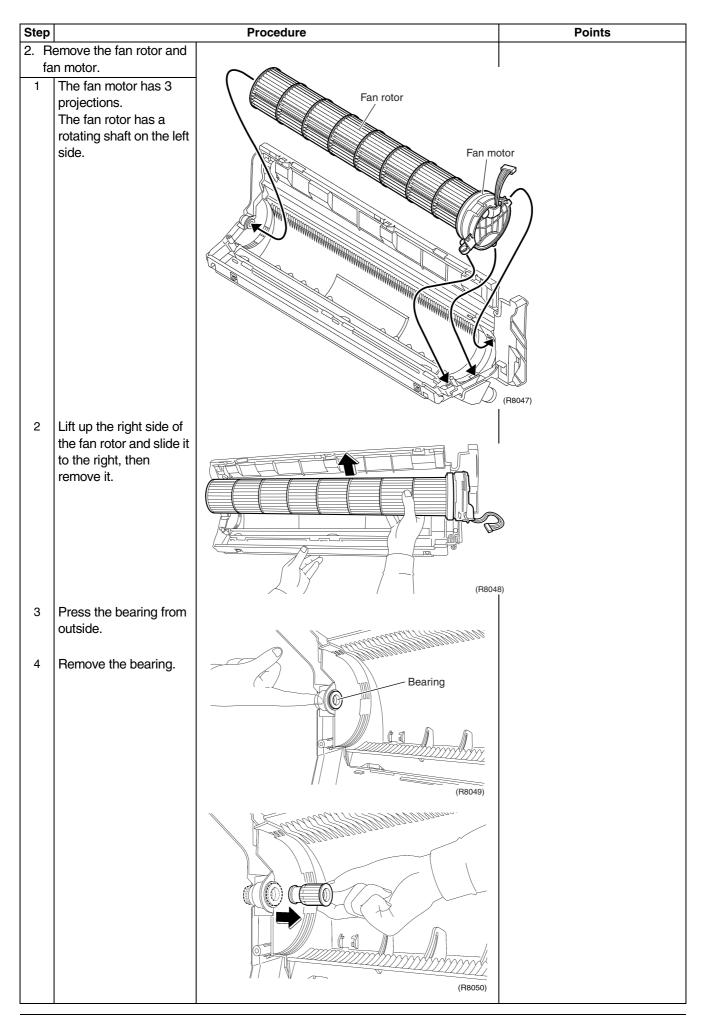
1.8 Removal of Fan Rotor

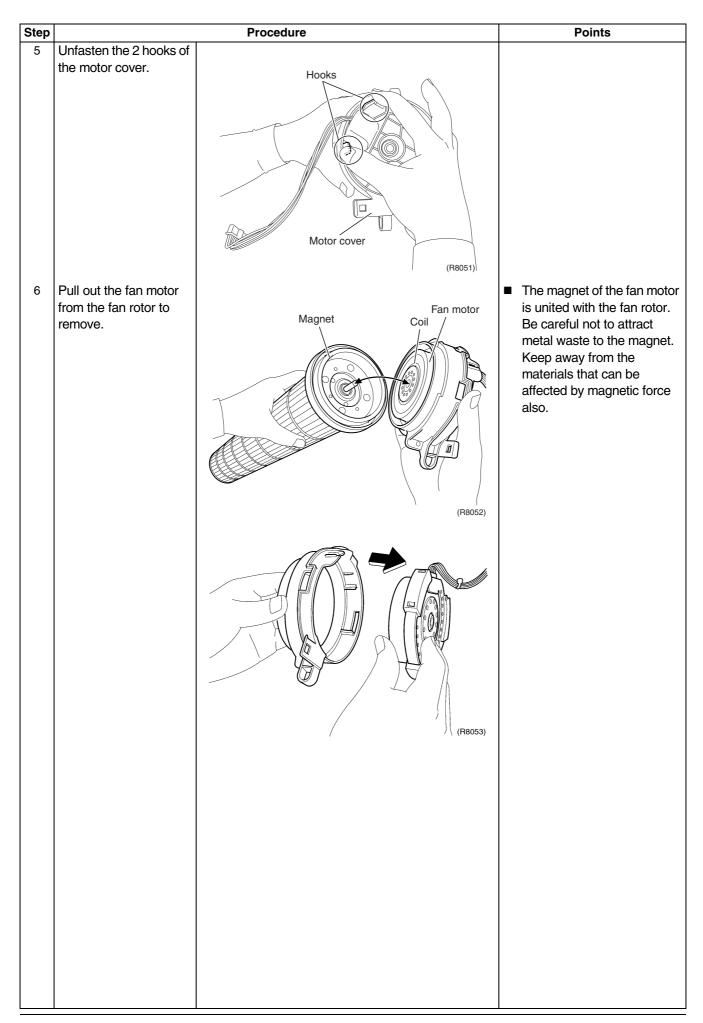
Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.





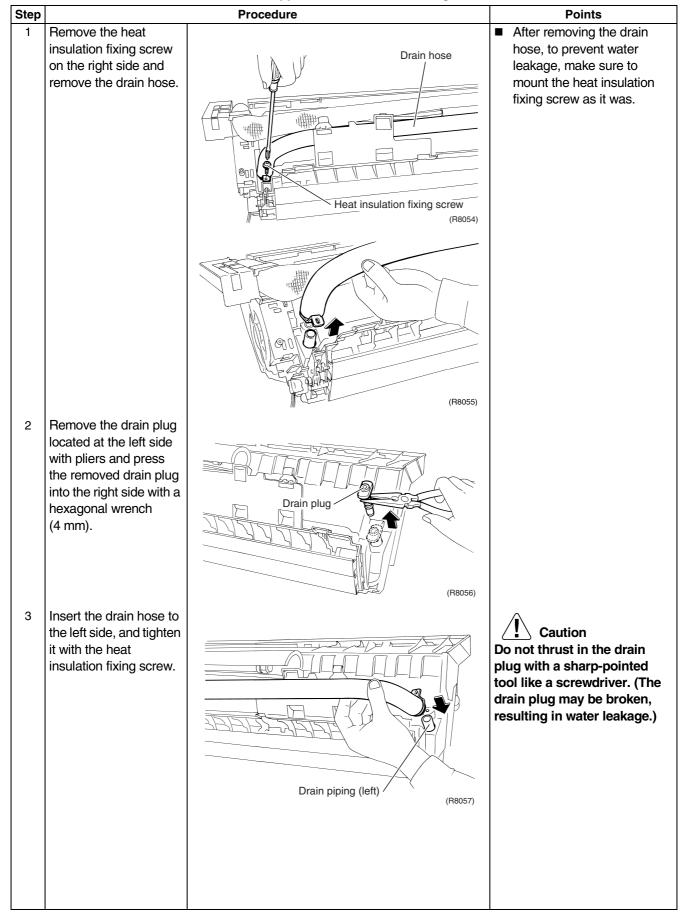


1.9 Exchange of Drain Hose

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



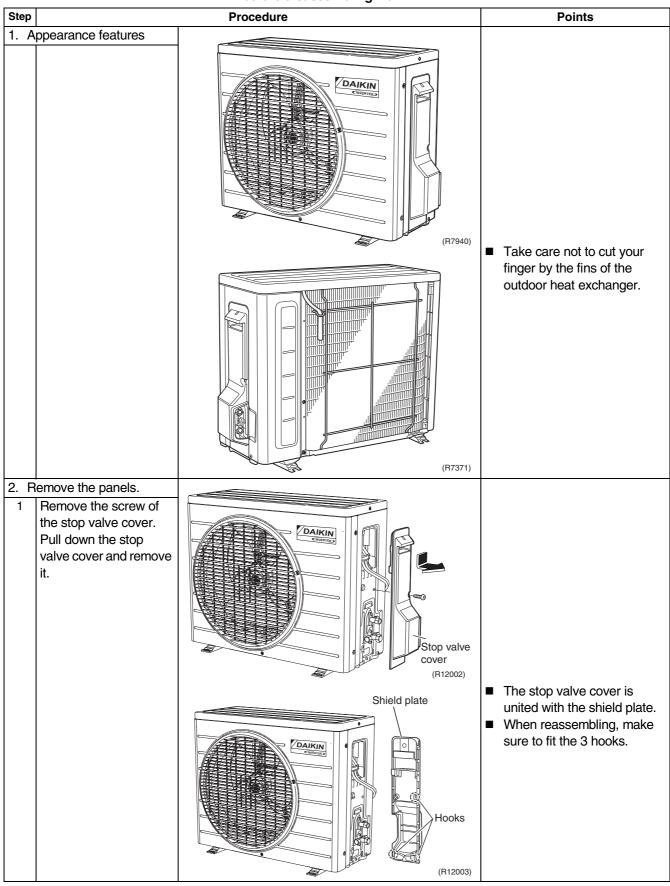
Outdoor Unit SiBE041010

2. Outdoor Unit

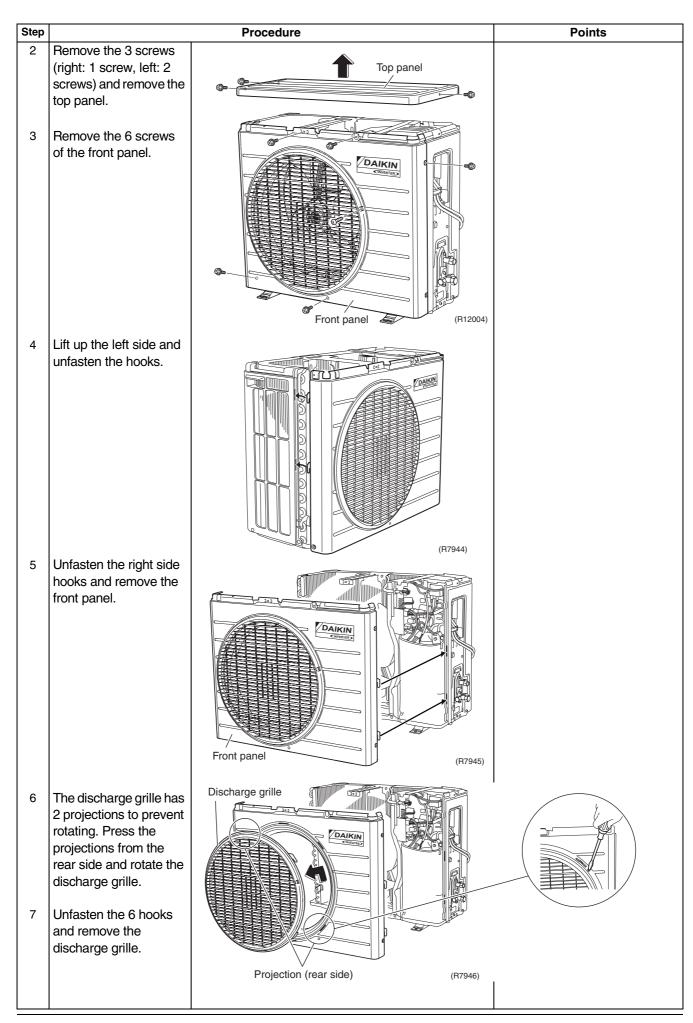
2.1 Removal of Panels

Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



SiBE041010 Outdoor Unit



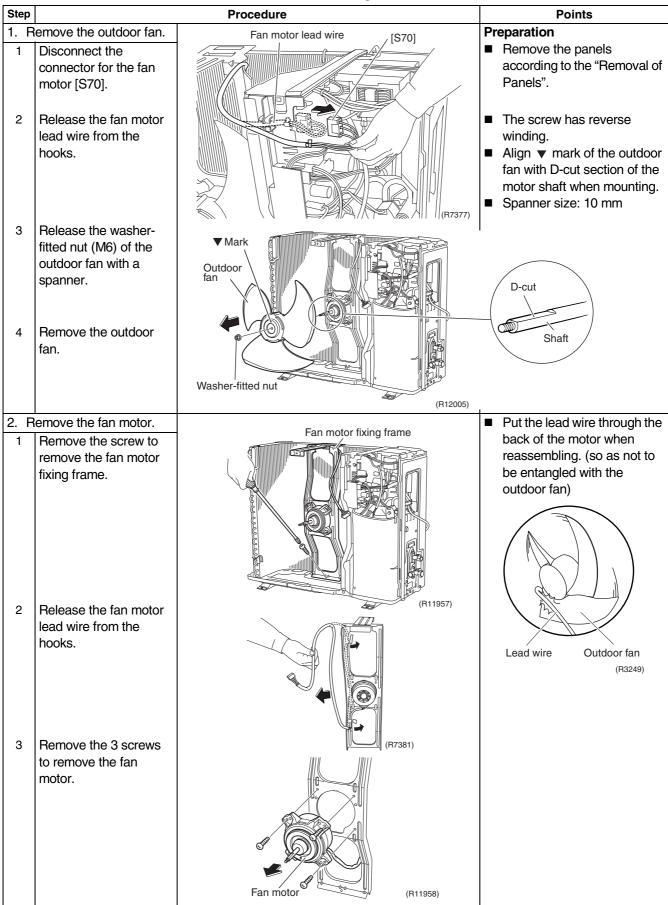
Outdoor Unit SiBE041010

2.2 Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



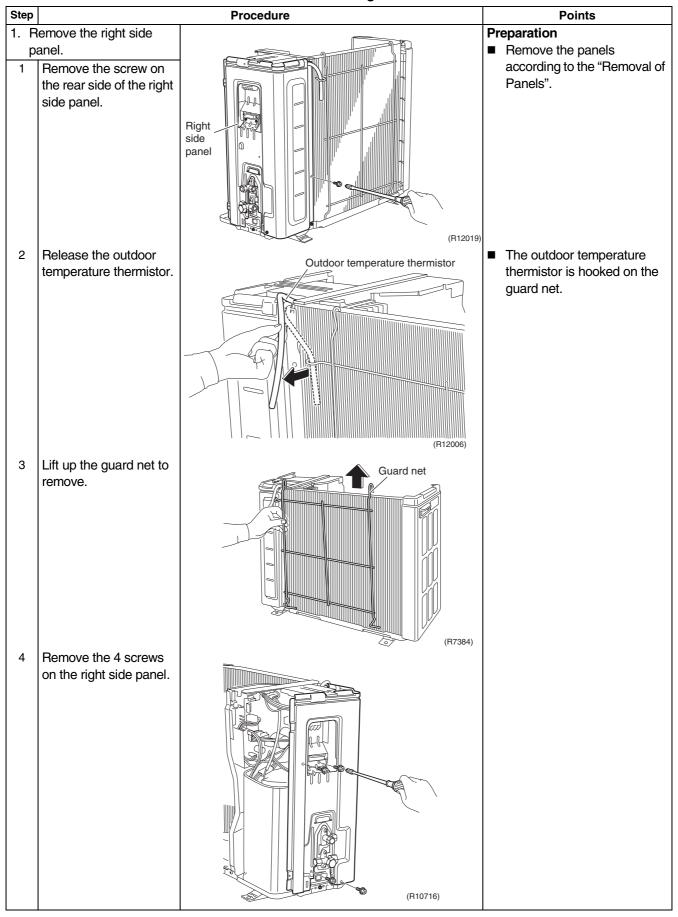
SiBE041010 Outdoor Unit

2.3 Removal of Electrical Box / Control PCB

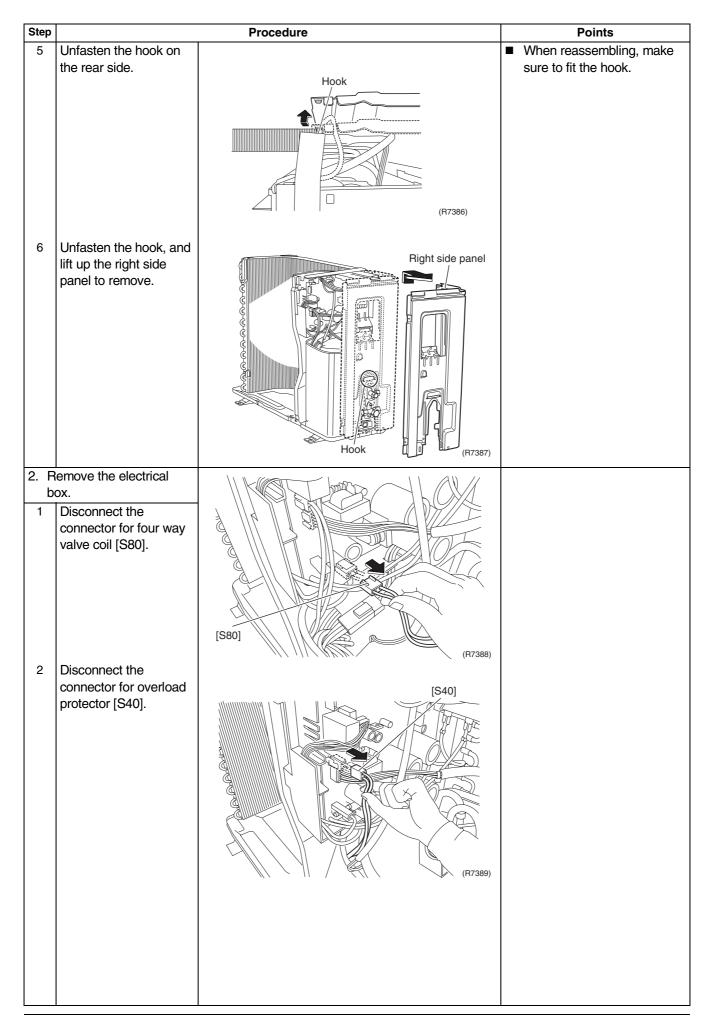
Procedure

№ Warning

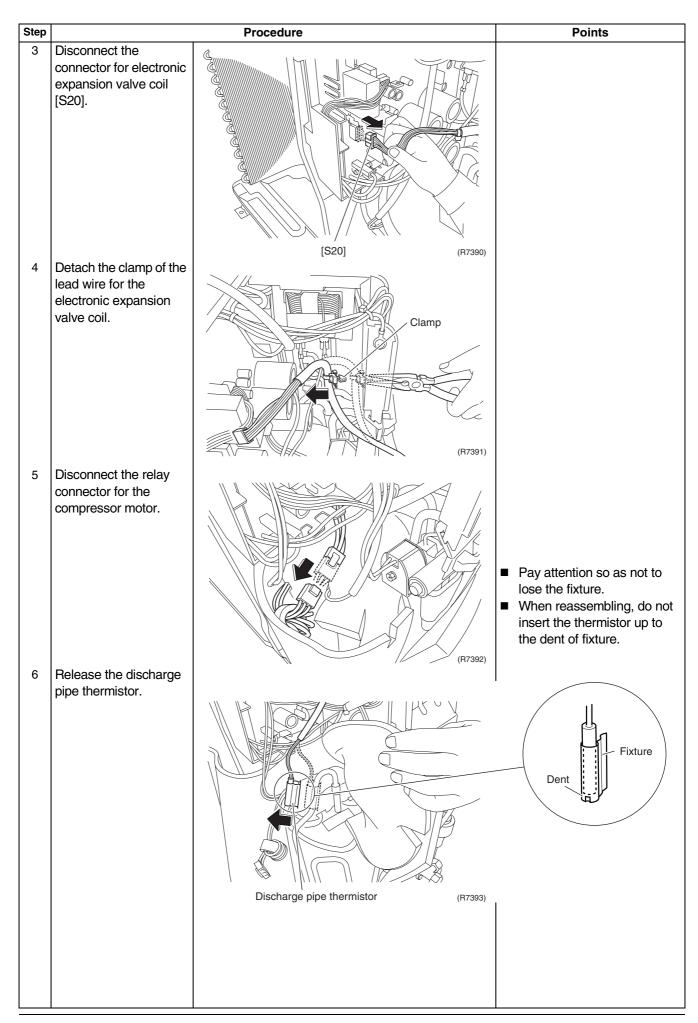
Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



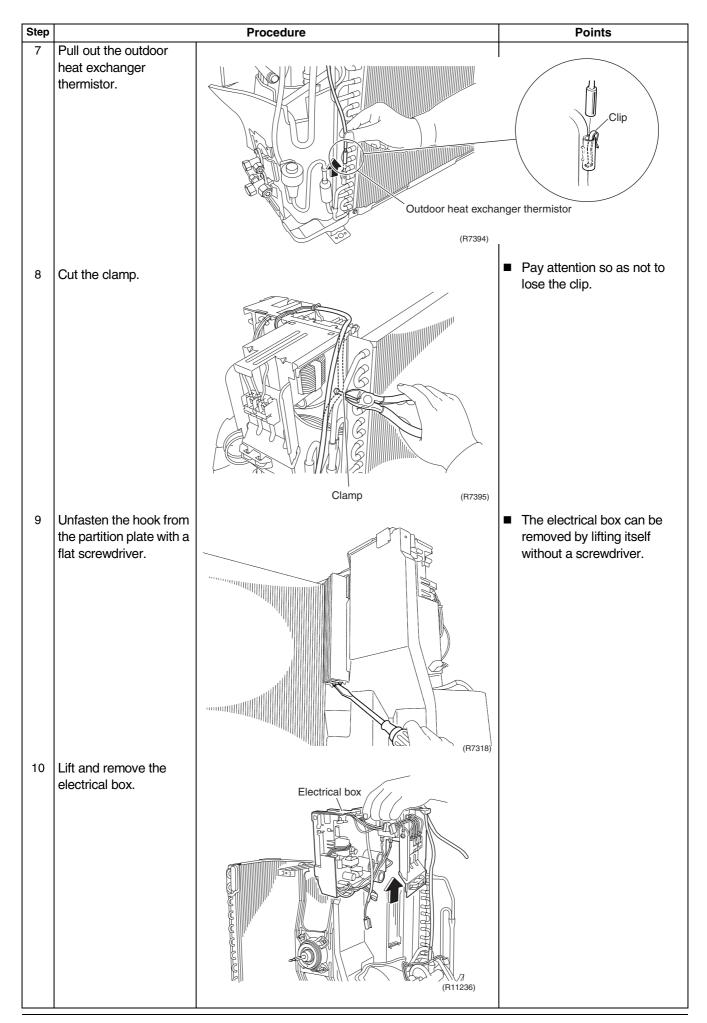
Outdoor Unit SiBE041010



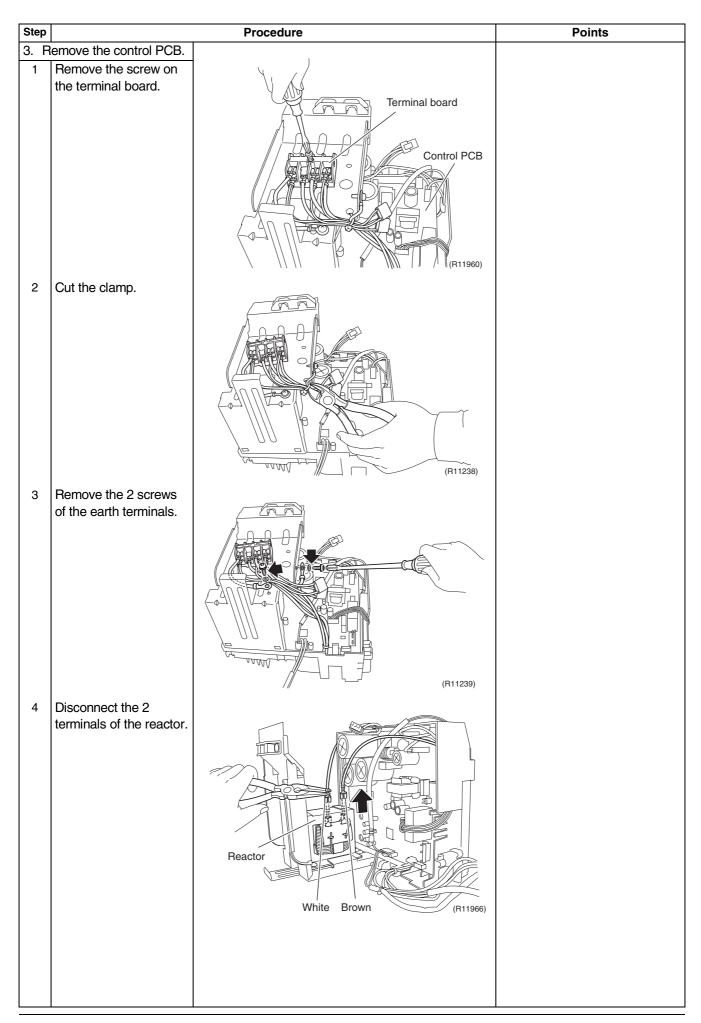
SiBE041010 Outdoor Unit



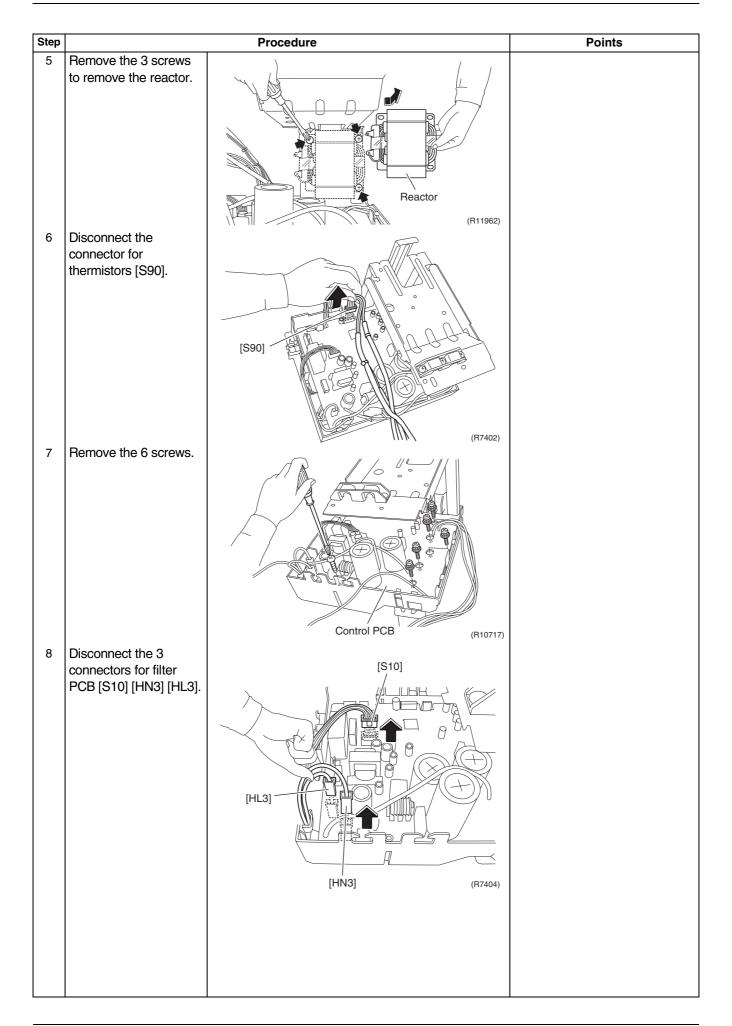
Outdoor Unit SiBE041010



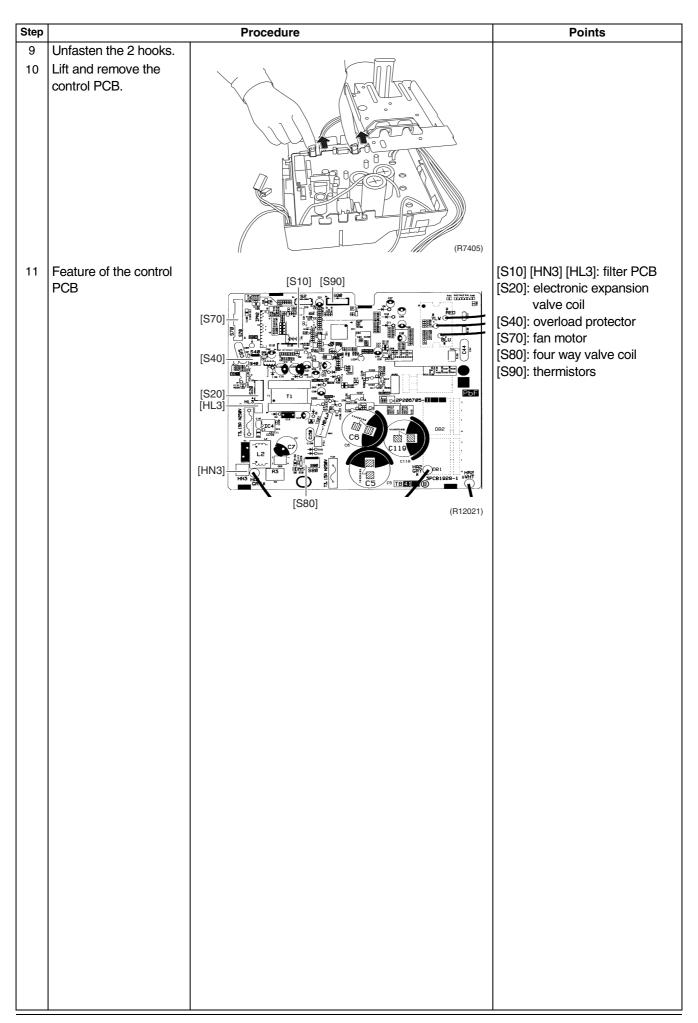
SiBE041010 Outdoor Unit



Outdoor Unit SiBE041010



SiBE041010 Outdoor Unit

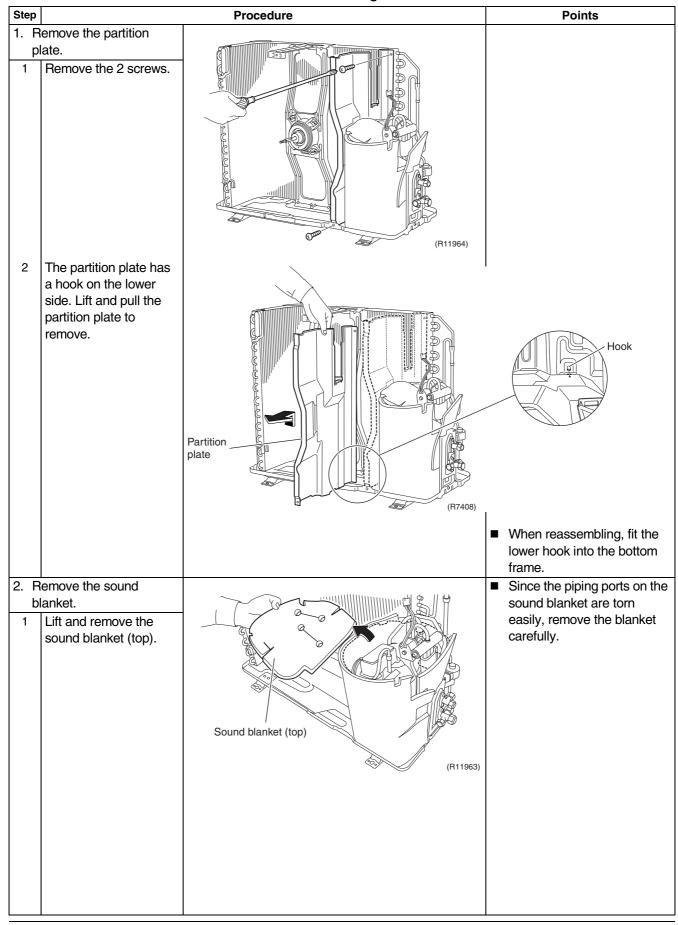


Outdoor Unit SiBE041010

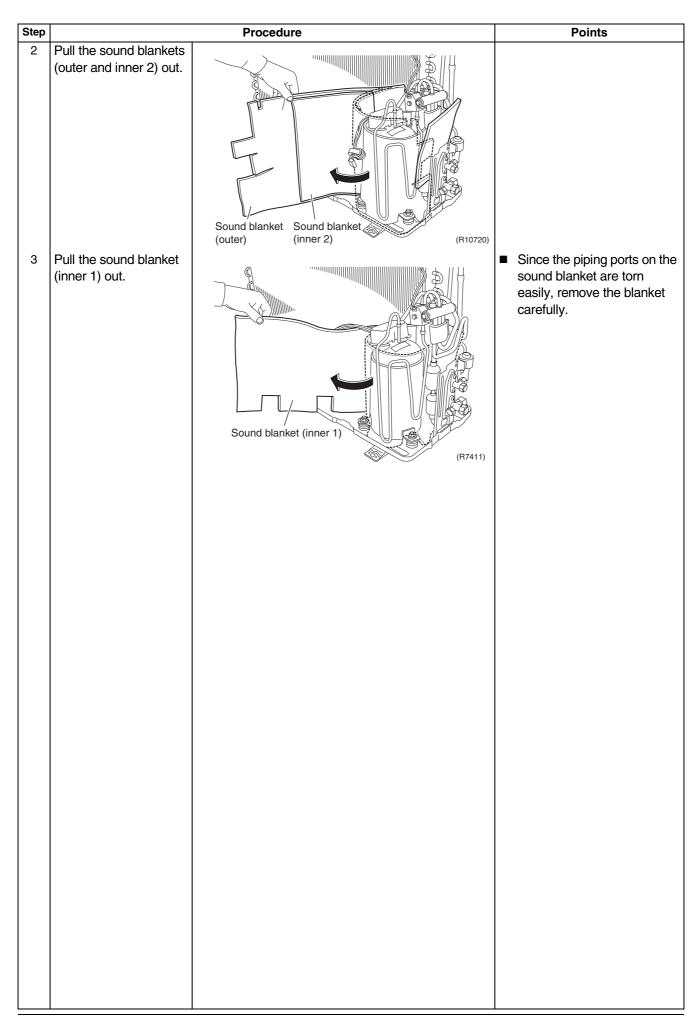
2.4 Removal of Sound Blanket

Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



SiBE041010 Outdoor Unit



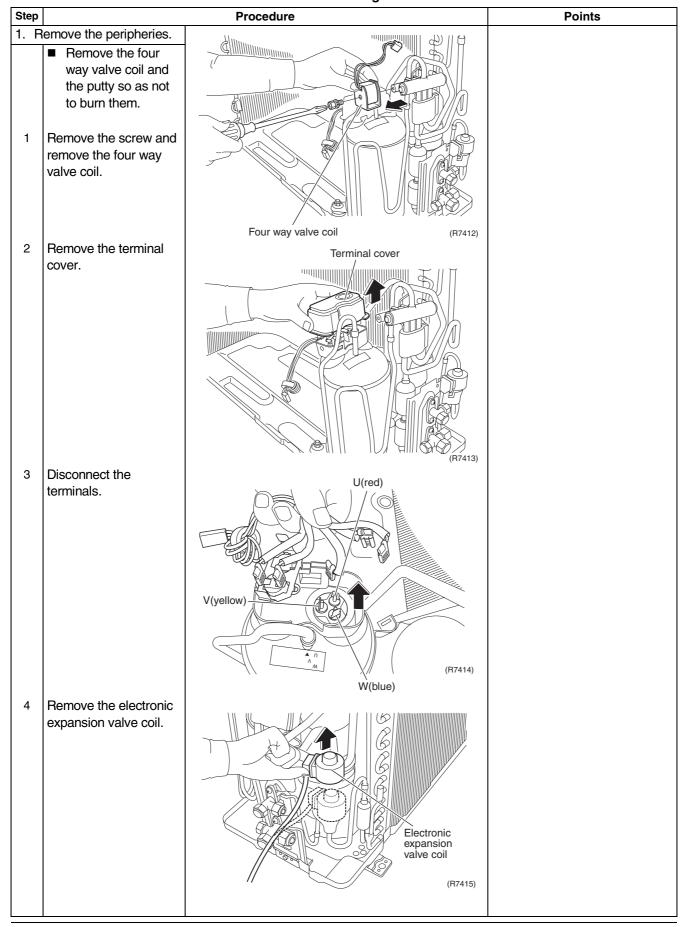
Outdoor Unit SiBE041010

2.5 Removal of Four Way Valve

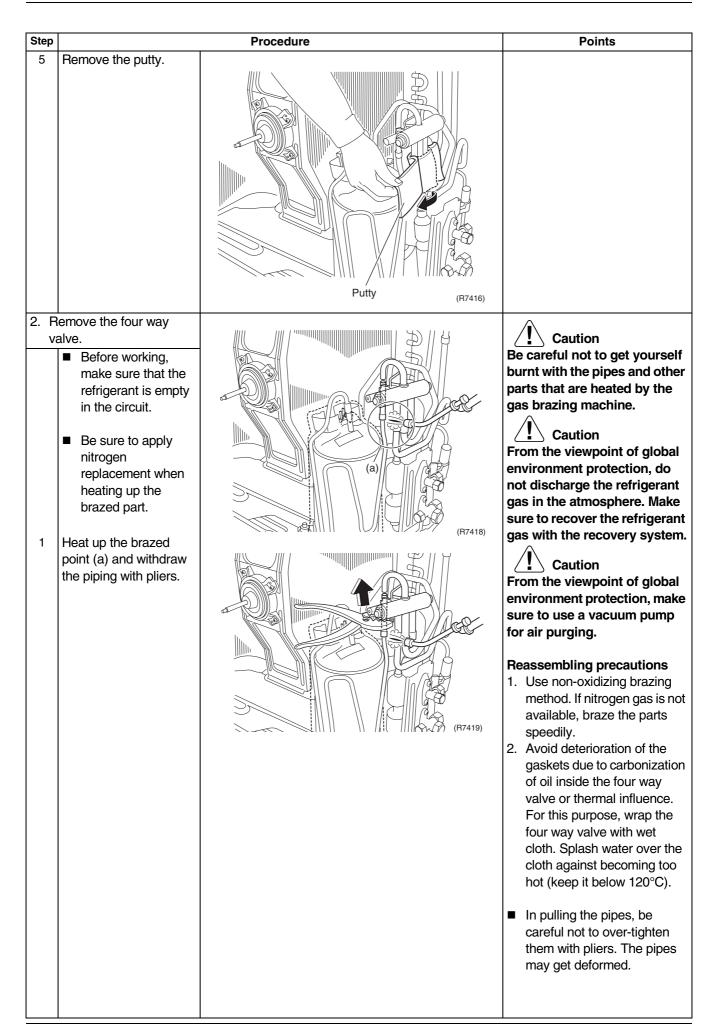
Procedure

✓ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



SiBE041010 Outdoor Unit



Removal Procedure 135

Outdoor Unit SiBE041010

Step		Procedure	Points
2	Heat up the 3 brazed		If the gas brazing machine fails
3	points of the four way valve. Disconnect the point (b) first. Disconnect the points (c) and (d).	(d)	to remove the four way valve, take the steps below. 1. Disconnect the brazed pipe sections that are easy to separate and join together
	Warning If refrigerant gas leaks during the work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames,		later. 2. With a tube cutter, cut off the internal pipes to easily take out the four way valve. Note: Do not use a metal
	toxic gas may be generated.)	(b) (c) (R7420)	saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit.

136 Removal Procedure

SiBE041010 **Outdoor Unit**

Removal of Compressor 2.6

Procedure Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies Warning before disassembling work. Step **Procedure Points** 1. Remove the peripheries. Warning ■ Remove the four If refrigerant gas leaks during way valve, the terminal cover and the work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is the lead wire for exposed to flames, toxic gas compressor so as may be generated.) not to burn them. ■ Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the Unscrew the 3 nuts of brazing flame cannot the compressor. influence peripheries. (R12022) ■ Be careful so as not to burn 2. Remove the compressor. the compressor terminals or Discharge side ■ Before working, the name plate. make sure that the ■ Be careful so as not to burn refrigerant is empty the heat exchanger fin. in the circuit. Be sure to apply Warning nitrogen Since it may happen that replacement when refrigerant oil in the heating up the compressor catches fire, brazed part. prepare wet cloth so as to extinguish fire immediately. 1 Heat up the brazed part of the discharge side In case of difficulty with gas and disconnect. brazing machine (R7422) Heat up the brazed part 1. Disconnect the brazed part of the suction side and where is easy to disconnect disconnect. and restore. 3 Lift the compressor up 2. Cut pipes on the main unit and remove it. with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect. **Cautions for restoration** 1. Restore the piping by non-Suction side oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the Caution From the viewpoint of the four way valve and the

global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to recover the refrigerant gas with the recovery system.

Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, make sure to use a vacuum pump for air purging.

carbonization of the oil inside deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry and avoid excessive heating. (Keep below 120°C)

Note: Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit.

(B7423) (R7424)

Removal Procedure 137

Part 8 Others

1.	Others			
	1.1	Trial Operation	139	
		Field Settings		
		Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and		
		a Diode Bridge	141	

138 Others

SiBE041010 Others

1. Others

1.1 Trial Operation

Outline

- 1. Measure the supply voltage and make sure that it falls in the specified range.
- 2. Trial operation should be carried out in either cooling or heating mode.
- 3. Carry out the trial operation in accordance with the operation manual to ensure that all functions and parts, such as louver movement, are working properly.
- The air conditioner requires a small amount of power in its standby mode. If the system is not to be used for some time after installation, shut off the circuit breaker to eliminate unnecessary power consumption.
- If the circuit breaker trips to shut off the power to the air conditioner, the system backs up the operation mode. The system then restarts operation with the previous mode when the circuit breaker is restored.

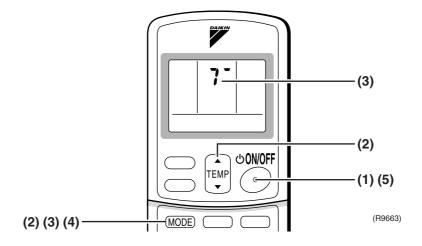
In cooling mode, select the lowest programmable temperature; in heating mode, select the highest programmable temperature.

- Trial operation may be disabled in either mode depending on the room temperature.
- After trial operation is complete, set the temperature to a normal level. (26°C to 28°C in cooling mode, 20°C to 24°C in heating mode)
- For protection, the system does not start for 3 minutes after it is turned off.

Detail

ARC433 Series

- (1) Press the ON/OFF button to turn on the system.
- (2) Press the center of the TEMP button and the MODE button at the same time.
- (3) Press the MODE button twice.
 - ("?" appears on the display to indicate that trial operation is selected.)
- (4) Press the MODE button and select operation mode.
- (5) Trial operation terminates in approx. 30 minutes and switches into normal mode. To quit a trial operation, press the ON/OFF button.



Others 139

Others SiBE041010

1.2 Field Settings

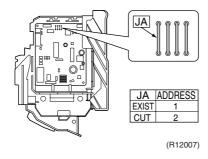
1.2.1 When 2 Units are Installed in 1 Room

How to set the different addresses.

When 2 indoor units are installed in 1 room, 1 of the 2 pairs of indoor unit and wireless remote controller can be set for different address.Both the indoor unit PCB and the wireless remote controller need alteration.

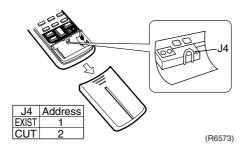
Indoor Unit PCB

- (1) Remove the front grille. (2 screws)
- (2) Remove the service cover. (1 screw)
- (3) Remove the shield plate. (3 hooks)
- (4) Cut the address setting jumper JA on the control PCB.



Wireless Remote Controller

- (1) Remove the cover and take it off.
- (2) Cut the address setting jumper J4.



1.2.2 Jumper Settings

Jumper	Function	When connected (factory set)	When cut
JB (on indoor unit PCB)	Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF. (effective only at cooling operation)	Fan speed setting; Remote controller setting	Fan rpm is set to "0" <fan stop=""></fan>
JC (on indoor unit PCB)	Power failure recovery function	Auto-restart	The unit does not resume operation after recovering from a power failure. Timer ON/OFF settings are cleared.
J5 (on outdoor unit PCB)	Improvement of defrost performance	Standard control	Reinforced control (ex. The frequency increases, the duration time of defrost lengthens.)



For the location of the jumper, refer to the following pages.

Indoor unit; page 10 Outdoor unit; page 12 SiBE041010 Others

1.3 Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and a Diode Bridge

Applicable Models

All outdoor units using inverter type compressor for room air conditioner.

When the printed circuit board (PCB) of an outdoor unit is replaced, it is required that silicon grease (*1) is certainly applied to the heat radiation part (the contact point to the radiation fin) of the power transistor and diode bridge.

*1: Parts number of the silicon grease – 1172698 (Drawing number 3FB03758-1)

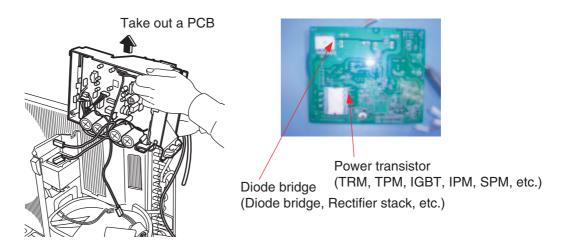
Details

The silicon grease is an essential article for encouraging the heat radiation of the power transistor and the diode bridge. Applying the paste should be implemented in accordance with the following instruction.

Remark: There is the possibility of failure with smoke in case of bad heat radiation.

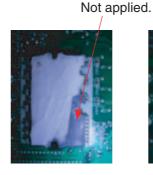
- Wipe off the old silicon grease completely on a radiation fin.
- Apply the silicon grease evenly to the whole.
- Do not leave any foreign object such as solder or paper waste between the power transistor and the radiation fin, and also the diode bridge, and the radiation fin.
- Tighten the screws of the power transistor and the diode bridge, and contact to the radiation fin without any gap.

<Example>

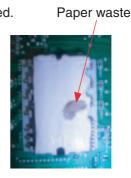




OK : Evenly applied silicon grease.



NG : Not evenly applied



NG: Foreign object

(R9056)

Others 141

Part 9 Appendix

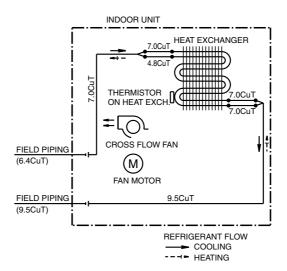
1.	Pipir	ng Diagrams	143
		Indoor Unit	
	1.2	Outdoor Unit	144
2.	Wirir	ng Diagrams	145
		Indoor Unit	
	2.2	Outdoor Unit	145

SiBE041010 Piping Diagrams

1. Piping Diagrams

1.1 Indoor Unit

FTX20/25/35JV1B, ATX20/25/35JV1B

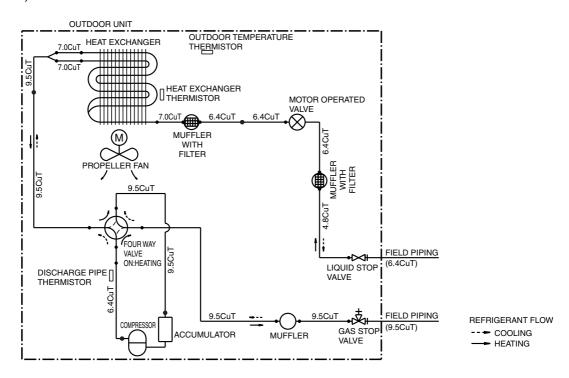


4D058926E

Piping Diagrams SiBE041010

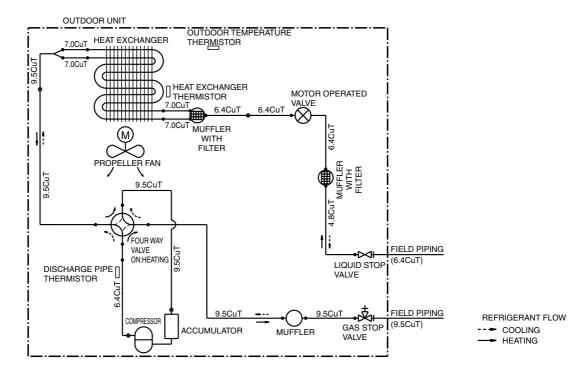
1.2 Outdoor Unit

RX20/25JV1B, ARX20/25JV1B



3D058716B

RX35JV1B, ARX35JV1B



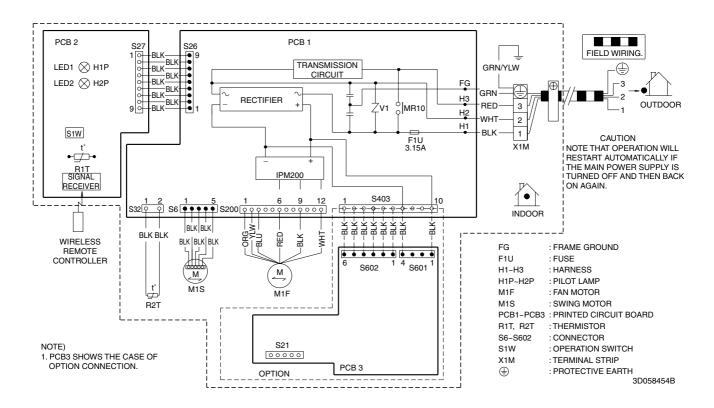
3D058714B

SiBE041010 Wiring Diagrams

2. Wiring Diagrams

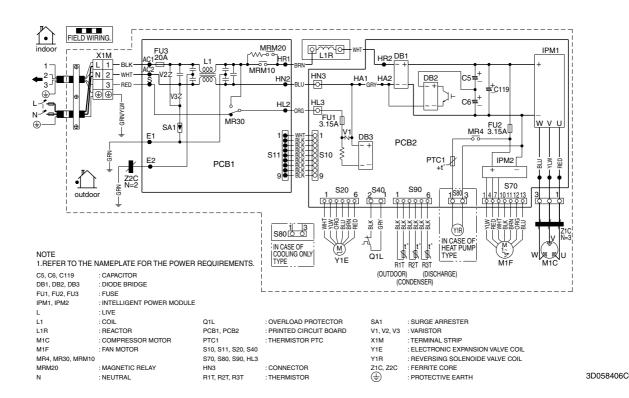
2.1 Indoor Unit

FTX20/25/35JV1B, ATX20/25/35JV1B



2.2 Outdoor Unit

RX20/25/35JV1B, ARX20/25/35JV1B





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- Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install this product. Do not try to install the product yourself.
 Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Use only those parts and accessories supplied or specified by Daikin. Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install those parts and accessories. Use of unauthorised parts and accessories or improper installation of parts and accessories can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Read the User's Manual carefully before using this product. The User's Manual provides important safety instructions and warnings. Be sure to follow these instructions and warnings.

If you have any enquiries, please contact your local importer, distributor and/or retailer.

Cautions on product corrosion

- 1. Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid gas or alkaline gas, are produced.
- 2. If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the sea shore, direct exposure to the sea breeze should be avoided. If you need to install the outdoor unit close to the sea shore, contact your local distributor.



JMI-0107

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EQUIPMENT, RESIDENTIAL AIR CONDITIONING
EQUIPMENT, HEAT RECLAIM VENTILATION, AIR
CLEANING EQUIPMENT, MARINE TYPE CONTAINER
REFRIGERATION UNITS, COMPRESSORS AND VALVES.



3C 9001

Organization: DAIKIN INDUSTRIES (THAILAND) LTD.

Scope of Registration:
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AND MANUFACTURE OF AIR
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Head Office:

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Tokyo Office:

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